Danville Independent School District

Audited Financial Statements and Required Supplementary Information

June 30, 2023

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PRIVATE COMPANIES PRACTICE SECTION OF THE AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Danville Independent School District Danville, KY 40422

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Danville Independent School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Danville Independent School District, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in the *Auditor Responsibilities and State Compliance Requirements* sections contained in the Kentucky Public School District's Audit Contract and Requirements. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Danville Independent school District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

As discussed in Note 19 to the financial statements, in 2023 the District adopted new accounting guidance, GASBS No. 96, *Software Information Technology Agreements*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

THOMAS S. SPARKS, CPA RYAN R. LASKI, CPA JUSTIN B. NICHOLS, CPA EMILY N. JACKSON, CPA

SUSAN A. LACY, CPA

Laurence T. Summers 1961-1992 Stuart K. McCrary, Jr., CPA 1982-2022

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Danville Independent School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Danville Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Danville Independent School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions – Pension, Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability – Medical Insurance Plan, Schedule of District Contributions – Medical Insurance Plan, Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability – Life Insurance Plan, and Schedule of District Contributions – Life Insurance Plan on pages 4-10 and 63-72 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Danville Independent School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 3, 2023, on our consideration of the Danville Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Danville Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Danville Independent School District's internal control over financial control over financial control over finance.

### Summers, McCrary & Sparks, PSC

Lexington, KY November 3, 2023

As management of the Danville Independent School District, we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information found within the body of the financial statements and notes.

## FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS/OVERALL DISTRICT HIGHLIGHTS

General Fund receipts and expenditure had the following changes from Fiscal Year 2021-2022 to Fiscal Year 2022-2023:

- For Fiscal Year 2022-2023, the General Fund had \$25,045,277 of total receipts, which primarily consisted of the state program (SEEK) receipts, and property, utilities, and motor vehicle taxes, compared to Fiscal Year 2021-2022 (FY2021-22) total receipts of \$22,620,172 an increase of \$2,425,105 or 11%.
- Excluding interfund transfers, General Fund expenditure was \$23,264,304 for FY2022-23 compared to \$20,113,942 during FY2021-22, an increase of \$3,150,362 or 16%.
- The General Fund completed FY2022-23 with an ending fund balance of \$11,174,194.

Total Governmental Funds receipts and expenditure consists mostly of General Fund receipts and expenditure with the Special Revenue (Grant) Fund and other Non-Major Governmental Funds added:

• Total governmental fund receipts for FY2022-23 were \$33,547,938 with expenditure of \$31,743,132 and an ending fund balance of \$12,239,695.

Governmental Activities and Business-Type Activities both had a positive Change to Net Position:

- Governmental Activities improved by \$3,391,923 to an ending Net Position of \$8,772,081 for the Year Ended June 30, 2023.
- Business-Type Activities improved by \$220,589 to an ending Net Position of \$-347,311 for the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (compared to \$-567,900 a year earlier).

## **OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide financial statements.** The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) and operating revenues (business type activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, student transportation and operation of non-instructional services. Fixed assets and related debt are also supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 11-12 of this report.

**Fund financial statements.** A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. This is a state mandated uniform system and chart of accounts for all Kentucky public school districts utilizing the MUNIS administrative software. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental and proprietary funds. The only proprietary funds are our food service, day care, and community service operations. All other activities of the district are included in the governmental funds.

The basic fund financial statements can be found on pages 13-21 of this report.

**Notes to the financial statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 22-62 of this report.

## **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets plus deferred outflows of resources were \$8,424,770 more than liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources as of June 30, 2023, as compared to \$5,380,158 at June 30, 2022. The prior year net position was revised to recognize the effects of corrections of the depreciable capital assets. The prior year fund balance has been restated from \$5,352,529 to \$5,380,158 to reflect these changes.

The largest portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture and equipment and construction in progress), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding.

The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves are not likely to be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets.

The breakdown of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and net position can be seen on page 11 in the statement of net position, government wide basis.

		2023	_	2022 Restated	_	Change
Current Assets	\$	14,103,905	\$	11,833,360	\$	2,270,545
Noncurrent Assets		31,970,416		33,015,341	_	(1,044,925)
Total Assets	_	46,074,321	-	44,848,701	-	1,225,620
Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	6,302,262	-	3,516,818	_	2,785,444
Current Liabilities		2,924,649		2,811,335		113,314
Noncurrent Liabilities		35,892,640		34,595,923		1,296,717
Total Liabilities	_	38,817,289	-	37,407,258	-	1,410,031
Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	5,134,524	-	6,146,003	_	(1,011,479)
Net Position						
Investment in capital assets (net)		9,175,683		8,860,226		315,457
Restricted		2,168,163		2,378,471		(210,308)
Unrestricted		(2,919,076)	_	(6,426,439)	_	3,507,363
Total Net Position	\$	8,424,770	\$	4,812,258	\$	3,612,512

### Net position for the years ending June 30, 2023 and 2022

The following table presents a summary of changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, Governmental Wide Basis.

			Net Change	in Position		
	Govern	mental	Busines	ss-type	Tot	al
		Restated				Restated
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Revenues:						
Local revenue sources	\$11,781,293	\$11,163,258	\$114,150	\$97,270	\$11,895,443	\$11,260,528
State revenue sources	18,951,980	8,736,965	90,539	125,107	19,042,519	8,862,072
Federal revenue sources	4,772,576	4,847,021	1,715,146	1,660,265	6,487,722	6,507,286
Gain/(Loss on disposal)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investments	65,090	51,899	4,698	2,720	69,788	54,619
Total Revenue	35,570,939	24,799,143	1,924,533	1,885,362	37,495,472	26,684,505
Expenses:						
Instruction	21,245,276	12,551,245	-	-	21,245,276	12,551,245
Student support services	1,127,072	783,941	-	-	1,127,072	783,941
Instructional support	2,017,309	1,186,702	-	-	2,017,309	1,186,702
District administration	566,284	366,613	-	-	566,284	366,613
School administration	1,324,459	945,102	-	-	1,324,459	945,102
Business support	672,390	727,406	-	-	672,390	727,406
Plant operations	3,447,401	3,299,685	-	-	3,447,401	3,299,685
Student transportation	980,399	889,212	-	-	980,399	889,212
Food service	-	-	1,473,208	1,359,121	1,473,208	1,359,121
Day care	-	-	34,901	35,425	34,901	35,425
Non-instructional	240,794	220,407	-	-	240,794	220,407
Interest on long-term debt	753,467	782,420	-	-	753,467	782,420
Facility acquisition & construction	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Expenses	32,374,851	21,752,733	1,508,109	1,394,546	33,882,960	23,147,279
Transfers	195,835	-	(195,835)	-	-	-
Change in net position	3,391,923	3,046,410	220,589	490,816	3,612,512	3,537,226
Beginning net position	5,380,158	1,566,652	(567,900)	(1,058,716)	4,812,258	507,936
Prior period adjustment	-	783,152	-	-	-	-
Change in accounting principle	-	(16,056)	-	-	-	(16,056)
Beginning net position restated	5,380,158	2,333,748	(567,900)	(1,058,716)	4,812,258	1,275,032
Ending net position	\$8,772,081	5,380,158	(\$347,311)	(567,900)	8,424,770	\$4,812,258

## **Governmental Activities**

Instruction comprises 66% of governmental program expenses. Plant Operations expense makes up 11% of government expenses. District and School Administration total 6% of governmental expenses. The remaining expenses for support services, community service activities, transportation and interest account for the final 18% of total governmental expense.

### **Business-Type Activities**

The business-type activities include the food service and day care operations. These programs had total revenues of \$1,924,533 and expenses of \$1,508,109 for the fiscal year. Of the revenues, \$114,150 was charges for services and \$1,805,685 was from State and Federal grants. Business activities receive no support from tax revenues. The School District will continue to monitor the charges and costs of this activity.

## FUND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The following table presents a summary of operations, excluding transfers, for selected funds (including on- behalf payments). Food service amounts are presented on the accrual basis while general and special revenue funds are on the modified accrual basis:

## For the Year ending June 30, 2023

REVENUES:         From local sources:         10,238,761         -         -         -           Taxes:         \$         10,238,761         \$         -         \$         -           Earnings on investments         58,245         505         4,698         -         -         -           Other local revenues         93,242         2,000         54,247         -			GENERAL FUND		SPECIAL REVENUE FUND		FOOD SERVICE FUND
Taxes:       \$ 10,238,761 \$ - \$       -       \$ -         Earnings on investments       58,245 505 4,698         Tuition & fees       34,672       -         Other local revenues       93,242 2,000 54,247         Intergovernmental - state       14,458,118 1,035,784 86,695         Intergovernmental - federal       162,239 4,610,726 1,715,146         TOTAL REVENUES       25,045,277 5,649,015 1,860,786         EXPENDITURES:       15,351,156 3,739,848 -         Instruction:       15,351,156 3,739,848 -         Support Services:       -         Student       967,087 91,064 -         Instructional staff       1,320,487 612,254 -         District administration       665,815 -         School administration       1,277,169 -         Business       884,934 -         Plant operations and maintenance       1,627,133 529,875 -         Student transportation       835,904 40,440 -         Food Service       -       1,473,208         Community Service       1,119 242,350 -         Capital outlay       333,498 -       -         Debt service       -       -         TOTAL EXPENDITURES       23,264,302 5,255,831 1,473,208	REVENUES:	_					
Earnings on investments         58,245         505         4,698           Tuition & fees         34,672         -         -           Other local revenues         93,242         2,000         54,247           Intergovernmental - state         14,458,118         1,035,784         86,695           Intergovernmental - federal         162,239         4,610,726         1,715,146           TOTAL REVENUES         25,045,277         5,649,015         1,860,786           EXPENDITURES:         Instruction:         15,351,156         3,739,848         -           Support Services:         Student         967,087         91,064         -           Instructional staff         1,320,487         612,254         -           District administration         665,815         -         -           School administration         1,277,169         -         -           Business         884,934         -         -         -           Food Service         -         1,473,208         -         -           Community Service         1,119         242,350         -         -           Capital outlay         333,498         -         -         -           Debt service	From local sources:						
Tuition & fees         34,672         -         -           Other local revenues         93,242         2,000         54,247           Intergovernmental - state         14,458,118         1,035,784         86,695           Intergovernmental - federal         162,239         4,610,726         1,715,146           TOTAL REVENUES         25,045,277         5,649,015         1,860,786           EXPENDITURES:         15,351,156         3,739,848         -           Instruction:         15,351,156         3,739,848         -           Support Services:         967,087         91,064         -           Instructional staff         1,320,487         612,254         -           District administration         665,815         -         -           School administration         1,277,169         -         -           Business         884,934         -         -           Plant operations and maintenance         1,627,133         529,875         -           Student transportation         835,904         40,440         -           Food Service         -         1,473,208         -           Community Service         1,119         242,350         -           Capital outla	Taxes:	\$		\$	-	\$	-
Other local revenues         93,242         2,000         54,247           Intergovernmental - state         14,458,118         1,035,784         86,695           Intergovernmental - federal         162,239         4,610,726         1,715,146           TOTAL REVENUES         25,045,277         5,649,015         1,860,786           EXPENDITURES:         15,351,156         3,739,848         -           Support Services:         5tudent         967,087         91,064         -           Student         967,087         91,064         -         -           District administration         665,815         -         -           School administration         1,277,169         -         -           Business         884,934         -         -         -           Plant operations and maintenance         1,627,133         529,875         -         -           Student transportation         835,904         40,440         -         -           Food Service         -         1,119         242,350         -         -           Community Service         1,119         242,350         -         -         -           Debt service         -         -         - <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>58,245</td><td></td><td>505</td><td></td><td>4,698</td></t<>			58,245		505		4,698
Intergovernmental - state         14,458,118         1,035,784         86,695           Intergovernmental - federal TOTAL REVENUES         162,239         4,610,726         1,715,146           EXPENDITURES:         25,045,277         5,649,015         1,860,786           Instruction:         15,351,156         3,739,848         -           Support Services:         1,320,487         612,254         -           District administration         665,815         -         -           District administration         1,277,169         -         -           Business         884,934         -         -           Plant operations and maintenance         1,627,133         529,875         -           Student transportation         835,904         40,440         -           Food Service         -         1,473,208         -           Capital outlay         333,498         -         -           Debt service         -         -         -           TOTAL EXPENDITURES         23,264,302         5,255,831         1,473,208	Tuition & fees		34,672		-		-
Intergovernmental - federal         162,239         4,610,726         1,715,146           TOTAL REVENUES         25,045,277         5,649,015         1,860,786           EXPENDITURES:         Instruction:         15,351,156         3,739,848         -           Support Services:         967,087         91,064         -           Instructional staff         1,320,487         612,254         -           District administration         665,815         -         -           School administration         1,277,169         -         -           Business         884,934         -         -           Plant operations and maintenance         1,627,133         529,875         -           Student transportation         835,904         40,440         -           Food Service         -         1,473,208         -           Community Service         1,119         242,350         -           Debt service         -         -         -         -           TOTAL EXPENDITURES         23,264,302         5,255,831         1,473,208	Other local revenues		93,242		2,000		54,247
TOTAL REVENUES         25,045,277         5,649,015         1,860,786           EXPENDITURES:         Instruction:         15,351,156         3,739,848         -           Support Services:         967,087         91,064         -           Instructional staff         1,320,487         612,254         -           District administration         665,815         -         -           School administration         1,277,169         -         -           Business         884,934         -         -           Plant operations and maintenance         1,627,133         529,875         -           Student transportation         835,904         40,440         -           Food Service         -         1,473,208         -           Community Service         1,119         242,350         -           Debt service         -         -         -           TOTAL EXPENDITURES         23,264,302         5,255,831         1,473,208	Intergovernmental - state		14,458,118		1,035,784		86,695
EXPENDITURES:       15,351,156       3,739,848       -         Support Services:       967,087       91,064       -         Instructional staff       1,320,487       612,254       -         District administration       665,815       -       -         School administration       1,277,169       -       -         Business       884,934       -       -         Plant operations and maintenance       1,627,133       529,875       -         Student transportation       835,904       40,440       -         Food Service       -       1,473,208       -         Community Service       1,119       242,350       -         Debt service       -       -       -         TOTAL EXPENDITURES       23,264,302       5,255,831       1,473,208	Intergovernmental - federal	_	162,239		4,610,726		1,715,146
Instruction:         15,351,156         3,739,848         -           Support Services:         967,087         91,064         -           Instructional staff         1,320,487         612,254         -           District administration         665,815         -         -           School administration         1,277,169         -         -           Business         884,934         -         -           Plant operations and maintenance         1,627,133         529,875         -           Student transportation         835,904         40,440         -           Food Service         -         1,473,208         -           Community Service         1,119         242,350         -           Debt service         -         -         -           TOTAL EXPENDITURES         23,264,302         5,255,831         1,473,208	TOTAL REVENUES		25,045,277	_	5,649,015	_	1,860,786
Support Services:         967,087         91,064         -           Instructional staff         1,320,487         612,254         -           District administration         665,815         -         -           School administration         1,277,169         -         -           Business         884,934         -         -           Plant operations and maintenance         1,627,133         529,875         -           Student transportation         835,904         40,440         -           Food Service         -         -         1,473,208           Community Service         1,119         242,350         -           Debt service         -         -         -           TOTAL EXPENDITURES         23,264,302         5,255,831         1,473,208	EXPENDITURES:						
Student       967,087       91,064       -         Instructional staff       1,320,487       612,254       -         District administration       665,815       -       -         School administration       1,277,169       -       -         Business       884,934       -       -         Plant operations and maintenance       1,627,133       529,875       -         Student transportation       835,904       40,440       -         Food Service       -       -       1,473,208         Community Service       1,119       242,350       -         Debt service       -       -       -         TOTAL EXPENDITURES       23,264,302       5,255,831       1,473,208	Instruction:		15,351,156		3,739,848		-
Instructional staff         1,320,487         612,254         -           District administration         665,815         -         -           School administration         1,277,169         -         -           Business         884,934         -         -           Plant operations and maintenance         1,627,133         529,875         -           Student transportation         835,904         40,440         -           Food Service         -         -         1,473,208           Community Service         1,119         242,350         -           Capital outlay         333,498         -         -           Debt service         -         -         -           TOTAL EXPENDITURES         23,264,302         5,255,831         1,473,208	Support Services:						
District administration         665,815         -         -           School administration         1,277,169         -         -           Business         884,934         -         -           Plant operations and maintenance         1,627,133         529,875         -           Student transportation         835,904         40,440         -           Food Service         -         -         1,473,208           Community Service         1,119         242,350         -           Capital outlay         333,498         -         -           Debt service         -         -         -           TOTAL EXPENDITURES         23,264,302         5,255,831         1,473,208	Student		967,087		91,064		-
School administration         1,277,169         -         -           Business         884,934         -         -           Plant operations and maintenance         1,627,133         529,875         -           Student transportation         835,904         40,440         -           Food Service         -         -         1,473,208           Community Service         1,119         242,350         -           Capital outlay         333,498         -         -           Debt service         -         -         -           TOTAL EXPENDITURES         23,264,302         5,255,831         1,473,208	Instructional staff		1,320,487		612,254		-
Business         884,934         -          -         -	District administration		665,815		-		-
Plant operations and maintenance         1,627,133         529,875         -           Student transportation         835,904         40,440         -           Food Service         -         -         1,473,208           Community Service         1,119         242,350         -           Capital outlay         333,498         -         -           Debt service         -         -         -           TOTAL EXPENDITURES         23,264,302         5,255,831         1,473,208	School administration		1,277,169		-		-
Student transportation         835,904         40,440         -           Food Service         -         -         1,473,208           Community Service         1,119         242,350         -           Capital outlay         333,498         -         -           Debt service         -         -         -           TOTAL EXPENDITURES         23,264,302         5,255,831         1,473,208	Business		884,934		-		-
Food Service         -         1,473,208           Community Service         1,119         242,350         -           Capital outlay         333,498         -         -           Debt service         -         -         -           TOTAL EXPENDITURES         23,264,302         5,255,831         1,473,208	Plant operations and maintenance		1,627,133		529,875		-
Community Service         1,119         242,350         -           Capital outlay         333,498         -         -           Debt service         -         -         -           TOTAL EXPENDITURES         23,264,302         5,255,831         1,473,208	Student transportation		835,904		40,440		-
Capital outlay         333,498         -         -         -           Debt service         - <t< td=""><td>Food Service</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>1,473,208</td></t<>	Food Service		-		-		1,473,208
Debt service         - <t< td=""><td>Community Service</td><td></td><td>1,119</td><td></td><td>242,350</td><td></td><td>-</td></t<>	Community Service		1,119		242,350		-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES         23,264,302         5,255,831         1,473,208	Capital outlay		333,498		-		-
	Debt service	_	-		-		
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures \$ 1,780,975 \$ 393,184 \$ 387,578	TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_	23,264,302		5,255,831		1,473,208
	Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures	\$	1,780,975	\$	393,184	\$	387,578

