Homeschool Information Packet

(Revised March 2025)



Kentucky Department of Education 300 Sower Boulevard Frankfort, Kentucky 40601 Phone: (502) 564-3791

HOMESCHOOLING IN KENTUCKY

A homeschool student is one whom the family has withdrawn from public school pursuant to <u>KRS 159.030</u> and chosen to educate through a private or home setting. Section 5 of the Kentucky Constitution establishes that parents may choose the formal education for their child. Over thirty years ago, the Supreme Court of Kentucky determined that the Kentucky Department of Education (KDE) may not prescribe standards for homeschooling. Kentucky classifies homeschools as non-public schools; therefore, the laws relating to non-public schools also apply to homeschools.

KDE does not accredit or certify homeschools and does not provide any financial assistance; however, KDE desires to provide accurate and thorough information about requirements that pertain to the establishment and daily operation of a homeschool.

HOMESCHOOL REQUIREMENTS

Parents of children who are homeschooled are required to do the following:

- ✓ Notify the superintendent of the local school board in writing within ten days of the beginning of the school year of their intent to homeschool their child(ren) each year they homeschool. The letter must include the name, ages and residence of each child in attendance of the homeschool. See <u>KRS 159.160</u>. A sample letter of intent has been included in this informational packet.
- ✓ Establish a bonafide school for the children to attend. When informing the district superintendent of your desire to homeschool, a 'school' name may be created.
- ✓ In Kentucky, under state law, all children must be enrolled in school between the ages of six (6) and 18. If a child is six (6) by August 1, he or she MUST be enrolled in primary school. Children can begin primary school at age five, but only if their 5th birthday is on or before August 1 of the current school year. A four-year-old who will turn five by August 1 can enroll in primary school. See <u>KRS 159.010</u> for further explanation.
- ✓ Record and maintain scholarship reports of each student's progress in all subjects taught at the same intervals as the local public schools. See <u>KRS 159.040</u>. KDE suggests that the person responsible for instruction keep a portfolio that contains samples of the best work done by each child in several areas of study and maintain the portfolio each year the student is homeschooled. This may be of assistance in documenting the existence of the homeschool or the transfer of the child to another educational setting. A record of courses taken, and grades received is also necessary.
- ✓ Keep accurate attendance records of pupil attendance. The attendance records can be kept in a notebook, on a computer, or in another manner, but must be readily available in case of an inquiry. See <u>KRS 159.040</u>. The minimum school term is 1,062 instructional hours over a minimum of one hundred seventy (170) attendance days. See <u>KRS 158.070 (1) (f)</u>. The term of the school shall not be for a shorter period in each year than the term of the public school in the district in which the child attending the school resides. In those school districts which are operating a year-round school program, the minimum term of private and parochial schools shall be one hundred eighty-five (185) days.
- ✓ Subjects taught should include reading, writing, spelling, grammar, history, mathematics, science, and civics. It is the parents' right to offer other subjects, as well. See <u>KRS 156.445</u>

OTHER INFORMATION

1. The parent is responsible providing the curriculum and the instructional materials for children being homeschooled.

The responsibility for the education of the homeschooled child is borne completely by the guardians. The guardians select the curriculum and educational materials. There are many websites devoted to curriculum and instructions for homeschool families.

2. Students from non-accredited/non-certified private schools or homeschools <u>do not</u> receive a diploma recognized by the Kentucky Department of Education (KDE).

Although homeschools operate legally under Kentucky statutory law, the KDE has limited governance over the establishment of such schools or their day-to-day operations. Because of this, the KDE cannot issue diplomas to homeschooled students, or officially recognize diplomas generated by homeschools. It is important to note that homeschools cannot seek state certification. Homeschools will not be found on the Kentucky list of certified schools.

While homeschool families may choose to utilize an independently accredited curriculum in pursuit of an accredited diploma, other schools or agencies may require documentation or other verification before accepting accredited diplomas.

Some homeschooled students take the General Education Development ($GED^{\mathbb{R}}$) exam to obtain a standard credential after turning 18. Other college-bound homeschool students take the SAT or ACT tests.

3. Participation in extracurricular activities sponsored by the public school is decided upon by individual school districts.

State law only requires the public school district to allow opportunity for a student to participate in extracurricular activities if the student is enrolled in the public school district. Some districts are willing to allow homeschools to participate, but <u>this is decided by individual school districts</u>.

4. No Pass/No Drive for homeschooled students is the same as for students attending public schools (<u>KRS</u> <u>186.440</u>).

For further information, please call 502-564-4772 or visit KDE's No Pass No Drive website.

5. Enrolling/re-enrolling in public schools (recognition of credits):

When students who previously attended a homeschool or non-certified secondary school (any private school not certified pursuant to <u>KRS 156.160 (3)</u> desires to enroll in a public school, the local public school district is responsible for proper placement and awarding credits for the non-certified private school.

If the student does not hold a properly certified transcript, pursuant to <u>704 KAR 3:307</u> the schools may place the students using one of two methods:

- 1. Pass a similar examination given to other students receiving credit for the course.
- 2. Student must attain a "C" average in the course by the 12th week of school.

Those courses successfully completed by examination or performance shall be counted toward minimum high school graduation requirements in the local school district. See <u>KRS 158.140.</u>

6. Students who complete a high school education in a homeschool setting approved under state law qualify for federal student aid (grants, loans, and work-study funds).

For a homeschooled student to qualify for a college or career school education, he/she must complete a high school education in a homeschool setting approved under state law (or-if state law does not require a homeschooled student to obtain a completion credential-completing a high school education in a homeschool setting that qualifies as an exemption from compulsory attendance requirements under state law). See the U.S. Department of Education's <u>Federal</u> <u>Student Aid website</u> for complete information regarding eligibility.

SAMPLE LETTER OF INTENT



Dear Superintendent Smith:

This letter is to inform you of our intent to homeschool our children during the 2021-2022 academic school year. Below is a list of our children and their current ages:

Name	Age
Jonny Dunaway	14
Jimmy Dunaway	12
Jessica Dunaway	10
Joy Dunaway	8

Replace with the names and age(s) of your child(ren).

Additionally, school will take place in our home. Below you will find details regarding our homeschool: **Name of Homeschool:** *Dunaway Academy* Replace with your school and address information. Name of Parents/Teachers: Jon & Natasha Dunaway Address of Homeschool: 458 Rehl Road, Bishop, KY 40291

Sincerely,

Jon & Natasha Dunaway Jon & Natasha Dunaway

REMINDER:

It is best to send this letter via certified mail preferably 10 days before school begins and no later than two (2) weeks after the beginning of the public-school year. It is acceptable to send the letter later in the school year if you start to homeschool mid-year or if you move into the area midterm. In either case, please be prompt.