### For the Year ending June 30, 2022

	GENERAL FUND	SPECIAL REVENUE FUND		FOOD SERVICE FUND
REVENUES:				
From local sources:				
Taxes:	\$ 9,685,037	\$ -	S	<b>-</b>
Earnings on investments	47,609	506		2,720
Tuition & fees	42,482	-		-
Other local revenues	67,576	58,609		39,193
Intergovernmental - state	12,651,026	1,027,647		125,107
Intergovernmental - federal	126,442	4,720,579		1,660,265
TOTAL REVENUES	22,620,172	 5,807,341		1,827,285
EXPENDITURES:				
Instruction:	12,962,188	4,375,873		-
Support Services:				
Student	921,782	138,012		-
Instructional staff	1,255,599	381,856		-
District administration	616,863	-		-
School administration	1,289,397	-		-
Business	733,178	-		-
Plant operations and maintenance	1,235,402	718,351		-
Student transportation	872,861	17		-
Food Service	-	-		1,359,121
Community Service	-	191,420		-
Capital outlay	226,672	18,540		-
Debt service	-	-		-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	20,113,942	 5,824,069		1,359,121
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures	\$ 2,506,230	\$ (16,728)		\$ 468,164

## **Capital Assets**

At June 30, 2023, the School District's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities was \$31,970,416, including the right-to-use leased assets that were recognized with the implementation of GASBS No. 87 in FY 2022 and the subscription assets recognized with the implementation of GASBS No. 96 in the current year. Total capital assets at June 30, 2022 of \$32,987,712 were increased \$27,629 to correct the general ledger balances for construction in progress assets erroneously depreciated in FY2022 for a total restated balance of \$33,015,341. Total capital assets decreased from 2022 to 2023 by \$1,044,925, including depreciation and amortization.

### Debt

At June 30, 2023, the School District had \$23,080,588 in debt outstanding, including leases that were recognized with the implementation of GASBS No. 87, *Leases*, less a discount of \$247,598. A total of \$1,547,758 is due within one year.

### **Comments on Budget Comparisons**

General fund budget compared to actual revenue varied from line item to line item with the ending actual revenues being \$1,787,890 more than budget. General fund budget compared to actual expenditures varied from line item to line item with the ending actual expenditures being \$413,807 more than budget.

The District's total general fund revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, before interfund transfers, was \$25,045,277, an increase of \$2,425,105 from the total revenues of \$22,620,172 for 2022.

### FUTURE BUDGETARY IMPLICATIONS

In Kentucky the public school fiscal year is July 1-June 30; other programs, i.e. some federal programs operate on a different fiscal calendar but are reflected in the District overall budget. By law the budget must have a minimum 2% contingency. The District adopted a working budget with \$7,559,460 in contingency, exceeding the minimum requirement.

School operations appear to be back to usual with the return of students to in-person school attendance throughout the school year. During the worst of COVID-19, a number of state and federal programs were made available to assist school districts. While some programs continue to provide additional funding, several have already ended and others are expected to sunset. For instance, state funding calculations have been based on attendance numbers prior to COVID-19. This practice to calculate state funding based on pre-COVID-19 attendance ends in FY24. For several districts, including this one, total receipts from the state will be reduced as district attendance and enrollment has declined. Decreased attendance and enrollment are somewhat offset by a \$100 increase in the base per pupil state funding (SEEK) in FY24, as well as increased local taxation revenue as a result of increased property values. However, as with all Kentucky school districts, property tax revenue is limited to a 4% annual growth on previous year existing property; revenue growth greater than 4% is subject to recall.

Other budgetary implications moving into FY24 include:

- The Board's obligation for contribution to the Kentucky retirement system for classified employees is decreasing 3.45% in FY24 from 26.79% in FY23 to 23.34%.
- The Board anticipates continued facilities improvements, including a large scale renovation at Bate Middle School.

Thanks to the financial support that has been made available to Danville Schools during the recent school years because of the pandemic, the district has a solid financial condition. As the Danville School district is in transition, including the end of the COVID-19 pandemic, there will likely be some choppy economic waves that may challenge the district's financial condition going forward. The solid financial condition will be useful as challenges arise.

## QUESTIONS

Questions regarding this report should be directed to Jennifer Wilson, Director of Finance, at (859) 238-1300 or by mail at 115 E. Lexington Ave. Danville, KY 40422.

#### DANVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

			-		
	G	OVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	SINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES		TOTAL
ASSETS:		ACTIVITIES	 ACTIVITIES		TOTAL
Current Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$	11,684,851	\$ 836,197	\$	12,521,048
Taxes		254,554	_		254,554
Accounts		18,679	239,292		257,971
Intergovernmental - federal		1,029,379	-		1,029,379
Inventory		-	40,953		40,953
Total Current Assets		12,987,463	 1,116,442		14,103,905
Noncurrent Assets					
Non-depreciated capital assets		2,194,842	-		2,194,842
Net depreciated capital assets		29,590,019	56,318		29,646,337
Net intangible subscription assets		32,500	-		32,500
Net intangible right-to-use assets		96,737	 -		96,737
Total Noncurrent Assets		31,914,098	 56,318		31,970,416
TOTAL ASSETS		44,901,561	 1,172,760		46,074,321
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred loss on refunding		38,257	-		38,257
Pension - CERS		1,573,132	292,292		1,865,424
OPEB - CERS		821,736	180,502		1,002,238
OPEB - KTRS		3,396,343	-		3,396,343
Total deferred outflows of resources		5,829,468	 472,794		6,302,262
LIABILITIES: Current Liabilities					
Accounts payable		93,446	44,613		138,059
Accrued Interest Expense		261,795	-		261,795
Current portion of accrued sick leave		89,715	-		89,715
Current portion of lease liabilities		42,758	-		42,758
Unearned revenue		654,322	-		654,322
Current portion of taxpayer refunds due		233,000	-		233,000
Current portion of bond obligations		1,505,000	 -		1,505,000
Total Current Liabilities		2,880,036	 44,613		2,924,649
Noncurrent Liabilities					
Noncurrent portion of bond obligations		21,222,642	-		21,222,642
Noncurrent portion of accrued sick leave		190,677	-		190,677
Noncurrent portion of lease liabilities		62,590	-		62,590
Net pension liability - CERS		5,697,177	1,233,567		6,930,744
Net OPEB liability - CERS		1,540,229	351,758		1,891,987
Net OPEB liability - KTRS Total Noncurrent Liabilities		<u>5,594,000</u> 34,307,315	 1,585,325		<u>5,594,000</u> 35,892,640
TOTAL LIABILITIES		37,187,351	 1,629,938		38,817,289
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		<u> </u>	 <u> </u>		<u> </u>
Pension - CERS		946,495	180,210		1,126,705
OPEB - CERS		988,102	182,717		1,170,819
OPEB - KTRS		2,837,000	102,717		2,837,000
Total deferred inflow of resources	_	4,771,597	 362,927		5,134,524
NET POSITION					
Net Investment in Capital Assets		9,119,365	56,318		9,175,683
Restricted - Capital Projects		850,581			850,581
Restricted - Other Purposes		214,920	1,102,662		1,317,582
Unrestricted		(1,412,785)	 (1,506,291)		(2,919,076)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	8,772,081	\$ (347,311)	\$	8,424,770

#### DANVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE AND

							NGES IN NET POSITIO	
			PROGRAM REVENUES				IMARY GOVERNMENT	N
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	EXPENSES	CHARGES FOR SERVICES	OPERATING GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	CAPITAL GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	G	OVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	TOTAL
Primary Government Governmental Activities:								
Instructional Support Services:	\$ 21,245,276 \$	34,672	\$ 4,847,984 \$	-	\$	(16,362,620) \$	- \$	(16,362,620)
Student	1,127,072	-	-	-		(1,127,072)	-	(1,127,072)
Instructional staff	2,017,309	-	-	-		(2,017,309)	-	(2,017,309)
District administration	566,284	-	-	-		(566,284)	-	(566,284)
School administration	1,324,459	-	-	-		(1,324,459)	-	(1,324,459)
Business	672,390	-	-	-		(672,390)	-	(672,390)
Plant operations and maintenance	3,447,401	-	-	-		(3,447,401)	-	(3,447,401)
Student transportation	980,399	-	-	-		(980,399)	-	(980,399)
Non-instructional	240,794	-	-	-		(240,794)	-	(240,794)
Interest on long-term debt	753,467		<u> </u>	562,881	_	(190,586)	<u> </u>	(190,586)
Total Governmental Activities	32,374,851	34,672	4,847,984	562,881	-	(26,929,314)	<u> </u>	(26,929,314)
Business-Type Activities:	4 470 000	54.047	1 001 011				000 000	000 000
Food service	1,473,208	54,247	1,801,841	-		-	382,880	382,880
Day care	34,901	59,903	<u>3,844</u> 1,805,685	-		<u> </u>	28,846	28,846
	1,508,109	114,150	1,805,685	<u> </u>	_		411,726	411,726
Total Primary Government	\$ 33,882,960 \$	148,822	\$ 6,653,669 \$	562,881	\$	(26,929,314) \$	411,726 \$	(26,517,588)
			General Revenues:					
			Taxes:					
			Property		\$	9,324,121 \$	- \$	9,324,121
			Motor vehicle			751,095	-	751,095
			Utilities			1,222,969	-	1,222,969
			State aid formula grants			18,313,692	-	18,313,692
			Interest and investment	earnings		65,090	4,698	69,788
			Other local revenues Transfers			448,435	-	448,435
			Total General Rever			<u>195,835</u> 30,321,237	<u>(195,835)</u> (191,137)	30,130,100
			Total General Reven	lues		30,321,237	(191,137)	30,130,100
			Change in Net P	osition	_	3,391,923	220,589	3,612,512
			Net Position beginning			5,352,529	(567,900)	4,784,629
			Prior period adjustment			27,629	-	27,629
			Net Position beginning	restated	-	5,380,158	(567,900)	4,812,258
			Net Position ending		\$ _	8,772,081 \$	(347,311) \$	8,424,770

### DANVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

		GENERAL FUND		SPECIAL REVENUE (GRANT) FUND		NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,619,350	\$	-	\$	1,065,501	\$	11,684,851
Interfund receivable Accounts receivable	Ŷ	366,559	Ŷ	-	Ŷ	-	Ŷ	366,559
Taxes		254,554		-		-		254,554
Accounts		18,679		-		-		18,679
Intergovernmental - federal		-	_	1,029,379	-	-		1,029,379
TOTAL ASSETS	\$_	11,259,142	\$_	1,029,379	\$	1,065,501	\$	13,354,022
LIABILITIES:								
Interfund payable	\$	-	\$	366,559	\$	-	\$	366,559
Accounts payable		84,948		8,498		-		93,446
Sick leave payable		-		-		-		-
Unearned revenue		-		654,322	-	-		654,322
TOTAL LIABILITIES		84,948	_	1,029,379	-	-		1,114,327
FUND BALANCES:								
Restricted						050 504		050 504
Capital projects Student activities		-		-		850,581 214,920		850,581 214,920
Committed		- 140,196		-		214,920		140,196
Unassigned		11,033,998		-		_		11,033,998
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	_	11,174,194	_	-	-	1,065,501		12,239,695
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	11,259,142	\$	1,029,379	\$	1,065,501	\$	13,354,022

### DANVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 12,239,695
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets are not reported in the fund financial statement because they are not current financial resources, but they are reported in the statement of net position.	31,914,098
Deferred outflows of resources are not recorded in the governmental fund financials because they do not affect current resources but are recorded in the statement of net position	
Deferred loss on refunding Pension - CERS OPEB - CERS OPEB - KTRS	38,257 1,573,132 821,736 3,396,343
Certain assets (obligations) are not a use of financial resourses and therefore, are not reported in the government funds, but are presented in the statement of net position	
Net pension liability - CERS Net OPEB liability - CERS Net OPEB liability - KTRS	(5,697,177) (1,540,229) (5,594,000)
Deferred inflows of resources are not recorded in the governmental fund financials because they do not affect current resources but are recorded in the statement of net position	
Pension - CERS OPEB - CERS OPEB - KTRS	(946,495) (988,102) (2,837,000)
Certain liabilities (such as bonds payable, the long-term portion of accrued sick leave, and other accrued liabilities) are not reported in the fund financial statement because they are not due and payable, but are presented in the statement of net position as follows:	
Bonds payable Lease liabilities Taxpayer refunds due Accrued interest Accrued sick leave	(22,727,642) (105,348) (233,000) (261,795) (280,392)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 8,772,081

#### DANVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		GENERAL FUND	SPECIAL REVENUE (GRANT) FUND	NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES:					
From local sources:					
Taxes:					
Property	\$	8,264,697 \$	- :	\$ 1,059,424	
Motor vehicle		751,095	-	-	751,095
Utilities		1,222,969	-	-	1,222,969
Earnings on investments		58,245	505	6,340	65,090
Tuition & fees		34,672	-	-	34,672
Other local revenues		93,242	2,000	353,194	448,436
Intergovernmental - state		14,458,118	1,035,784	1,434,688	16,928,590
Intergovernmental - federal	_	162,239	4,610,726	-	4,772,965
TOTAL REVENUES	_	25,045,277	5,649,015	2,853,646	33,547,938
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
Instruction:		15,351,158	3,739,848	317,418	19,408,424
Support Services:					
Student		967,087	91,064	-	1,058,151
Instructional staff		1,320,487	612,254	5,335	1,938,076
District administration		665,815	-	-	665,815
School administration		1,277,169	-	-	1,277,169
Business		884,934	-	-	884,934
Plant operations and maintenance		1,627,133	529,875	-	2,157,008
Student transportation		835,904	40,440	-	876,344
Community service		1,119	242,350	-	243,469
Capital outlay		333,498	-	678,644	1,012,142
Non-instructional		-	-	10,099	10,099
Debt service	_	-	-	2,211,501	2,211,501
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_	23,264,304	5,255,831	3,222,997	31,743,132
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures	_	1,780,973	393,184	(369,351)	1,804,806
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Lease proceeds		70,840	-	-	70.840
Operating transfers in		718,600	36,340	2.406.859	3,161,799
Operating transfers out		(329,066)	(429,524)	(2,207,374)	(2,965,964)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	_	460,374	(393,184)	199,485	266,675
Net Change in Fund Balances	_	2,241,347	-	(169,866)	2,071,481
Fund Balance - beginning of year	_	8,932,847		1,235,367	10,168,214
Fund Balance - end of year	\$	11,174,194 \$	:	\$1,065,501	\$ 12,239,695

### DANVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 2,071,481
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Bond discounts are expensed as incurred in the fund financial statement, but are amortized over the life of the bond in the statement of activities:	
Amortization bond premium/discount Amortization deferred loss on refunding	(21,341) (12,753)
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in the fund financial statement because they are current financial resources, but they are presented as assets in the statement of activities and depreciated over their estimated economic lives. The difference is the amount by which capital outlays exceeds depreciation expense for the year.	
Capital outlays Depreciation expense	1,012,142 (2,102,933)
Generally, expenditures recognized in the fund financial statement are limited to only those that use current financial resources, but expenses are recognized in the statement of activites when they are incurred.	
Accrued interest Sick leave Taxpayer refunds due	11,215 138,377 239,000
Governmental funds report pension and OPEB contributions as expenditures when paid. However, in the Statement of Activities, pension and OPEB expense is the cost of benefits earned, adjusted for member contributions, and the recognition of changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, and investment experience.	
outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, and investment experience. KTRS on-behalf revenue	2,023,391
KTRS on-behalf pension expense	(1,926,391)
KTRS on-behalf OPEB expense	(97,000)
Pension expense - CERS	464,998
OPEB expense - CERS	(81,127)
OPEB expense - KTRS	222,338
Proceeds from long-term debt are reported as revenues in the fund statements because they create current financial resources, but they are separated and shown as long-term debt on the statement of net position.	(70,840)
Bond and lease payments are recognized as expenditures of current financial resources in the fund financial	
statement, but are reductions of liabilities in the statement of net position.	 1,521,366
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 3,391,923

#### DANVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		GENERAL FUND							
		DUDOFT				VARIANCE			
		BUDGETE	DA	FINAL		ACTUAL		Favorable (Unfavorable)	
REVENUES:		011101111			-			(0	
From Local Sources:									
Taxes:									
Property	\$	8,028,552	\$	7,851,284	\$	8,264,697	\$	413,413	
Motor vehicle		518,000		500,000		751,095		251,095	
Utilities		1,100,000		1,100,000		1,222,969		122,969	
Tuition & fees		10,000		10,000		34,672		24,672	
Earnings on investments		15,000		15,000		58,245		43,245	
Other local revenues		16,000		12,000		93,242		81,242	
Intergovernmental - state		13,514,865		13,744,103		14,458,118		714,015	
Intergovernmental - federal		25,000		25,000		162,239		137,239	
TOTAL REVENUES	_	23,227,417		23,257,387		25,045,277		1,787,890	
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
Instruction:		14,079,297		13,881,172		15,388,737		(1,507,565)	
Support Services:		1,010,201		10,001,112		10,000,101		(1,001,000)	
Student		972,069		975,047		967,087		7,960	
Instructional staff		1,652,121		1,523,173		1,362,668		160,505	
District administration		734,318		692,607		665,815		26,792	
School administration		1,427,025		1,420,702		1,277,169		143,533	
Business		924,539		1,340,946		884,934		456,012	
Plant operations and maintenance		2,509,299		2,364,248		1,675,205		689,043	
Student transportation		947,152		1,479,097		1,041,570		437,527	
Community services		21,947		22,150		1,119		21,031	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		23,267,767	-	23,699,142		23,264,304		413,807	
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures	_	(40,350)		(441,755)		1,780,973		2,201,697	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Lease proceeds		_		-		70,840		70,840	
Operating transfers in		-		-		718,600		718,600	
Operating transfers out		(672,677)		(658,231)		(329,066)		329,165	
Contingency		(5,747,623)		(7,559,460)		(020,000)		7,559,460	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(6,420,300)		(8,217,691)	· _	460,374		8,678,065	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(6,460,650)		(8,659,446)		2,241,347		10,879,762	
Fund Balance beginning	_	6,460,650	-	8,659,446		8,932,847		273,401	
Fund Balance ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	11,174,194	\$	11,153,163	

#### DANVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUND							
				ARIANCE				
			ED	AMOUNTS				Favorable
	_	ORIGINAL		FINAL		ACTUAL	(L	Infavorable)
REVENUES:								
From Local Sources:								
Earnings from Investments	\$	460	9		\$	505 \$	\$	505
Other local revenues		52,321		12,330		2,000		(10,330)
Intergovernmental - state		1,474,811		1,128,657		1,035,784		(92,873)
Intergovernmental - indirect federal		2,340,113	_	1,597,032		4,610,726		3,013,694
TOTAL REVENUES		3,867,705	-	2,738,019		5,649,015		2,910,996
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Instruction:		3,278,389		2,197,201		3,739,848		(1,542,647)
Support Services:				, ,				
Student		89,172		93,954		91,064		2,890
Instructional staff		216,438		203,386		612,254		(408,868)
School administration		-		1,500		-		1,500
Plant operations and maintenance		96,212		89,318		529,875		(440,557)
Student transportation		3,226		-		40,440		(40,440)
Community Services		359,084		189,000		242,350		(53,350)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		4,042,521	-	2,774,359		5,255,831		(2,481,472)
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures	_	(174,816)	-	(36,340)		393,184		429,524
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Operating transfers in		36,340		36,340		36,340		-
Operating transfers out		-		,		(429,524)		429,524
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		36,340	-	36,340		(393,184)		429,524
Net Change in Fund Balance		(138,476)		-		-		-
Fund Balance beginning	_	-	_			-		
Fund Balance ending	\$	(138,476)	-	\$	\$	\$	\$	

### DANVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

		FOOD SERVICE FUND	NON-MAJOR DAY CARE FUND			TOTAL
ASSETS:	-					
Current Assets	•		//-			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	777,081	\$ 59,116	ç	5	836,197
Accounts receivable		239,292	-			239,292
Inventory Total Current Assets	-	40,953 1,057,326	 59,116	-		40,953
Total Guilent Assets	-	1,037,320	 59,110	-	-	1,110,442
Noncurrent Assets						
Machinery & equipment		398,779	-			398,779
Accumulated depreciation	_	(342,461)	 -	_		(342,461)
Total Noncurrent Assets	-	56,318	 -	-		56,318
TOTAL ASSETS	-	1,113,644	 59,116	_		1,172,760
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES						
Pension - CERS		273,508	18,784			292,292
OPEB - CERS		167,688	12,814			180,502
	-	107,000	 12,014	-		100,002
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	-	441,196	 31,598	-		472,794
LIABILITIES:						
Current Liabilities						
Accounts Payable	_	44,613	 -	_		44,613
Total Current Liabilities	_	44,613	 -	-		44,613
Noncurrent Liabilities						
Net Pension Liability - CERS		1,146,307	87,260			1,233,567
Net OPEB Liability - CERS		326,141	25,617			351,758
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	-	1,472,448	 112,877	•		1,585,325
	-					
TOTAL LIABILITIES	-	1,517,061	 112,877	-		1,629,938
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES						
Pension - CERS		168,648	11,562			180,210
OPEB - CERS		171,168	11,549			182,717
	-	111,100	 11,010	•		102,111
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	_	339,816	 23,111	-		362,927
NET POSITION:						
Net Investment in Capital Assets		56,318	-			56,318
Restricted		1,102,662	-			1,102,662
Unrestricted	_	(1,461,017)	 (45,274)	-		(1,506,291)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$_	(302,037)	\$ (45,274)	\$		(347,311)

#### DANVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		FOOD SERVICE FUND		NON-MAJOR DAY CARE FUND	TOTAL
OPERATING REVENUES:	-		-		
Lunchroom sales	\$	53,583	\$	-	\$ 53,583
Child care fees		-		59,903	59,903
Other operating revenue	_	664		-	664
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	-	54,247	_	59,903	114,150
OPERATING EXPENSES:					
Salaries and wages		451,403		23,225	474,628
Employee benefits		182,527		9,206	191,733
Contract services		12,685		30	12,715
Materials and supplies		818,673		2,440	821,113
Miscellaneous		3,631		-	3,631
Depreciation	-	4,289	_	-	4,289
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	-	1,473,208	_	34,901	1,508,109
Operating Income (Loss)		(1,418,961)		25,002	(1,393,959)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Federal grants		1,624,427		-	1,624,427
Federal commodities		90,719		-	90,719
State grants		86,695		3,844	90,539
Interest income	_	4,698	_	-	4,698
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	-	1,806,539	_	3,844	1,810,383
Net income (loss) before operating transfers		387,578		28,846	416,424
Operating Transfers	-	(191,370)	_	(4,465)	(195,835)
Change in Net Position		196,208		24,381	220,589
Total Net Position beginning	-	(498,245)	_	(69,655)	(567,900)
Total Net Position ending	\$_	(302,037)	\$_	(45,274)	\$ (347,311)

#### DANVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from customers       100.00         Cash paid to suppliers       59,003       55,600         Cash paid to suppliers       (1,315,743)       26,208         CASH Flows FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers       (1,315,743)       26,208       (1,289,535)         CASH Flows FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers       (191,370)       (4,465)       (195,835)         Governmental grants       1,620,726       -       1,620,726         Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities       (1,91,370)       (4,465)       (195,835)         Governmental grants       1,620,726       -       1,620,726         Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities       (50,156)       -       (50,156)         Purchase of Capital Assets       (50,156)       -       (50,156)       -         Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities       4,698       -       4,698         Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities       68,155       21,743       89,898         Cash and cash equivalents beginning       708,926       37,373       746,299         Cash and cash equivalents to Reconcile Net Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities:       90,677       3,844       90,719       90,719		F	OOD SERVICE	NON-MAJOR DAY CARE FUND	TOTAL
Cash paid to suppliers         (716,300)         (2,470)         (719,400)           Cash paid to employees         (594,519)         (31,225)         (625,744)           Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities         (1,315,743)         26,208         (1,289,535)           CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers         (191,370)         (4,465)         (195,335)           Governmental grants         1.620,726         -         1.620,726           Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities         1.429,356         (4,465)         1.424,891           CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES         (50,156)         -         (50,156)           Purchase of Capital Assets         (50,156)         -         (50,156)           Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities         4.698         -         4.698           Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities         4.698         -         4.698           Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities         68,155         21,743         89,898           Cash and cash equivalents beginning         708,926         37,373         746,299           Cash and cash equivalents ending         \$         (1,418,961) \$         25,002 \$         (1,393,959)           Adjustiments to	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	-			TOTAL
Cash paid to employees         (594.519)         (31.225)         (625.744)           Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities         (1.315.743)         26.208         (1.289.535)           CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers         (191.370)         (4.465)         (195.835)           CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES         1.620.726         -         1.620.726           Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities         1.429.356         (4.465)         1.424.891           CASH FLOWS FROM ACHITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES         -         (50.156)         -         (50.156)           Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities         (50.156)         -         (50.156)           Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities         4.698         -         4.698           Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities         68.155         21.743         89.898           Cash and cash equivalents beginning         708.926         37.373         746.299           Cash and cash equivalents         90.677         3.844         94.521           Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided         (1.418.961)         25.002         \$         (1.3133)         -         4.289	Cash received from customers	\$	(4,294) \$	59,903 \$	55,609
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities         (1.315,743)         26,208         (1.289,535)           CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers         (191,370)         (4.465)         (195,835)           Governmental grants         1.620,726         -         1.620,726           Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities         1.429,356         (4.465)         1.424,891           CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES         (50,156)         -         (50,156)           Purchase of Capital Assets         (50,156)         -         (50,156)           Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities         (60,156)         -         (50,156)           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received         4.698         -         4.698           Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities         4.698         -         4.698           Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities         68,155         21,743         89,898           Cash and cash equivalents beginning         708,926         37,373         746,299           Cash and cash equivalents beginning         708,926         37,373         746,299           Cash and cash equivalents commodites         90,719         -         90,719           On-behalf payments<	Cash paid to suppliers		(716,930)	(2,470)	(719,400)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers         (191,370)         (4,465)         (195,835)           Governmental grants         1,620,726         -         1,620,726           Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities         1,429,356         (4,465)         1,424,891           CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCIG ACTIVITIES         (50,156)         -         (50,156)           Purchase of Capital Assets         (50,156)         -         (50,156)           Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities         (50,156)         -         (50,156)           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received         4,698         -         4,698           Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities         46,698         -         4,698           Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents         68,155         21,743         89,898           Cash and cash equivalents beginning         708,926         37,373         746,299           Cash and cash equivalents modin;         \$         (1,418,961) \$         25,002 \$         (1,393,959)           Adjustments to Reconcellex to Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided         (Used) by Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided         90,677         3,844         4,521           Donated commodities         90,719	Cash paid to employees		(594,519)	(31,225)	(625,744)
Transfers         (191,370)         (4,465)         (195,835)           Governmental grants         1,620,726         -         1,620,726           Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities         1,429,356         (4,465)         1,424,891           CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Purchase of Capital Assets         (50,156)         -         (50,156)           Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities         (50,156)         -         (50,156)           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received         4,698         -         4,698           Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities         46,698         -         4,698           Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents         68,155         21,743         89,898           Cash and cash equivalents beginning         708,926         37,373         746,299           Cash and cash equivalents beginning         708,926         37,373         746,299           Cash and cash equivalents beginning         59,116         \$         836,197           Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided         (1,418,961)         2,5,002         \$         (1,393,959)           Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income (Loss) to Net Cash from Operating Activities	Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		(1,315,743)	26,208	(1,289,535)
Transfers         (191,370)         (4,465)         (195,835)           Governmental grants         1,620,726         -         1,620,726           Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities         1,429,356         (4,465)         1,424,891           CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Purchase of Capital Assets         (50,156)         -         (50,156)           Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities         (50,156)         -         (50,156)           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received         4,698         -         4,698           Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities         46,698         -         4,698           Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents         68,155         21,743         89,898           Cash and cash equivalents beginning         708,926         37,373         746,299           Cash and cash equivalents beginning         708,926         37,373         746,299           Cash and cash equivalents beginning         59,116         \$         836,197           Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided         (1,418,961)         2,5,002         \$         (1,393,959)           Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income (Loss) to Net Cash from Operating Activities	CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Governmental grants         1,620,726         -         1,620,726           Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities         1,429,356         (4,465)         1,424,891           CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Purchase of Capital Assets         (50,156)         -         (50,156)           Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities         (50,156)         -         (50,156)           Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities         4,698         -         4,698           Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities         4,698         -         4,698           Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities         4,698         -         4,698           Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities         68,155         21,743         89,898           Cash and cash equivalents beginning         708,926         37,373         746,299           Cash and cash equivalents ending         \$         777,081         \$         59,116         \$         836,197           Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:         90,677         3,844         94,521         90,719         -         4,289         -         4,289         -         4,289         -         4,289         -         4,2			(191.370)	(4 465)	(195 835)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED         FINANCING ACTIVITIES         Purchase of Capital Assets       (50,156)         Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities       (50,156)         CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES       (50,156)         Interest received       4,698         Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities       4,698         Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities       4,698         Cash and cash equivalents beginning       708,926         Cash and cash equivalents ending       \$ 777,081 \$ 59,116 \$ 836,197         Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:       0 perating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:         Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:       90,677         Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:       90,677         Operating Income (Loss) to Net       4,289         Cash from Operating Income (Loss) to Net       68,541)         Cash provided (Used) by Operating Activities:       90,677         Defered outflows       (13,183				-	
FINANCING ACTIVITIES       (50,156)       -       (50,156)         Purchase of Capital Assets       (50,156)       -       (50,156)         Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities       (50,156)       -       (50,156)         CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received       4,698       -       4,698         Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities       4,698       -       4,698         Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities       68,155       21,743       89,898         Cash and cash equivalents beginning       708,926       37,373       746,299         Cash and cash equivalents endiny       \$       777,081       \$       59,116       \$       836,197         Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:       \$       (1,418,961)       \$       25,002       \$       (1,393,959)         Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income (Loss) to Net Cash from Operating Activities:       90,677       3,844       94,621         Donated commodities       90,719       -       90,719       -       90,719         Changes in Assets and Liabilities:       -       (58,541)       -       (58,541)       -       (58,541)       -       (58,541) <td>Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities</td> <td></td> <td>1,429,356</td> <td>(4,465)</td> <td>1,424,891</td>	Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities		1,429,356	(4,465)	1,424,891
FINANCING ACTIVITIES       (50,156)       -       (50,156)         Purchase of Capital Assets       (50,156)       -       (50,156)         Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities       (50,156)       -       (50,156)         CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received       4,698       -       4,698         Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities       4,698       -       4,698         Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities       68,155       21,743       89,898         Cash and cash equivalents beginning       708,926       37,373       746,299         Cash and cash equivalents endiny       \$       777,081       \$       59,116       \$       836,197         Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:       \$       (1,418,961)       \$       25,002       \$       (1,393,959)         Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income (Loss) to Net Cash from Operating Activities:       90,677       3,844       94,621         Donated commodities       90,719       -       90,719       -       90,719         Changes in Assets and Liabilities:       -       (58,541)       -       (58,541)       -       (58,541)       -       (58,541) <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
Purchase of Capital Assets         (50,156)         -         (50,156)           Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities         (50,156)         -         (50,156)           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received         4,698         -         4,698           Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities         4,698         -         4,698           Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities         68,155         21,743         89,898           Cash and cash equivalents beginning         708,926         37,373         746,299           Cash and cash equivalents beginning         708,926         37,373         746,299           Cash and cash equivalents endiny         \$         777,081         \$ 59,116         \$ 836,197           Reconcilitation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:         4,289         -         4,289           On-behalf payments         90,677         3,844         94,521         90,719         -         90,719           Changes in Assets and Liabilities: Accounts receivable         (58,541)         -         (58,541)         -         (58,541)         -         (58,541)         -         (58,541)         -         (58,541)         -					
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities(50,156) <td></td> <td></td> <td>(50,156)</td> <td>-</td> <td>(50,156)</td>			(50,156)	-	(50,156)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received4.698-4.698Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities4.698-4.698Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities68,15521,74389,898Cash and cash equivalents beginning708,92637,373746,299Cash and cash equivalents endini\$777,081\$59,116\$Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided Cash from Operating Activities: Depreciation\$(1,418,961)\$25,002\$(1,393,959)Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income (Loss) to Net Cash from Operating Activities: Depreciation4,289-4,289-4,289On-behalf payments90,6773,84494,52190,719-90,719-90,719Changes in Assets and Liabilities: Accounts receivable(58,541)-(58,541)-(58,541)-(13,183) </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>(00,100)</td> <td></td> <td>(00,100)</td>			(00,100)		(00,100)
Interest received         4,698         -         4,698           Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities         4,698         -         4,698           Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents         68,155         21,743         89,898           Cash and cash equivalents beginning         708,926         37,373         746,299           Cash and cash equivalents endin;         \$         777,081         \$ 59,116         \$ 836,197           Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:         Operating Activities:         0         \$ (1,418,961) \$ 25,002 \$ (1,393,959)           Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income (Loss) to Net         \$ (1,418,961) \$ 25,002 \$ (1,393,959)         Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income (Loss) to Net           Cash from Operating Activities:         \$ 0,677         3,844         94,521           Donated commodities         \$ 90,677 \$ 3,844 \$ 94,521         \$ 10,523         -           Accounts receivable         (58,541)         -         (58,541)         -           Inventory         (13,183)         -         (13,183)         -         40,523           Net OPEB liability         125,658         6,465         132,123         Net OPEB liability         15,634         804         16,438           Deferred	Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities		(50,156)	-	(50,156)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities         4.698         -         4.698           Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents         68,155         21,743         89,898           Cash and cash equivalents beginning         708,926         37,373         746,299           Cash and cash equivalents beginning         708,926         37,373         746,299           Cash and cash equivalents beginning         707,081         \$ 59,116         \$ 836,197           Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:         0         \$ (1,418,961)         \$ 25,002         \$ (1,393,959)           Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income (Loss) to Net         Cash from Operating Activities:         90,677         3,844         94,521           Depreciation         4,289         -         4,289         -         4,289           On-behalf payments         90,677         3,844         94,521         90,719         -         90,719           Changes in Assets and Liabilities:         -         (58,541)         -         (58,541)         -         (58,541)         -         (58,541)         -         (58,541)         -         40,523         -         40,523         -         40,523         -         40,523         -         40,523 <td>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents         68,155         21,743         89,898           Cash and cash equivalents beginning         708,926         37,373         746,299           Cash and cash equivalents beginning         708,926         37,373         746,299           Cash and cash equivalents ending         \$ 777,081 \$ 59,116 \$ 836,197           Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:         Operating Income (Loss)         \$ (1,418,961) \$ 25,002 \$ (1,393,959)           Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income (Loss) to Net         Cash from Operating Activities:         0.677         3,844         94,521           Donated commodities         90,719         -         90,719         -         90,719           Changes in Assets and Liabilities:         (58,541)         -         (58,541)         -         (58,541)           Accounts receivable         (58,541)         -         (13,183)         -         (13,183)           Accounts payable         40,523         -         40,523         -         40,523           Net Pension liability         125,658         6,465         132,123         Net OPEB liability         15,634         804         16,438           Deferred outflows         (110,998)         (5,710)         (116,708) <td>Interest received</td> <td></td> <td>4,698</td> <td></td> <td>4,698</td>	Interest received		4,698		4,698
Cash and cash equivalents beginning       708,926       37,373       746,299         Cash and cash equivalents endiny       \$       777,081       \$       59,116       \$       836,197         Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:       \$       (1,418,961)       \$       25,002       \$       (1,393,959)         Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income (Loss) to Net       \$       (1,418,961)       \$       25,002       \$       (1,393,959)         Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income (Loss) to Net       Cash from Operating Activities:       4,289       -       4,289         Depreciation       4,289       -       4,289       -       4,289         On-behalf payments       90,677       3,844       94,521         Donated commodities       90,719       -       90,719         Changes in Assets and Liabilities:       -       (13,183)       -       (13,183)         Accounts receivable       (40,523       -       40,523         Net pension liability       125,658       6,465       132,123         Net OPEB liability       125,658       6,465       132,123         Net OPEB liability       (13,15,743)       26,208       (1,289,535)         Non-cash Items: <td>Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities</td> <td></td> <td>4,698</td> <td>-</td> <td>4,698</td>	Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities		4,698	-	4,698
Cash and cash equivalents beginning       708,926       37,373       746,299         Cash and cash equivalents endiny       \$       777,081       \$       59,116       \$       836,197         Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:       \$       (1,418,961)       \$       25,002       \$       (1,393,959)         Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income (Loss) to Net       \$       (1,418,961)       \$       25,002       \$       (1,393,959)         Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income (Loss) to Net       Cash from Operating Activities:       4,289       -       4,289         Depreciation       4,289       -       4,289       -       4,289         On-behalf payments       90,677       3,844       94,521         Donated commodities       90,719       -       90,719         Changes in Assets and Liabilities:       -       (13,183)       -       (13,183)         Accounts receivable       (40,523       -       40,523         Net pension liability       125,658       6,465       132,123         Net OPEB liability       125,658       6,465       132,123         Net OPEB liability       (13,15,743)       26,208       (1,289,535)         Non-cash Items: <td>Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents</td> <td></td> <td>68.155</td> <td>21.743</td> <td>89.898</td>	Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		68.155	21.743	89.898
Cash and cash equivalents ending       \$ 777,081 \$ 59,116 \$ 836,197         Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:       \$ (1,418,961) \$ 25,002 \$ (1,393,959)         Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income (Loss) to Net Cash from Operating Activities:       \$ 0,0719 \$ 0,077         Depreciation       4,289 \$ 0,0779         On-behalf payments       90,677         Donated commodities       90,719 \$ 0,719         Changes in Assets and Liabilities:       \$ 0,523 \$ 0,655         Accounts receivable       (58,541) \$ 0,645         Inventory       \$ 0,523 \$ 0,40523         Net OPEB liability       \$ 125,658 \$ 6,465         Deferred outflows       \$ (110,998) \$ (5,710) \$ 0,116,708)         Deferred inflows       \$ 0,1315,743] \$ 26,208 \$ 0,1289,535)         Non-cash Items:       \$ 90,677 \$ 3,844 \$ 94,521					
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss)       \$ (1,418,961) \$ 25,002 \$ (1,393,959)         Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income (Loss) to Net Cash from Operating Activities: Depreciation       4,289       -       4,289         On-behalf payments       90,677       3,844       94,521         Donated commodities       90,719       -       90,719         Changes in Assets and Liabilities: Accounts receivable       (58,541)       -       (58,541)         Inventory       (13,183)       -       (13,183)         Accounts payable       40,523       -       40,523         Net pension liability       125,658       6,465       132,123         Net OPEB liability       15,634       804       16,438         Deferred outflows       (110,998)       (5,710)       (116,708)         Deferred inflows       (81,560)       (4,197)       (85,757)         Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activitie       \$ (1,315,743) \$ 26,208 \$ (1,289,535)       Non-cash Items:         On-behalf payments       \$ 90,677 \$ 3,844 \$ 94,521	Cash and cash equivalents beginning		708,926	37,373	746,299
(Used) by Operating Activities:       \$ (1,418,961) \$ 25,002 \$ (1,393,959)         Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income (Loss) to Net       \$ (1,418,961) \$ 25,002 \$ (1,393,959)         Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income (Loss) to Net       \$ (1,418,961) \$ 25,002 \$ (1,393,959)         Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income (Loss) to Net       \$ 4,289 • - 4,289         Cash from Operating Activities:       \$ 90,677 \$ 3,844 \$ 94,521         Donated commodities       \$ 90,719 • - 90,719         Changes in Assets and Liabilities:       \$ 90,719 • - 90,719         Accounts receivable       (58,541) • - (58,541)         Inventory       (13,183) • (13,183)         Accounts payable       \$ 40,523 • - 40,523         Net pension liability       \$ 125,658 • 6,465 • 132,123         Net OPEB liability       \$ 125,658 • 6,465 • 132,123         Net OPEB liability       \$ 15,634 • 804 • 16,438         Deferred outflows       \$ (110,998) • (5,710) • (116,708)         Deferred inflows       \$ (1,315,743) \$ 26,208 \$ (1,289,535)         Non-cash Items:       \$ 90,677 \$ 3,844 \$ 94,521	Cash and cash equivalents ending	\$	777,081_\$	59,116 \$	836,197
(Used) by Operating Activities:       \$ (1,418,961) \$ 25,002 \$ (1,393,959)         Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income (Loss) to Net       \$ (1,418,961) \$ 25,002 \$ (1,393,959)         Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income (Loss) to Net       \$ (1,418,961) \$ 25,002 \$ (1,393,959)         Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income (Loss) to Net       \$ 4,289 • - 4,289         Cash from Operating Activities:       \$ 90,677 \$ 3,844 \$ 94,521         Donated commodities       \$ 90,719 • - 90,719         Changes in Assets and Liabilities:       \$ 90,719 • - 90,719         Accounts receivable       (58,541) • - (58,541)         Inventory       (13,183) • (13,183)         Accounts payable       \$ 40,523 • - 40,523         Net pension liability       \$ 125,658 • 6,465 • 132,123         Net OPEB liability       \$ 125,658 • 6,465 • 132,123         Net OPEB liability       \$ 15,634 • 804 • 16,438         Deferred outflows       \$ (110,998) • (5,710) • (116,708)         Deferred inflows       \$ (1,315,743) \$ 26,208 \$ (1,289,535)         Non-cash Items:       \$ 90,677 \$ 3,844 \$ 94,521	Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided				
Operating Income (Loss)         \$         (1,418,961) \$         25,002 \$         (1,393,959)           Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income (Loss) to Net Cash from Operating Activities:         -         4,289         -         4,289           Depreciation         4,289         -         4,289         -         4,289           On-behalf payments         90,677         3,844         94,521         90,719         -         90,719           Changes in Assets and Liabilities:         -         (13,183)         -         (13,183)         -         (13,183)           Accounts receivable         (58,541)         -         (58,541)         -         (13,183)           Inventory         (13,183)         -         (13,183)         -         (13,183)           Accounts payable         40,523         -         40,523         -         40,523           Net pension liability         125,658         6,465         132,123         14,438         16,438         16,438           Deferred outflows         (110,998)         (5,710)         (116,708)         (81,560)         (4,197)         (85,757)           Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activitie         \$         (1,315,743) \$         26,208 \$         (1,289,535)           No					
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income (Loss) to Net Cash from Operating Activities:       4,289       -       4,289         Depreciation       4,289       -       4,289         On-behalf payments       90,677       3,844       94,521         Donated commodities       90,719       -       90,719         Changes in Assets and Liabilities:       -       (58,541)       -       (58,541)         Accounts receivable       (58,541)       -       (58,541)       -       (13,183)         Inventory       (13,183)       -       (13,183)       -       40,523       -       40,523         Net pension liability       125,658       6,465       132,123       Net OPEB liability       15,634       804       16,438         Deferred outflows       (110,998)       (5,710)       (116,708)       (81,560)       (4,197)       (85,757)         Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activitie       \$       (1,315,743)       \$       26,208       (1,289,535)         Non-cash Items:       On-behalf payments       \$       90,677       \$       3,844       \$       94,521		\$	(1.418.961) \$	25.002 \$	(1.393.959)
Cash from Operating Activities:       4,289       -       4,289         Depreciation       4,289       -       4,289         On-behalf payments       90,677       3,844       94,521         Donated commodities       90,719       -       90,719         Changes in Assets and Liabilities:       -       (58,541)       -       (58,541)         Accounts receivable       (58,541)       -       (13,183)       -       (13,183)         Accounts payable       40,523       -       40,523       -       40,523         Net pension liability       125,658       6,465       132,123       Net OPEB liability       15,634       804       16,438         Deferred outflows       (110,998)       (5,710)       (116,708)       0(81,560)       (4,197)       (85,757)         Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activitie       \$       (1,315,743) \$       26,208 \$       (1,289,535)         Non-cash Items:       On-behalf payments       \$       90,677 \$       3,844 \$       94,521		,	() - / - / /	- ,	( )/
Depreciation         4,289         -         4,289           On-behalf payments         90,677         3,844         94,521           Donated commodities         90,719         -         90,719           Changes in Assets and Liabilities:         -         (58,541)         -         (58,541)           Accounts receivable         (58,541)         -         (58,541)         -         (13,183)           Accounts payable         40,523         -         40,523         -         40,523           Net pension liability         125,658         6,465         132,123         125,658         6,465         132,123           Net OPEB liability         15,634         804         16,438         16,438           Deferred outflows         (110,998)         (5,710)         (116,708)           Deferred inflows         (81,560)         (4,197)         (85,757)           Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activitie         \$         (1,315,743)         26,208         \$         (1,289,535)           Non-cash Items:					
On-behalf payments         90,677         3,844         94,521           Donated commodities         90,719         -         90,719           Changes in Assets and Liabilities:         -         (58,541)         -         (58,541)           Inventory         (13,183)         -         (13,183)         -         (13,183)           Accounts payable         40,523         -         40,523         -         40,523           Net pension liability         125,658         6,465         132,123         Net OPEB liability         15,634         804         16,438           Deferred outflows         (110,998)         (5,710)         (116,708)         (81,560)         (4,197)         (85,757)           Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activitie         \$         (1,315,743)         26,208         (1,289,535)           Non-cash Items:         On-behalf payments         \$         90,677         3,844         94,521			4,289	-	4,289
Donated commodities       90,719       -       90,719         Changes in Assets and Liabilities:       (58,541)       -       (58,541)         Accounts receivable       (13,183)       -       (13,183)         Inventory       (13,183)       -       (13,183)         Accounts payable       40,523       -       40,523         Net pension liability       125,658       6,465       132,123         Net OPEB liability       15,634       804       16,438         Deferred outflows       (110,998)       (5,710)       (116,708)         Deferred inflows       (81,560)       (4,197)       (85,757)         Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activitie       \$       (1,315,743)       \$       26,208       \$       (1,289,535)         Non-cash Items:       \$       90,677       \$       3,844       94,521			90,677	3,844	94,521
Accounts receivable       (58,541)       -       (58,541)         Inventory       (13,183)       -       (13,183)         Accounts payable       40,523       -       40,523         Net pension liability       125,658       6,465       132,123         Net OPEB liability       15,634       804       16,438         Deferred outflows       (110,998)       (5,710)       (116,708)         Deferred inflows       (81,560)       (4,197)       (85,757)         Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activitie       \$       (1,315,743)       \$       26,208       \$       (1,289,535)         Non-cash Items:       \$       90,677       \$       3,844       94,521			90,719	-	90,719
Inventory       (13,183)       -       (13,183)         Accounts payable       40,523       -       40,523         Net pension liability       125,658       6,465       132,123         Net OPEB liability       15,634       804       16,438         Deferred outflows       (110,998)       (5,710)       (116,708)         Deferred inflows       (81,560)       (4,197)       (85,757)         Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activitie       \$       (1,315,743)       \$       26,208       \$       (1,289,535)         Non-cash Items:       \$       90,677       \$       3,844       94,521	Changes in Assets and Liabilities:				
Accounts payable       40,523       -       40,523         Net pension liability       125,658       6,465       132,123         Net OPEB liability       15,634       804       16,438         Deferred outflows       (110,998)       (5,710)       (116,708)         Deferred inflows       (81,560)       (4,197)       (85,757)         Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activitie       \$ (1,315,743) \$ 26,208 \$ (1,289,535)         Non-cash Items:       0n-behalf payments       \$ 90,677 \$ 3,844 \$ 94,521	Accounts receivable		(58,541)	-	(58,541)
Net pension liability       125,658       6,465       132,123         Net OPEB liability       15,634       804       16,438         Deferred outflows       (110,998)       (5,710)       (116,708)         Deferred inflows       (81,560)       (4,197)       (85,757)         Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activitie       \$ (1,315,743) \$ 26,208 \$ (1,289,535)         Non-cash Items:       0n-behalf payments       \$ 90,677 \$ 3,844 \$ 94,521	Inventory		(13,183)	-	(13,183)
Net OPEB liability       15,634       804       16,438         Deferred outflows       (110,998)       (5,710)       (116,708)         Deferred inflows       (81,560)       (4,197)       (85,757)         Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activitie       \$ (1,315,743)       \$ 26,208       \$ (1,289,535)         Non-cash Items:       On-behalf payments       \$ 90,677       \$ 3,844       \$ 94,521	Accounts payable		40,523	-	40,523
Deferred outflows       (110,998)       (5,710)       (116,708)         Deferred inflows       (81,560)       (4,197)       (85,757)         Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activitie       \$ (1,315,743)       26,208       (1,289,535)         Non-cash Items:       On-behalf payments       \$ 90,677       3,844       94,521	Net pension liability		125,658	6,465	132,123
Deferred inflows         (81,560)         (4,197)         (85,757)           Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activitie         \$ (1,315,743)         \$ 26,208         \$ (1,289,535)           Non-cash Items:         On-behalf payments         \$ 90,677         \$ 3,844         \$ 94,521	Net OPEB liability		15,634	804	16,438
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activitie       \$ (1,315,743)       \$ 26,208       \$ (1,289,535)         Non-cash Items:       On-behalf payments       \$ 90,677       \$ 3,844       \$ 94,521			(110,998)	(5,710)	(116,708)
Non-cash Items:         90,677 \$ 3,844 \$ 94,521	Deferred inflows		(81,560)	(4,197)	(85,757)
On-behalf payments         \$ 90,677 \$ 3,844 \$ 94,521	Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activitie	\$	(1,315,743) \$	26,208 \$	(1,289,535)
On-behalf payments         \$ 90,677 \$ 3,844 \$ 94,521	Non-cash Items:				
		\$	90.677 \$	3.844 \$	94.521

## NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of Danville Independent School District (the District) conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applicable to governmental entities in the United States of America. U. S. governmental accounting standards are established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) for state and local governmental entities. The following discussion is a summary of the more significant accounting policies that apply to the District.

## Reporting Entity

The Danville Independent Board of Education (Board), a five-member group, is the level of government which has oversight responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of the Danville Independent School District (District). The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the commitment requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100, Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, as Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to develop policies which may influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The District, for financial purposes, includes all the funds and account groups relevant to the operation of the Danville Independent Board of Education. The financial statements presented herein do not include funds of groups and organizations, which, although associated with the school system, have not originated within the Board itself, such as Parent-Teacher Associations, School-Based Decision-Making Councils, and Family Resource Centers.

The financial statements of the District include those of separately administered organizations that are controlled by or dependent on the Board. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, funding and appointment of the respective governing board. Based on the foregoing criteria, the financial statements of the following organization are included in the accompanying financial statements.

## **Blended Component Unit**

**Danville Independent Board of Education Finance Corporation** - In a prior year, the Board resolved to authorize the establishment of the Danville Independent School District Finance Corporation (a non-stock, non-profit corporation organized under School Bond Act and Chapter 273 and KRS 58.180) (the Corporation) as an agency of the District for financing the costs of school building improvements. The Board members of the Danville Independent Board of Education also comprise the corporation's Board of Directors. The Corporation does not publish individual component unit financial statements.

## NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

## Basis of Presentation

The District's basic financial statements present government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within the 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities accompanied by a total column.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all the District's assets and liabilities, including capital assets as well as long-term liabilities are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents changes in net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred. The types of transactions reported as program revenues for the District are reported in three categories: 1) charges for services, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions.

Certain eliminations have been made as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34 in regard to interfund activities, payables and receivables. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Position have been eliminated except those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total primary government column. In the Statement of Activities, transactions between governmental and business-type activities have not been eliminated.

# NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Fund Financial Statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are measurable and available. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

All governmental funds are accounted for on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, only current assets and current liabilities are included on the Balance Sheet. The Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances present increases (revenues and other financial sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. Accordingly, revenues are recorded when received in cash, except that revenues subject to accrual (generally 60 days after year- end) are recognized when due. The primary revenue sources, which have been treated as susceptible to accrual by the District are property tax and utility tax. Expenditures are recorded in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred.

The District has the following funds:

I. <u>Governmental Fund Types</u>

(A) The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the District. It accounts for financial resources used for general types of operations. This is a budgeted fund, and any fund balances are considered as resources available for use. This is a major fund of the District.

(B) The Special Revenue Funds account for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to disbursements for specified purposes.

- 1) The Special Revenue Fund includes federal financial programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods as well as the state grant programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. The separate projects of federally funded grant programs are identified in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards included in this report. This is a major fund of the District.
- 2) The District Activity Fund is a special revenue fund used to account for funds collected at individual schools for operation costs of the school or school district that allows for more flexibility in the expenditure of those funds. This is a non-major fund of the District.

# NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

3) The School Activity Fund is a Special Revenue Fund type and is used to account for activities and programs for athletic, community service, and scholastic organizations managed by each school to benefit student activities. This fund was added in FY 2021 after the District implemented GASBS No. 84, *Fiduciary Activity*. This is a non-major fund of the district.

(C) Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment (other than those financed by Proprietary Funds). The following are Capital Project Funds:

- The Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK), Fund receives those funds designated by the state as Capital Outlay Funds (unless authorized for retention in the General Fund) and is generally restricted for use in financing capital acquisitions. This is a non-major fund of the District.
- 2) The Facility Support Program of Kentucky (FSPK), Fund accounts for funds generated by the building tax levy required to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission's construction funding and state matching funds, where applicable. Funds may be used for projects identified in the District's facility plan. This is a non-major fund of the District.
- 3) The Construction Fund accounts for funds from two sources. First, funds generated by sales of bonds issues are used for various construction and renovation projects. Second, proceeds from the sale of properties and equipment owned by the District are to be used at the discretion of the Board for construction projects in future years. This is a non-major fund of the District.

(D) The Debt Service Fund accounts for financial resources used for payment of principal and interest and other debt related costs. This is a non-major fund of the District.

II. <u>Proprietary Fund Types (Enterprise Fund)</u>

(A) The Food Service Fund accounts for school food service activities, including the National School Lunch Program, which is conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture ("USDA"). Amounts have been recorded for in-kind contribution of commodities from the USDA. The Food Service Fund is a major fund.

(B) The Day Care Fund accounts for child care revenue and expenses. The Day Care Fund is a non-major fund of the District.

## NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

## Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

## Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenues resulting from exchange transactions are where each party receives equal value. On the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within 60 days of the fiscal year-end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenues from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Unearned Revenue – Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before eligibility criteria other than time requirements have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as unearned revenue. Unused donated commodities are also reported as inventory and unearned revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures – On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation, are not recognized in governmental funds.

## NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

## Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied each September on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, for all real and personal property in the city. The billings are considered due upon receipt by the taxpayer. However, the actual due date is based on a period ending 30 days after the tax bill mailing. Property taxes collected are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year for which they were levied. All taxes collected are initially deposited into the General Fund and then transferred to the appropriate fund when tax revenues are restricted to a specific purpose.

The property tax rates assessed for the year ended June 30, 2023, to finance the General Fund operations were \$0.971 per \$100 valuation for real property, \$0.983 per \$100 valuation for business personal property and \$0.669 per \$100 valuation for motor vehicles.

The District levies a utility gross receipts license tax in the amount of 3% of the gross receipts derived from the delivery, within the district, of telephonic and telegraphic communications services, cablevision services, electric power, water, and natural, artificial and mixed gas.

## Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District considers demand deposits, money market funds, and other investments with an original maturity of 90 days or less, to be cash equivalents.

## Inventory

Inventory consists of food purchased by the District and commodities granted by the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA). The commodities are recognized as revenues and expenditures by the Food Service Fund when consumed. Any material commodities on hand at year end are recorded as inventory. All purchased inventory items are valued at the lower of cost or market (first-in, first-out) using the consumption method and commodities assigned values are based on information provided by the USDA.

## Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

## NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

## Capital Assets (Cont'd)

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of one thousand dollars with the exception of computers, digital cameras and real property for which there is no threshold. Improvements are capitalized. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an assets life are expensed.

All reported capital assets, except land and construction-in-progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives for both general capital assets and proprietary fund assets:

Buildings and improvements	25-50	years
Land improvements	20	years
Technology equipment	5	years
Vehicles	5-10	years
Audio-visual equipment	15	years
Food service equipment	12	years
Furniture and fixtures	20	years
Rolling Stock	15	years
Other	10	years

## Accumulated Unpaid Sick Leave Benefits

Upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of the accumulated sick leave. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is based on the School District's past experience of making termination payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid accrued sick leave is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the amount "accrued sick leave" in the general fund. The non-current portion of the liability is not reported in the fund financial statements, but is reflected in the statement of net position.

## NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

## Budgetary Process

Budgetary Basis of Accounting: The District's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis are:

- a) Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP) during the year and adjusted to modified accrual for the governmental funds at year-end.
- b) Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP) during the year and adjusted to modified accrual for the governmental funds at year-end.
- c) Capital outlay is budgeted within the departmental budget (budgetary) as opposed to separate classification by character (GAAP).

Once the budget is approved, it can be amended. Amendments are presented to the Board at their regular meetings. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year end in accordance with state law. Each budget is prepared and controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

## Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund advances are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statements of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

## Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the governmentwide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgments, the non-current portion of capital leases, accumulated sick leave, contractually required pension contributions, and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, payments made within sixty days after year end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

## NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

## Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous ("CERS") and Teachers Retirement System of the State of Kentucky ("KTRS") and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the CERS and KTRS, respectively. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. Both systems publish separate financial statements as described in Note 6.

## Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous ("CERS") and Teachers Retirement System of the State of Kentucky ("KTRS") and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by these multiple-employer cost-sharing OPEB systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized by the pension systems when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value by the pension systems. Both systems publish separate financial statements as described in Note 7.

## Fund Balances

The District adopted GASB Statement No. 54 *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions* (GASB 54) for fiscal year 2011 for its governmental funds. Fund balances for each of the District's governmental funds (General Fund, special revenue funds, capital projects funds, and debt service funds) will be displayed in the following classifications depicting the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- *Nonspendable fund balance*—amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in a spendable form (such as inventories and prepaid amounts) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- *Restricted fund balance*—amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constraints imposed by external providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), or imposed by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Fund balance in the Construction, SEEK Capital Outlay, and FSPK Building funds are restricted for capital projects with a total of \$850,581 at June 30, 2023. Fund Balance in the District Activity and Student Activity funds are restricted for district and student activities with balances of \$64,390 and \$150,530 at June 30, 2023, respectively.

## NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

## Fund Balances (Cont'd)

- *Committed fund balance*—amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the board's highest level of decision-making authority, which is a resolution. Fund balance of \$140,196 was committed for sick leave at June 30, 2023.
- Assigned fund balance—amounts intended to be used by the District for specific purposes that are neither restricted nor committed. The Board or a delegated entity has the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balance in the General Fund includes amounts that have been appropriated for expenditures in the budget for the District's subsequent fiscal year.
- Unassigned fund balance—amounts that are available for any purpose; these amounts can be reported only in the District's General Fund.

It is the Board's practice to liquidate funds when conditions have been met releasing these funds from legal, contractual, Board or managerial obligations, using restricted funds first, followed by committed funds, assigned funds, then unassigned funds.

The District considers unrestricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. Also, the District has established the order of assigned, committed and restricted when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

## Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources less liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets and any deferred outflows/inflows related to debt issued for capital financing. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

## Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the School District, those revenues are primarily charges for meals provided by various schools and fees charged for day care services. All other revenues are non-operating. Operating expenses can be tied directly to the production of the goods and services, such as the materials and labor and direct overhead. Other expenses are non-operating.

Receivables from and payables to external parties are reported separately and are not offset in the proprietary fund financial statements and business-type activities of the government-wide financial statements, unless a right of offset exists.

## NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

### Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in the proprietary fund. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

### **Bond Issuance Costs**

Debt issuance costs are expensed in the period they are incurred.

## <u>Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the District's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts in the financial statements and the accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position includes a section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until the appropriate period. The District reports three types of deferred outflows- contributions to the CERS and KTRS pension systems after the measurement period, differences between actual and estimated actuarial assumptions in the two pension systems (see Notes 6 and 7), and the unrecognized portion of a deferred loss on the refinancing of long-term debt (see Note 5).

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until appropriate period. The District reports one type of deferred inflows- those related to the net differences between projected and actual actuarial assumptions for pension and OPEB plans (see Notes 6 and 7).

## Lease Liabilities

The lease liability is recognized at the commencement of the lease term, unless the lease is a short-term lease, below the lease capitalization threshold of \$5,000, or it transfers ownership of the underlying asset. The lease liability is measured at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term (less any lease incentives) based on a borrowing rate specified in the contract or implicit rate. The lease term includes the noncancelable period of the lease and extensions the District is reasonably certain to exercise. The District monitors changes in circumstances that are expected to significantly affect the amount of a lease liability that may require a remeasurement of its lease.

## NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

## New Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*, effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022. This standard will require similar recognition for right-to-use subscription intangible assets and a corresponding subscription liability that is provided for long-term leases in GASBS No. 87. The District reviewed its current IT subscription services and implemented the standard in the current year. Further details of the implementation are outlined in Note 19.

In June 2023, the GASB issued Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections*, that will be effective for these types of changes in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023. The District will apply this guidance, when appropriate.

In June 2023, the GASB issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023 (the District's 2025 fiscal year). This standard revises some definitions for compensated absences and consolidates guidance for all types of leave to a single accounting recognition. This standard is not likely to have a material effect on the District's financial statements since they only provide one type of leave that is already recognized using the principles in GASBS No. 101.

## NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

## **Deposits and Investments**

The Kentucky Revised Statutes authorize the District to invest money subject to its control in obligations of the United States; bonds or certificates of indebtedness of Kentucky and its agencies and instrumentalities; savings and loan associations insured by an agency of the United States up to the amount insured; and national or state banks chartered in Kentucky and insured by an agency of the United States providing such banks pledge as security obligations, as permitted by KRS 41.240 (4), having a current quoted market value at least equal to uninsured deposits. As of June 30, 2023, the District did not hold any invested funds.

## Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Kentucky Revised Statutes authorize the District to invest money subject to its control in obligations of the United States; bonds or certificates of indebtedness of Kentucky and its agencies and instrumentalities; savings and loan associations insured by an agency of the United States up to the amount insured; and national or state banks chartered in Kentucky and insured by an agency of the United States providing such banks pledge as security obligations, as permitted by KRS 41.240 (4), having a current quoted market value at least equal to uninsured deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, a government's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law.

# NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Cont'd)

At year end, the District's bank balances were collateralized by securities held by the pledging bank's trust department in the District's name and FDIC Insurance. At year end, the carrying amount of the District's cash and cash equivalents was \$12,521,050. The bank balance for the same time was \$13,885,828. Due to the nature of the accounts and limitations imposed by the purposes of the various funds, all cash balances are considered to be restricted except for the General Fund.

### **NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Disposals	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:				
Capital Assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 416,278	\$ -	\$-	\$ 416,278
Construction in Progress	1,099,921	678,644	÷ -	1,778,564
Total Capital Assets not being depreciated	1,516,199	678,644		2,194,842
Other Capital Assets	1,010,100			
Land Improvements	1,550,710	-	-	1,550,710
Buildings & Improvements	51,756,469	10,294	_	51,766,763
Technological Equipment	157.277	31,010	-	188,287
Vehicles	1,922,702	134,826	-	2,057,528
General Equipment	1,976,150	37,778	-	2,013,928
Total Other Assets	57,363,308	213,908		57,577,215
Less accumulated depreciation for:	01,000,000			
Land Improvements	(513,399)	(61,423)	-	(574,822)
Buildings & Improvements	(22,309,773)	(1,817,662)	-	(24,127,434)
Technological Equipment	(114,435)	(4,209)	-	(118,644)
Vehicles	(1,346,375)	(141,948)	-	(1,488,324)
General Equipment	(1,650,732)	(27,240)	-	(1,677,972)
Total accumulated depreciation	(25,934,714)	(2,052,482)	-	(27,987,196)
Other Capital Assets, net	31,428,594	(1,838,574)	-	29,590,019
Intangible right-to-use assets				
Leased equipment	100.164	70.840	-	171.004
Less accumulated amortization	(40,066)	(34,201)	-	(74,267)
Net intangible right-to-use assets	60,098	36,639		96,738
Intangible subscription assets				
Subscriptions	-	48,750	-	48,750
Less accumulated amortization	-	(16,250)	-	(16,250)
Net intangible subscription assets	-	32,500	-	32,500
Governmental Activities, net	\$ 33,004,890	\$ (1,090,791)	\$ -	\$ 31,914,099
Business Activities:	+	<u> </u>		+
General Equipment	\$ 348,623	\$ 50,156	\$-	\$ 398,779
Total	348,623	<u>φ 50,150</u> 50,156		<u> </u>
Less accumulated depreciation for:	040,023			590,119
General Equipment	(338,172)	(4,289)		(342,461)
Total accumulated depreciation	(338,172)	(4,289)		(342,461)
Business Activities, net	\$ 10,451	\$ 45,866	\$ -	\$ 56,317
	φ 10,431	φ 40,000	ψ -	φ 50,517

### NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Cont'd)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the governmental activities of the District as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
Instruction	\$575,069
Support Services:	
Student	1,366
District Administration	16,377
Business Support	50,451
Plant Operations & Maintenance	1,341,589
Student Transportation	118,081
Total depreciation expense, governmental activities	\$2,102,933

### Intangible Right-to-Use Assets

In FY 2022, the District implemented the guidance in GASBS No. 87, *Leases*, and recognized the value of copiers leased under long-term contracts. In FY 2023 the District entered a new lease for a bus garage, which was recognized according to the provisions of GASBS No. 87. As of June 30, 2023, the District had one lease agreement in place for copiers. Terms of the these leases are described in Note 4.

### Intangible Subscription Assets

In FY 2023, the District implemented the guidance of GASBS No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*, for accounting and reporting subscriptions that had previously been reported as expense when subscription payments were made.

The District has entered into various agreements for subscription based information technology software. The majority of these agreements cover only one fiscal year and are therefore exempt from the requirements under GASBS No. 96. However, the District is currently party to one subscription agreement to which the guidance in GASBS No. 96 is applicable.

In August 2022 the District entered into a subscription agreement with Curriculum Associates for GoGuardian software. The term of the subscription is 36 months beginning August 1, 2022. The entire subscription cost of \$48,750 was paid up-front in August of 2022. In accordance with GASB 96 this amount was reported as an intangible asset at June 30, 2023, with accumulated amortization of \$16,250. The remaining amount will be amortized at \$1,354 per month over the subscription term.

### NOTE 4 – LONG-TERM DEBT AND LEASE OBLIGATIONS

### <u>Bonds</u>

The District, through the General Fund, the Building Fund, and the SEEK Capital Outlay Fund is obligated to make payments in amounts sufficient to satisfy debt service requirements on bonds issued by the Danville Independent School District Finance Corporation to construct school facilities. The District has the option to purchase the property under lease at any time by retiring the bonds then outstanding.

### NOTE 4 - LONG-TERM DEBT AND LEASE OBLIGATIONS (cont'd)

In connection with the school revenue bonds issued after May 1, 1996, the District entered into "Participation agreements" with the School Facility Construction Commission. The Commission was created by the Kentucky General Assembly for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting school construction needs. The table below sets forth the amount to be paid by the District and the Commission for each year until maturity of all bond issues. The liability for the total bond amount remains with the District and, as such, the total principal outstanding has been recorded in the financial statements.

The original amount of each issue, the issue date, interest rates, and outstanding balances of each bond are summarized below:

				Outstanding
			Maturity	Balance June 30,
Issue	Proceeds	Rates	Dates	2023
KISTA ED	\$108,990	1.50% - 4.00%	4/1/2032	\$53,990
2014	1,325,000	1.50% 2.00%	2/1/2034	816,250
2014A	2,105,000	1.00% - 3.00%	3/1/2026	785,000
2014B	700,000	1.00% - 3.00%	4/1/2026	245,000
2016	14,655,000	2.00% - 3.00%	2/1/2036	11,530,000
2018	8,885,000	2.00% 3.625%	9/1/2038	7,865,000
2019	1,900,000	2.50% 3.00%	9/1/2039	1,680,000
	\$29,678,990			\$22,975,240

The bonds which may be called prior to maturity and redemption premiums are specified in each issue. Assuming no bonds are called prior to scheduled maturity, the minimum obligations of the District, including amounts to be paid by the Commission, at June 30, 2023 for debt service (principal and interest) are as follows:

	Local	Local	SFCC	SFCC	
Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$1,103,388	\$535,450	\$401,612	\$177,751	\$2,218,201
2025	1,128,604	508,308	411,396	169,795	2,218,103
2026	1,162,150	479,028	422,850	161,432	2,225,460
2027	908,160	448,193	351,840	151,548	1,859,742
2028	931,409	423,861	358,591	139,797	1,853,658
2029-2033	5,088,671	1,685,320	1,956,329	128,441	8,858,761
2034-2038	5,961,630	743,372	1,293,370	118,670	8,117,042
2039-2040	1,450,549	7,125	44,691	394,037	1,896,402
	\$17,734,561	\$4,830,657	\$5,240,679	\$1,441,472	\$29,247,369

### Defeased Bonds

The District defeased prior bonds with the KISTA ED series. The refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$178,540. This difference, reported in the accompanying statement of net position as a deferred outflow of resources, will be amortized to operations in future years. The balance of the deferred loss on refunding as of June 30, 2023 was \$38,257.

### NOTE 4 - LONG-TERM DEBT AND LEASE OBLIGATIONS (cont'd)

### Intangible Right-to-Use Lease Liabilities

In FY 2022, the District implemented the guidance of GASBS No. 87, *Leases*, for accounting and reporting leases that had previously been reported as operating leases.

The District leases a variety of copier/printers from Toshiba Business Solutions for a term of 48 months. The lease requires a minimum monthly lease payment of \$2,195, plus additional charges for excess usage and excluding applicable taxes. For purposes of discounting future payments on the lease, the District used the interest rate (2.5%) on its 2019 bond issue to determine an appropriate discount rate. The leased equipment and accumulated amortization of the right-to-use assets are outlined in Note 3.

The District leases real property at 1112 West Lexington Ave. Danville, KY 40422 from Melissa and Matthew Marlowe for a term of 48 months. The lease requires a minimum monthly lease payment of \$1,500 in year 1, \$1,545 in year 2, \$1,590 in year 3, and \$1,635 in year 4. For purposes of discounting future payments on the lease, the District used the interest rate (3%) to determine an appropriate discount rate. The leased property and accumulated amortization of the right-to-use assets are outlined in Note 3.

Minimum lease payments over the next five years include:

	Lease Payments to Maturity				
	Principal Interest Total				
FY 2024	42,759	2,397	45,156		
FY 2025	39,533	1,232	40,765		
FY 2026	18,376	440	18,816		
FY 2027	4,680	23	4,703		
	105,348	4,092	109,440		

The following is a summary of the District's long-term debt transactions for the year ended June 30, 2023:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
Bonds	\$24,450,240	\$ -	\$ 1,475,000	\$22,975,240	\$ 1,505,000
Net Bond Premiums (Discounts)	(268,939)	-	21,341	(247,598)	-
Capital Lease Obligations	8,898	-	8,898	-	-
Taxpayer Refunds Due	472,000	-	239,000	233,000	233,000
Lease Liabilities	71,976	70,840	37,468	105,348	42,758
Sick Leave	450,858		170,466	280,392	89,715
Total	\$25,185,033	\$70,840	\$ 1,952,173	\$23,346,382	\$ 1,870,473

### **NOTE 5 – RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES**

Prior to the year ended June 30, 2023, the World Health Organization declared the coronavirus disease (COVID-19) outbreak to be a pandemic. COVID -19 continues to spread across the globe and is impacting worldwide economic activity. The continued spread of the disease represents a significant risk that operations will continue to be disrupted for the foreseeable future. The full extent to which COVID-19 impacts the District will depend on future developments which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted.

### **NOTE 6 – RETIREMENT PLANS**

The District's employees are provided with two pension plans, based on each position's college degree requirement. The County Employees Retirement System covers employees whose position does not require a college degree or teaching certification. The Kentucky Teachers Retirement System covers positions requiring teaching certification or otherwise requiring a college degree.

General information about the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous ("CERS")

Plan description—Employees whose positions do not require a degree beyond a high school diploma are covered by the CERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Kentucky Public Pensions Authority (KPPA), an agency of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. As of April 1, 2021, Kentucky Revised Statute ("KRS") Section 78.782 shifted the governance of CERS to a separate Board of Trustees of the County Employees Retirement System. The CERS Board manages the CERS trust, including investment management.

KPPA provides the day-to-day administration (KRS 61.505) for accounting and benefit administration for CERS. The Kentucky General Assembly has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. The Kentucky Public Pensions Authority issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for CERS. That report may be obtained from <a href="http://kyret.ky.gov/">http://kyret.ky.gov/</a>.

Benefits provided—CERS provides retirement, health insurance, death and disability benefits to Plan employees and beneficiaries. Employees are vested in the plan after five years' service.

### NOTE 6 – RETIREMENT PLANS (Cont'd)

For retirement purposes, employees are grouped into three tiers, based on hire date:

Tier 1	Participation date Unreduced retirement Reduced retirement	Before September 1, 2008 27 years of service or 65 years old At least 5 years of service and 55 years old At least 25 years of service and any age
Tier 2	Participation date Unreduced retirement Reduced retirement	September 1, 2008 – December 31, 2013 At least 5 years of service and 65 years old Or age 57+ and the sum of service years plus age equal 87 At least 10 years of service and 60 years old
Tier 3	Participation date Unreduced retirement	After December 31, 2013 At least 5 years of service and 65 years old Or age 57+ and the sum of service years plus age equal 87
	Reduced retirement	Not available

Cost of living adjustments are provided at the discretion of the General Assembly. In 2013, the General Assembly established funding status thresholds which must be achieved before another COLA can be awarded to retirees.

Retirement is based on a factor of the number of years' service and hire date multiplied by the average of the highest five years' earnings. Reduced benefits are based on factors of both of these components.

Death benefits are provided for both death after retirement and death prior to retirement. Death benefits after retirement are \$5,000 in lump sum. Five years' service is required for death benefits prior to retirement and the employee must have suffered a duty-related death. The decedent's beneficiary will receive the higher of the normal death benefit and \$10,000 plus 25% of the decedent's monthly final rate of pay and any dependent child will receive 10% of the decedent's monthly final rate of pay up to 40% for all dependent children. Five years' service is required for nonservice-related disability benefits.

Employer Contributions – For the year ended June 30, 2023, employer contributions were established by the County Employees Retirement Systems in December 2021. The governing Board establishes employer contribution rates based on the annual actuarial valuation completed in November each year for the fiscal year beginning the following July 1. For fiscal year 2023, the employer contribution rate for CERS nonhazardous pensions was 23.4% and hazardous pensions was 42.81%. In fiscal year 2022, these rates were 22.78% and 35.60%, respectively. Rates for both 2023 and 2022 reflect the adjustments enacted by the Kentucky General Assembly to phase-in the actuarially determined rates. (See Note 7 for additional rate information for the OPEB plans.)

# NOTE 6 – RETIREMENT PLANS (Cont'd)

Employee Contributions – Required contributions by the employee are based on the tier:

	<u>NonHazardous</u>	<u>Hazardous</u>
Tier 1	5%	8%
Tier 2	5% + 1% for insurance	8% + 1% for insurance
Tier 3	5% + 1% for insurance	8% + 1% for insurance

General information about the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky ("TRS of Ky")

Plan description—Teaching certified employees of the District and other employees whose positions require at least a college degree are provided pensions through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS of Ky)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the Commonwealth. TRS of Ky was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the KRS. TRS of Ky is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS of Ky issues a separate publicly available financial report that can be obtained from the TRS of Ky website, at https://trs.ky.gov/administration/financial-reports-information/.

Benefits provided—For employees who have established an account in a retirement system administered by the Commonwealth prior to July 1, 2008, employees become vested when they complete five (5) years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, employees must either:

- 1) Attain age fifty-five (55) and complete five (5) years of Kentucky service, or
- 2) Complete 27 years of Kentucky service.

Employees that retire before age 60 with less than 27 years of service receive reduced retirement benefits. Non-university employees with an account established prior to July 1, 2002 receive monthly payments equal to two (2) percent (service prior to July 1, 1983) and two and one-half (2.5) percent (service after July 1, 1983) of their final average salaries for each year of credited service. New employees (including second retirement accounts) after July 1, 2002 will receive monthly benefits equal to 2% of their final average salary for each year of service if, upon retirement, their total service is less than ten years. New employees after July 1, 2002 who retire with ten or more years of total service will receive monthly benefits equal to 2.5% of their final average salary for each years of service. In addition, employees who retire July 1, 2004 and later with more than 30 years of service will have their multiplier increased for all years over 30 from 2.5% to 3.0% to be used in their benefit calculation.

### NOTE 6 – RETIREMENT PLANS (Cont'd)

Effective July 1, 2008, the System was amended to change the benefit structure for employees hired on or after that date. Members hired after July 1, 2008, must complete 27 years of service, attain age 60 and 5 years of service, or attain age 55 and 10 years of service. The annual retirement allowance for members hired after July 1, 2008, is 1.7% for 10 years or less of service; 2.0% for 10 - 20 years; 2.3% for 20 - 26 years; 2.5% for 26 - 30 years; or 3.0% for more than 30 years of service. The annual allowance is reduced by 6% per year from the earlier of age 60 or the date the member would have completed 27 years of service.

In 2021, the Kentucky General Assembly added a fourth tier to the TRS System. Members hired on or after January 1, 2022, will be eligible for a combined defined benefit and defined contribution plan. The defined benefit portion is based on length of service, final average salary, a multiplier, and the annuity option selected by the member. The defined contribution benefit portion is determined by an account balance funded by mandatory and voluntary contributions and the payment options selected by the member.

Final average salary is defined as the member's five (5) highest annual salaries for those with less than 27 years of service. Employees at least age 55 with 27 or more years of service may use their three (3) highest annual salaries to compute the final average salary. TRS of Ky also provides disability benefits for vested employees at the rate of sixty (60) percent of the final average salary. A life insurance benefit, payable upon the death of a member, is \$2,000 for active contributing employees and \$5,000 for retired or disabled employees.

TRS provides disability retirement allowance for members who are totally and permanently disabled after completing at least 5 years of service, but less than 27 years. The disability allowance is equal to 60% of the member's final average salary, payable over an entitlement period equal to 25% of the service credited to the member at the date of disability or five years, whichever is longer.

If the member is still disabled after the end of the entitlement period, the member receives a service retirement allowance, including additional service credit for the period of disability retirement. This extended allowance will not be less than \$6,000 and is not reduced for retirement prior to age 60 or completion of 27 years of service.

TRS provides a death benefit to a surviving spouse of an active member with less than 10 years of service. This benefit is \$2,880 per year unless the spouse has income from other sources that exceed \$6,600 which will reduce this death benefit to \$2,160 per year. A surviving spouse of an active member with 10 or more years of service is eligible for a death benefit actuarially equivalent to the allowance that the member would have received upon retirement. This benefit will commence on the date the deceased member would have been eligible for the service retirement and is payable during the life of the spouse. Additional benefits are provided for unmarried children under age 18 who are also survivors of the deceased member.

### NOTE 6 – RETIREMENT PLANS (Cont'd)

If an employee terminates covered employment before accumulating five (5) years of credited service, accumulated employee pension contributions plus interest are refunded to the employee upon the member's request. Cost of living increases are one and one-half (1.5) percent annually. Additional ad hoc increases and any other benefit amendments must be authorized by the General Assembly.

Contributions—Contribution rates are established by Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). Tiers 1, 2, and 3 non-university employees are required to contribute 9.105% of their salaries to the System for pension benefits. (See OPEB discussion for additional contribution rates.) For the FY22 measurement period, the Commonwealth of Kentucky, as a non-employer contributing entity, paid matching contributions at the rate of 16.105% of salaries for local school district and regional cooperative employees hired before July 1, 2008 and 17.105% for those hired after July 1, 2008, for pension benefits. (See OPEB discussion for additional contribution rates.) The 2020 actuarially determined combined member and state contribution rates for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 was 30.665% for non-university members hired before July 1, 2008, and 31.665% for those hired after July 1, 2008, and 31.665% for those hired after July 1, 2008, and 39.56% for non-university members hired before July 1, 2008. The Kentucky General Assembly increased the employer contribution in the state's fiscal year 2022 budget to reflect the actuarially determined rates, less the employee contribution.

The mandatory pension contribution for Tier 4 non-university employees hired on or after January 1, 2022, is 11%. Employer rates for Tier 4 are 10%. (See OPEB Note 7 for additional contribution rates.) Those employees may voluntarily contribute an additional amount, not to exceed the earnings on a paycheck.

### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for CERS. The District did not report a liability for the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for TRS of Ky because the Commonwealth of Kentucky provides the pension support directly to TRS of Ky on behalf of the District in a special funding situation. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related Commonwealth support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the CERS net pension liability	\$ 6,930,744
Commonwealth's proportionate share of TRS of Ky net pension liability associated with the District	52,815,783
Total	<u>\$ 59,746,527</u>

### NOTE 6 – RETIREMENT PLANS (Cont'd)

The net pension liability for each plan was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

The District's proportion of the net pension liability for CERS was based on the actuarial liability of the employees and former employees relative to the total liability of the System as determined by the actuary. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was 0.095874 percent. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized a decrease in pension expense of \$530,293 related to CERS and expense of \$4,818,967 related to TRS of Ky. The District also recognized on-behalf revenue of \$6,947,563 for TRS of Ky support provided by the Commonwealth paid directly to TRS of Ky.

At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual		•	
experience	\$ 7,410	\$	61,721
Changes of assumptions	-		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between	943,067		765,388
District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	201,336		299,596
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	713,611		
	\$ 1,865,424	\$	1,126,705

\$713,611 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30:	
2024	\$ (189,888)
2025	\$ 76,351
2026	\$ (58,242)
2027	\$ 196,887
2028	\$ -
Thereafter	\$ -

### NOTE 6 – RETIREMENT PLANS (Cont'd)

Actuarial assumptions - The total pension liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	CERS	TRS of Ky
Price inflation	2.30%	2.5%
Cost-of-living adjustment	0.0%	0.0%
Salary increases	3.30% - 10.30%	3.0-7.5%
Investment rate of return	6.25%	7.1%

Actuarial assumptions - The total pension liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	<u>CERS</u>	<u>TRS of Ky</u>
Inflation	2.30%	2.50%
Payroll growth rate	2.00%	N/A
Cost-of-living adjustment	0.00%	1.5%
Salary Increases-NonHazardous	3.30% - 10.30%	3.0-7.5%
Salary Increases-Hazardous	3.55% - 19.05%	N/A
Investment rate of return	6.25%	7.10%

For CERS, mortality tables used for active members was the PUB-2010 General Mortality table, for the non-hazardous system, and the PUB-2010 Public Safety Mortality table for the Hazardous system, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010. For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is a system-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019. For disabled members, the table used is the PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with a 4-year set-forward for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019.

For TRS of Ky, mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 and various set-forwards, setbacks, and adjustments for each of the groups; service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and active members. The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the board on September 20, 2021. The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 7.50 percent to 7.10 percent and the price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.0 percent to 2.5 percent. The Municipal Bond Index Rate used for this purpose is the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index.

For CERS, the long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the regular experience studies prepared every five years, at a minimum. The most recent analysis, performed for the period covering fiscal years 2014 through 2018, is outlined in a report dated April 18, 2019.

### NOTE 6 – RETIREMENT PLANS (Cont'd)

The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class is summarized the table below. The current long-term inflation assumption is 2.3% per annum for both the non-hazardous and hazardous plan.

zardous plan.		
	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Equity:	60.00%	
Public Equity	50.00%	4.45%
Private Credit	10.00%	10.15%
Fixed Income:	20.00%	
Core Bonds	10.00%	0.28%
High Yield Credit	10.00%	2.28%
Cash	0.00%	-0.91%
Inflation Protected:	20.00%	
Real Estate	7.00%	3.67%
Real Return	<u>13.00%</u>	4.07%
Total	<u>100.00%</u>	
Expected Real Return		4.28%
Long Term Inflation Assumption		<u>2.30%</u>
Expected Nominal Return for Portfolio		<u>6.58%</u>

For TRS of Ky, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS of Ky's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

5	<b>T</b>	Long-Term Expected
	Target	Real <u>Rate of Return</u>
<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Allocation</u>	
Large Cap U.S. Equity	37.4%	4.2%
Small Cap U.S. Equity	2.6%	4.7%
Developed International Equity	16.5%	5.3%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.5%	5.4%
Fixed Income	15.0%	(0.1)%
High Yield Bonds	2.0%	1.7%
Other Additional Categories	5.0%	2.2%
Real Estate	7.0%	4.0%
Private Equity	7.0%	6.9%
Cash	2.0%	-0.3%
Total	<u>100.0%</u>	

### NOTE 6 – RETIREMENT PLANS (Cont'd)

Discount rate—For CERS, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan employees and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment return of 6.25%. The long-term investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

For TRS of Ky, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 67. The actuary assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at the Actuarially Determined Contribution rates for all fiscal years in the future. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of CERS and TRS of Ky proportionate share of net pension liability to changes in the discount rate—The following table presents the net pension liability of the District, calculated using the discount rates selected by each pension system, as well as what the District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	_	1% Decrease	 Current Discount Rate	 1% Increase
CERS		5.25%	6.25%	7.25%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$	8,662,571	\$ 6,930,744	\$ 5,498,380
KTRS District's proportionate share		6.10%	7.10%	8.10%
of net pension liability	\$	0	\$ 0	\$ 0

Pension plan fiduciary net position—Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial reports of both CERS and TRS of Ky.

### **Deferred Compensation**

The District offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The Plan, available to all employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. This deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. GASB Statement No. 32, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans, was amended by GASBS No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans.

# NOTE 6 – RETIREMENT PLANS (Cont'd)

The GASB standards allow entities with little or no administrative involvement who do not perform the investing function for these plans to omit plan assets and related liabilities for these defined contribution plans from their financial statements. The District therefore does not show these assets and liabilities in this financial statement.

### NOTE 7 – POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS

The District's employees are provided with two OPEB plans, based on each position's college degree requirement. The County Employees Retirement System covers employees whose position does not require a college degree or teaching certification. The Teachers Retirement System of Kentucky (TRS of Ky) covers positions requiring teaching certification or otherwise requiring a college degree. Retired District employees receive some health care benefits depending on their length of service. In accordance with Kentucky Revised Statutes, these benefits are provided and advance funded on an actuarially determined basis through the CERS and TRS of Ky plans. The change in governance for CERS discussed in Note 5 for pension plan governance also applies to the CERS OPEB plans. The Kentucky Public Pensions Authority's publicly available financial report includes the CERS OPEB plan reports and may be obtained from http://kyret.ky.gov/. TRS of Ky issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="http://www.TRS">http://www.TRS of Ky.ky.gov/05 publications/index.htm.</a>

### **CERS Other Postemployment Benefits**

Plan Description—CERS health insurance benefits are also subject to various participation dates to determine eligibility and health insurance contribution rates. For employees who initiated participation in the CERS system prior to July 1, 2003, KRS pays a percentage of the monthly contribution rate for insurance covered based on the retired member's years of service and type of service. Non-hazardous members receive a contribution subsidy for only the member's health insurance premium. Hazardous members receive a contribution subsidy for both the member and dependent coverage.

Benefits Provided—Percentage of premium subsidies ranges from 0% for less than 4 years of service to 100% for 20 years or more of service. For members who initiated participation in the CERS system after July 1, 2003 until August 31, 2008, members must have 120 months of service in a state-administered retirement system to qualify for participation in the KRS health plans. Members who began participating with KRS on or after September 1, 2008, must have 180 months of service upon retirement to participate in the KRS health plans. Non- hazardous retirees receive \$10 toward the monthly premium for each full year of service.

Hazardous retirees receive \$15 toward the monthly premium and the hazardous retiree's spouse may also receive this contribution upon the retiree's death. The monthly insurance benefit has been increased annually by a Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) since July 2004.

### NOTE 7 – POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (Cont'd)

Contributions—CERS allocates a portion of the employer contributions to the health insurance benefit plans. CERS allocated 3.39% in FY 2023 and 4.17% in FY 2022 for the actuarially required contribution rate paid by employers for funding the nonhazardous healthcare benefit. Contributions for the hazardous OPEB plan were 6.78% in FY 2023 and 8.73% in FY 2022. In addition, 1% of the Tier 2 and 3 employee contributions are allocated to the health insurance plan for both hazardous and nonhazardous plans. OPEB contribution rates are declining as the funded status for CERS health insurance benefit plans approach 100%.

# CERS OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$1,891,988 for its proportionate share of the CERS collective net OPEB liability. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the collective net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2022, the District's proportion was 0.095869 percent. The District recognized OPEB expense of \$92,519 as the OPEB liability and deferred outflows of resources increased and the related deferred inflows of resources decreased.

At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

CERS		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual	-			
experience	\$	190,444	\$	433,877
Changes of assumptions		299,231		246,565
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		352,308		275,517
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share				
of contributions		56,872		214,860
District contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date	_	103,382	. <u>-</u>	-
	\$	1,002,237	\$	1,170,819

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$103,382 resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

### NOTE 7 – POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (Cont'd)

### Year ended June 30:

2023	(\$76,093)
2024	(\$75,559)
2025	(\$141,575)
2026	\$21,264
2027	\$0
Thereafter	\$0

Actuarial assumptions – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment rate of return Projected salary increases	6.25%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation. 3.30% - 10.30%, for non-hazardous, depending on years of service 3.55% to 19.05%, for hazardous, depending on years of service
Inflation rate	2.30%
Healthcare cost trend rates:	
Under 65	Initial trend rate starts at 6.40%, January 2021, and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 14 years
Ages 65 and Older	Initial trend starting at 6.3%, January 2021, and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 14 years
Municipal Bond Index Rate Discount Rate	3.69% for both hazardous and non-hazardous 5.70% non-hazardous and 5.61% hazardous

Post-retirement mortality rates (non-disabled) used a system-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013 – 2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g. initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience for the period covering fiscal years 2014 through 2018, is outlined in a report dated April 18, 2019. The investment return, price inflation, and payroll growth assumption were adopted by the Board in May 2021 for use with the June 30, 2021 valuation in order to reflect future economic expectations.

For CERS, the long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the regular experience studies prepared every five years, at a minimum. The most recent analysis, performed for the period covering fiscal years 2014 through 2018, is outlined in a report dated April 18, 2019. The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class is summarized the table below. The current long-term inflation assumption is 2.3% per annum for both the non-hazardous and hazardous plan.

### NOTE 7 – POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (Cont'd)

Asset Class	Target <u>Allocation</u>	Long-Term Expected <u>Real Rate of</u> <u>Return</u>
Equity:	60.00%	
Public Equity	50.00%	4.45%
Private Credit	10.00%	10.15%
Fixed Income:	20.00%	
Core Bonds	10.00%	0.28%
High Yield Credit	10.00%	2.28%
Cash	0.00%	-0.91%
Inflation Protected:	20.00%	
Real Estate	7.00%	3.67%
Real Return	<u>13.00%</u>	4.07%
Total	<u>100.00%</u>	
Expected Real Return		4.28%
Long Term Inflation Assumption		<u>2.30%</u>
Expected Nominal Return for Portfolio		<u>6.58%</u>

*Discount rate* – The single discount rate of 5.70% for CERS nonhazardous and 5.61% for CERS hazardous was used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022. The Single discount rate is based on the expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 6.25% and a municipal bond rate of 3.69%, as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of June 30, 2022.

Future contributions are projected in accordance with the current funding policy mandated in Ky Revised Statutes 61.565, as amended, which includes the requirement that each participating employer in the System contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate, which is determined using a closed funding period (the Kentucky General Assembly reset the amortization period to 30 years in 2020) and the actuarial assumptions and methods adopted by the Board of Trustees. Current assets, future contributions, and investment earnings are projected to be sufficient to pay the projected benefit payments from the retirement system.

However, the cost associated with the implicit employer subsidy for non-Medicare retirees is not currently included in the calculation of the System's actuarial determined contributions and any cost associated with the implicit subsidy is not paid out of the System's trust. The implicit rate subsidy is paid by the Commonwealth of Kentucky self-insurance fund, Kentucky Employees Health Plan. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to future expected benefit payments associated with the implicit subsidy.

### NOTE 7 – POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (Cont'd)

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 5.70%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.70%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.70%) than the current rate:

	_	1% Decrease	 Current Discount Rate	 1% Increase
CERS		4.70%	5.70%	6.70%
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$	2.529.286	\$ 1,891,988	\$ 1.365.154

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Current Health Care					
	1% Decrease		Trend Rate		1% Increase	
CERS						
District's proportionate share						
of net OPEB liability	\$ 1,406,651	\$	1,891,988	\$	2,474,786	

The Kentucky Public Pensions Authority's publicly available financial report includes financial reports for the CERS OPEB plans and may be obtained from <u>http://kyret.ky.gov/</u>.

### TRS of Ky POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS

The Commonwealth of Kentucky (State) reports a liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and expense as a result of its statutory requirement to contribute to the TRS of Ky Medical Insurance and Life Insurance Plans in a special funding situation for local school districts. Local school districts include a proportionate share of the liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and expenses for the cost-sharing medical insurance plan.

Plan description—In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 6, KRS 161.675 requires TRS of Ky to provide post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible employees and dependents. The TRS of Ky Medical Insurance Fund is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the TRS of Ky Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

### NOTE 7 – POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (Cont'd)

Benefits Provided—To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The TRS of Ky Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to employees under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. Once retired employees and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the TRS of Ky Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

Contributions–KRS 161.540 requires non-university members to contribute 3.75% to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, including members in Tier 4 hired after January 1, 2022. The Commonwealth of Kentucky contributes three quarters percent (.75%) from state appropriation and local school district employers contribute three percent (3.00%). In addition, the state contributes 1.57% for the cost of health insurance for retirees who are not eligible for Medicare. The total member and employer actuarially determined contribution based on the 2021 valuation was 4.62% for school district employees. The FY 22 difference between the total contributions and actuarially determined contribution (4.45%) was applied to reduce the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The FY21 total member and employer actuarially determined contribution rate was 4.64% and 4.44% (the excess payment) was applied to the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

# TRS of Ky OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$5,594,000 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability for medical insurance.

The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the collective net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2022, the District's proportion was 0.225348 percent.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 5,594,000
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB	
liability associated with the District	 1,838,000
Total	\$ 7,432,000

### NOTE 7 – POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (Cont'd)

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized a decrease in OPEB expense of \$222,338 as the liability increased, deferred outflows and inflows of resource decreased, and deferred contributions increased. In addition, the District recognized onbehalf revenue and expenses of \$98,228 for support provided by the State as a nonemployer contributing entity. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

KTRS		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual	-		-	
experience	\$	-	\$	2,352,000
Changes of assumptions		1,136,000		-
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on OPEB plan investments		297,000		-
Changes in proportion and differences between				
District contributions and proportionate share				
of contributions		1,644,000		485,000
District contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		319,343		-
	\$	3,396,343	\$	2,837,000

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB \$319,343 resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

### Year ended June 30:

2024	(\$106,000)
2025	(\$100,000)
2026	(\$97,000)
2027	\$229,000
2028	\$203,000
Thereafter	\$111,000

Actuarial assumptions – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment rate of return	7.1%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation.
Projected salary increases	3.00 – 7.50%, including inflation
Inflation rate	2.50%
Wage Inflation	2.75%
Single Equivalent Interest Rate	7.10%, net of OPEB Plan investment expense, including inflation

### NOTE 7 – POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (Cont'd)

Healthcare cost trend rates Under 65

Ages 65 and Older

Medicare Part B Premiums

7.0% for FYE 2022 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by FY 2032 5.125% for FYE 2022 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by FY 2025

6.97% for FYE 2022 with an ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2034

Mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and active members.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, rates of plan participation, and rates of plan election used in the in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience studies for the System, which covered the five-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the Board on September 20, 2021.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g. initial per capita costs, health care cost trends) used in the June 30, 2021 valuation of the Health Trust were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2021 valuation. The health care cost trend assumption was updated for the June 30, 2021 valuation and was shown as an assumption change in the TOL roll forward, while the change in initial per capita claims costs were included with experience in the TOL roll forward.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	<u>Allocation</u>	Rate of Return
Global Equity	58.0%	5.10 %
Fixed Income	9.0%	(0.10)%
Real Estate	6.5%	4.00 %
Private Equity	8.5%	6.90 %
High Yield Credit	8.0%	1.70 %
Other Additional Categories	9.0%	2.20 %
Cash	1.0%	(0.30)%
Total	<u>100.0%</u>	

# NOTE 7 – POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (Cont'd)

*Discount rate* - The discount rate used to measure the total health care OPEB liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 75. The projection's basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2021. In addition to the actuarial methods and assumptions of the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation, the following actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total payroll for the initial projection year consists of the payroll of the active membership present on the Valuation Date. In subsequent projection years, total payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 2.75%
- The pre-65 retiree health care costs for members retired on or after July 1, 2010 were assumed to be paid by either the State or the retirees themselves.
- Administrative expenses, except the administrative fee of \$8 PMPM paid to KEHP by TRS, were assumed to paid in all years by the employer as they come due and are not considered in the cash flow projections.
- Cash flows occur mid-year.
- Future contributions to the Health Trust were based upon the contribution rates defined in statute and the projected payroll of active employees. Per KRS 161.540(1)(c).3 and 161.550(5), when the Health Trust achieves a sufficient prefunded status, as determined by the retirement system's actuary, the following Health Trust statutory contributions are to be decreased, suspended, or eliminated:
  - Employee contributions
  - School District/University Contributions
  - State Contributions for KEHP premium subsidies payable to retirees who retire after June 30, 2010.

These adjustments were incorporated into the valuation with open group projections that assumed an equal, pro rata reduction to the current statutory amounts in the years if/when the Health Trust is projected to achieve a Funded Ratio of 100% or more. Here, the current statutory amounts are adjusted to achieve total contributions equal to the Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC), as determined by the prior year's valuation and in accordance with the Health Trust's funding policy. As the specific methodology to be used for the adjustments has yet to be determined, there may be differences between the projected results and future experience. This may also include any changes to retiree contributions for KEHP coverage pursuant to KRS 161.675(4)(b).

- Adjustments to the statutory contributions in future years were based on the following assumptions:
  - Liabilities and cash flows are net of expected retiree contributions and any implicit subsidies attributable to coverage while participating in KEHP.
  - Estimates for new entrants were based on the assumption that active headcounts would remain flat for all future years.

# NOTE 7 – POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (Cont'd)

Based on these assumptions, the Health Trust's fiduciary net position was projected to be sufficient to pay benefits.

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 7.10%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease		Current Discount Rate		1% Increase
KTRS	6.10%	_	7.10%	-	8.10%
District's proportionate share					
of MIF net OPEB liability	\$ 7,019,000	\$	5,594,000	\$	4,415,000

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Current Health	
	 1% Decrease	 Care Trend Rate	 1% Increase
KTRS			
District's proportionate share			
of net OPEB liability	\$ 4,194,000	\$ 5,594,000	\$ 7,336,000

*OPEB plan fiduciary net position* – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

### TRS Life Insurance Plan

*Plan description – Life Insurance Plan –* TRS administers the life insurance plan as provided by Kentucky Revised Statute 161.655 to eligible active and retired members. The TRS Life Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the life insurance plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees and the General Assembly.

*Benefits provided* – TRS provides a life insurance benefit of \$5,000 payable for members who retire based on service or disability. TRS provides a life insurance benefit of \$2,000 payable for its active contributing members. The life insurance benefit is payable upon the death of the member to the member's estate or to a party designated by the member.

### NOTE 7 – POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (Cont'd)

*Contributions* – The Commonwealth of Kentucky contributed 0.08% of salary to the Life Insurance Trust for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 and 0.07% for fiscal year June 30, 2022. The actuarial determined contribution rate for FY 23 was 0.08% and 0.07% for FY 22.

# TRS OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2023, the District did not report a liability for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability for life insurance benefits because the State of Kentucky provides the OPEB support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	0
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB		
liability associated with the District		91,000
Total	<u>\$</u>	91,000

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB revenue and expense of \$6,977 for support provided by the State.

Actuarial assumptions – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment rate of return	7.10%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation.
Projected salary increases	3.00 – 7.50%, including inflation
Inflation rate	2.50%
Real Wage Growth	0.25%
Wage Inflation	2.75%
Single Equivalent Interest Rate	7.10%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation.

Mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and active members.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, rates of plan participation, and rates of plan election used in the in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience studies for the System, which covered the five-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the Board on September 20, 2021.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g. initial per capita costs, health care cost trends) used in the June 30, 2021 valuation of the Health Trust were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2021 valuation.

### NOTE 7 – POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (Cont'd)

The health care cost trend assumption was updated for the June 30, 2021 valuation and was shown as an assumption change in the TOL roll forward, while the change in initial per capita claims costs were included with experience in the TOL roll forward.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
<u>Asset Class</u>	Allocation	Rate of Return
U. S. Equity	40.0%	4.40 %
International Equity	23.0%	5.60%
Fixed Income	18.0%	(0.10)%
Real Estate	6.0%	4.00 %
Private Equity	5.0%	6.90 %
Other Additional Categories	6.0%	2.10 %
Cash	2.0%	(0.30)%
Total	<u>100.0%</u>	

*Single Equivalent Interest Rate* - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability for life insurance was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 75. The projection's basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2021. In addition to the actuarial methods and assumptions of the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation, the following actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the projection of the Life Trust's cash flows:

- Total payroll for the initial projection year consists of the payroll of the active membership present on the Valuation Date. In subsequent projection years, total payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 2.75%.
- The employer will contribute the Actuarially Determined Contribution (AC) in accordance with the Life Trust's funding policy determined by a valuation performed on a date two years prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which the ADC applied.
- Administrative expenses were assumed to paid in all years by the employer as they come due and are not considered in the cash flow projections.
- Active employees do not explicitly contribute to the plan.
- Cash flows occur mid-year.

Based on these assumptions, the Life Trust's fiduciary net position was projected to be sufficient to pay all benefits for all current members.

# NOTE 7 – POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (Cont'd)

*OPEB plan fiduciary net position* – TRS of Ky issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <u>http://www.TRS of Ky.ky.gov/05\_publications/index.htm.</u>

### NOTE 8 – ACCUMULATED UNPAID SICK LEAVE BENEFITS

Upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of accumulated sick leave. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. At June 30, 2023, this amount totaled \$280,392.

### **NOTE 9 - INSURANCE AND RELATED ACTIVITIES**

The District is exposed to various forms of loss of assets associated with the risks of fire, personal liability, theft, vehicular accidents, errors and omissions, fiduciary responsibility, etc. Each of these risk areas are covered through the purchase of commercial insurance. The District has purchased certain policies which are retrospectively rated and include workers' compensation insurance.

### NOTE 10 - CONTINGENCIES

Funding for the District's Grant Funds is provided by federal, state and local government agencies. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. If, based upon the grantor's review, the funds are considered not to have been used for the intended purpose the grantor may request a refund of monies advanced, or to refuse to reimburse the District for its disbursements. The amount of such future refunds and un-reimbursed disbursements, if any, is not expected to be significant. Continuation of the District's grant programs is predicated upon the grantor's satisfaction that the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantor's intent to continue their programs. In addition, the District operates in a heavily regulated environment. The operations of the District are subject to the administrative directives, rules and regulations of federal and state regulatory agencies, including, but not limited to, the U.S. Department of Education and the Kentucky Department of Education. Such administrative directives, rules and regulations are subject to change by an act of Congress or the Kentucky Legislature or an administrative change mandated by the Kentucky Department of Education. Such changes may occur with little or inadequate funding to pay for the related cost, including the additional administrative burden to comply with a change.

### NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. To obtain insurance for worker's compensation, errors and omissions, and general liability coverage, the District participates in the Kentucky School Boards Insurance Trust Liability Insurance Fund.

### NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT (cont'd)

These public entity risk pools operate as common risk management and insurance programs for all school districts and other tax supported educational agencies of Kentucky who are members of the Kentucky School Boards Association. The District pays an annual premium to each fund for coverage. Contributions to the Workers' Compensation Fund are based on premium rates established by such a fund in conjunction with the excess insurance carrier, subject to claims experience modifications and a group discount amount. Dividends may be declared, but are not payable until twenty-four months after the expiration of the self-insurance term. The liability insurance fund pays insurance premiums of the participating members established by the insurance carrier. The Trust can terminate coverage if it is unable to obtain acceptable excess general liability coverage, and for any reason, by giving ninety days notice. In the event the Trust terminated coverage, any amount remaining in the Fund would be returned to the member on a pro rata basis.

The District purchases unemployment insurance through the Kentucky School Boards Insurance Trust Unemployment Compensation Fund; however, risk has not been transferred to such fund. In addition, the District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past several fiscal years.

### NOTE 12 - COBRA

Under COBRA, employers are mandated to notify terminated employees of available continuing insurance coverage. Failure to comply with this requirement may put the school district at risk for a substantial loss (contingency).

### NOTE 13 - DEFICIT OPERATING/ FUND BALANCES

The Food Service and Day Care Funds are operating as a deficit fund balance of \$302,037 and 45,274 at June 30, 2023, respectively. The following funds had operations that resulted in a current year deficit after transfers and other financing sources (see Note 14) resulting in the following reductions of fund balances:

SEEK Capital Outlay	\$55,718
FSPK Building Fund	\$216,969

### **NOTE 14 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS**

The following transfers were made during the year:

From Fund	To Fund	Purpose	 Amount
General Fund	Special Revenue	KETS	\$ 36,340
General Fund	Debt Service	Debt Service	\$ 292,726
Special Revenue	Construction	Construction	\$ 429,524
Capital Outlay	Construction	Construction	\$ 230,039
Building Fund	General	Capital Expenditures	\$ 522,764
Building Fund	Construction	Construction	\$ 98,676
Building Fund	Debt Service	Debt Service	\$ 1,355,894
Food Service	General	Indirect Costs	\$ 191,370
Day Care	General	Indirect Costs	\$ 4,465

### NOTE 15 - ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the Commonwealth of Kentucky contributed estimated payments on behalf of the District as follows:

Kentucky Teachers Retirement System	\$ 4,924,172
Health & Life Insurance	2,279,416
Technology	97,327
Debt Service	562,881
Recognized at the Fund Level	7,863,796
Additional pension & OPEB expense recognized	
at the Government-Wide Level	2,023,391
Total On-Behalf	\$ 9,887,187

These payments were recorded in the appropriate revenue and expense accounts on the statement of revenue, expenses, and changes in fund balance as follows:

General Fund	\$ 7,206,394
Food Service Fund	90,677
Debt Service Fund	562,881
Day Care Fund	3,844
Total	\$ 7,863,796

### NOTE 16– LITIGATION

The District is subject to several legal actions in various stages of litigation, the outcome of which is not determinable at this time. Management of the District and its legal counsel do not anticipate that there will be any material effect on the combined financial statements as a result of the cases presently in progress.

### NOTE 17- SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In preparing these financial statements, management of the District has evaluated events and transaction for potential recognition or disclosure through November 3, 2023, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

### NOTE 18 – PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

The District has determined that the net depreciated capital assets balance was understated in the prior year. This misstatement was corrected in the current year resulting in the prior period adjustment as shown in the Government Wide Statement of Activities.

These adjustments affected beginning balances for the year ended June 30, 2023 as shown in the following table:

	As Previously Reported	Adjustment	As Restated				
<u>Governmental:</u>							
Net depreciated capital assets	\$ 32,458,596	\$ 27,629	\$ 32,486,225				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 8,822,146	\$ 27,629	\$ 8,849,775				
Instruction	\$ 12,578,874	\$ (27,629)	\$ 12,551,245				

### **NOTE 19 - SUBSCRIPTION-BASED INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY ARRANGEMENTS**

The District adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs). The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by establishing uniform accounting and financial reporting requirements for SBITAs, improving the comparability of financial statements among governments that have entered into SBITAs, and enhancing the understandability, reliability, relevance, and consistency of information about SBITAs. Implementation of this standard as of July 1, 2022 had no effect on beginning balance, but did have a material effect on the government-wide financial statements in the current year as outlined below:

	Pri	ior to GASB No. 96	 After ementation of SBS No. 96	Effect of ementation
Statement of Net Position				
Net intangible subscription asset	\$	-	\$ 32,500	\$ 32,500
Net investment in capital assets	\$	9,143,183	\$ 9,175,683	\$ 32,500
Statement of Activities				
District administration	\$	598,784	\$ 566,284	\$ (32,500)

# DANVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# DANVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	1	ing Fiscal Year urement Date) 2023 (2022)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2022 (2021) 0.091874%		1 0		Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2020 (2019) 0.112660%		ting Fiscal Year surement Date) 2019 (2018)		orting Fiscal Year asurement Date) 2018 (2017)	rting Fiscal Year asurement Date) 2017 (2016)		ing Fiscal Year urement Date) 2016 (2015)
COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM: District's proportion of the net pension liability	C	.095874%							0.112974%		0.114170%	 0.120837%		0.118955%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	6,930,744	\$	5,857,688	\$	7,932,382	\$	7,923,428	\$ 6,880,462	\$	6,682,721	\$ 5,949,530	\$	5,114,515
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	2,718,194	\$	2,247,800	\$	2,391,423	\$	2,692,121	\$ 2,807,037	\$	2,838,806	\$ 2,845,555	\$	2,767,883
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		254.98%		260.60%		331.70%		294.32%	245.11%		235.41%	209.08%		184.78%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		52.42%		57.33%		47.81%		50.45%	53.54%		53.30%	55.50%		59.97%
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM: District's proportion of the net pension liability		0%		0%		0%		0%	0%		0%	0%		0%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability		-		-		-		-	-		-	-		-
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associate with the District Total	sd \$ \$	52,815,783 52,815,783	\$	41,496,740 41,496,740	\$	50,104,178 50,104,178	\$ \$	49,009,015 49,009,015	\$ 45,714,551 45,714,551	\$ \$	89,734,893 89,734,893	\$ 98,321,795 98,321,795	\$ \$	75,583,336 75,583,336
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	12,469,389	\$	11,965,310	\$	10,743,868	\$	11,756,248	\$ 10,916,800	\$	9,788,389	\$ 9,635,197	\$	9,198,491
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%		0.00%	0.00%		0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		56.41%		65.59%		58.27%		58.80%	59.30%		56.40%	54.60%		55.30%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. Note: These amounts are based on the prior year's measurement period, not the District's fiscal year.

#### DANVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	 2023	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016
COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM: Contractually required contribution	\$ 713,611	\$ 561,866	\$ 575,449	\$ 519,579	\$ 465,543	\$ 406,459	\$ 396,013	\$ 353,418
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 713,611	 561,866	 575,449	 519,579	 465,543	 406,459	 396,013	 353,418
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,049,620	\$ 2,654,067	\$ 2,391,423	\$ 2,692,121	\$ 2,870,179	\$ 2,807,037	\$ 2,838,803	\$ 2,845,555
District's contributions as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	23.40%	21.17%	24.06%	19.30%	16.22%	14.48%	13.95%	12.42%
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM: Contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 -	 -	 -	 -	 	 -	 -	 
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 12,469,389	\$ 11,965,310	\$ 10,743,868	\$ 11,756,248	\$ 10,916,800	\$ 9,788,389	\$ 9,635,197	\$ 9,198,491
District's contributions as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

### DANVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PENSION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

### COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM:

The actuarially determined contribution rates are determined on an annual basis using the actuarial valuation conducted two years prior to the year in which the contribution will be assessed.

**2020 Changes of Assumptions** – The amortization period for the unfunded liability was reset as of June 30, 2019, to a closed 30-year period.

**2019 Changes of Assumptions** – The 2019 actuarial valuation used updated mortality tables for all categories of members and beneficiaries and a system-specific mortality table for non-disabled retirees. In 2019, mortality rates for active members were based on the PUB-2010 General Mortality table, for the nonhazardous members and the PUB-2010 Public Safety Mortality table for the hazardous members, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010. Post-retirement mortality rates (non-disabled) used a system-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013 – 2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010. The PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality Table is used for post-retirement mortality for disabled retirees with a 4-year set-forward for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010. Previous valuations were based on RP-2000 Combined Mortality Tables.

**2017 Changes of Assumptions** – For the 2017 actuarial valuation, several key actuarial assumptions were revised. Changes in assumptions prior to 2016 provided minor adjustments to the actuarial measurements. The following table outlines the actuarial methods and assumptions that were used in 2019 and 2016 to determine contribution rates reported for all systems:

Assumption	2017 Valuation	2016 Valuation
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level of Percentage of	Level of Percentage of
	Payroll, closed	Payroll, closed
Remaining Amortization Period	26 Years	27 Years
Asset Valuation Method	20% of the difference between the market value of assets and the expected actuarial value of assets is recognized	20% of the difference between the market value of assets and the expected actuarial value of assets is recognized
Post-retirement benefit adjustments	0.00%	0.00%
Inflation	2.30%	3.25%
Salary Increase	<b>3.3% to 11.55%</b> varies by service), average, including Inflation	<b>4%</b> , average, including Inflation
Investment Rate of Return	<b>6.25%</b> , Net of Pension Plan Investment Expense, including Inflation	<b>7.5%</b> , Net of Pension Plan Investment Expense, including Inflation

### DANVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PENSION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

### COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Cont'd):

Changes of Benefit Terms -

- 2014: A cash balance plan was introduced for member whose participation date begins on or after January 1, 2014
- 2009: A new benefit tier for members who first participate on or after September 1, 2008 was introduced which included the following changes:
  - 1. Tiered Structure for benefit accrual rates
  - 2. New retirement eligibility requirements
  - 3. Different rules for the computation of final average compensation

### KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM:

**2022 Changes to Benefit Terms** – A new benefit tier was added for members joining the system on and after January 1, 2022. This tier increases the retirement age to either age 57 and 10 years of service or attainment of age 65 and 5 years of service. This tier includes a defined benefit foundational benefit based on service and final average salary plus a defined contribution supplemental benefit. More details about this new tier are available on the TRS website, https://trs.ky.gov/active-members/trs-1-trs-2-and-trs-3-member-information.

**2021 Changes of Assumptions** – The 2020 experience study was used to adjust rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality, and rates of salary increases to reflect actual experience more closely. The expectation of mortality was changed to the Pub 2010 Mortality Tables (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and actives. The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 7.50% to 7.10% and the price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.00% to 2.50%. In addition, the calculation of SEIR results in an assumption change from 7.50% to 7.10%.

**2018 Changes of Assumptions** – The 2018 actuarial analysis for TRS of Ky indicated that cash flow for the system would be sufficient to pay benefits in all periods. As a result, the discount rate for the 2018 study was the same as the long-term expected yield of 7.5%. In 2017, the analysis used a blended rate of 4.49% which included the application of the municipal bond index to periods after 2038. The actuarial gains for this change will be recognized over the average remaining service lives for active members (10.6 years for the 2020 valuation) and are creating negative pension expense for the TRS pension system.

**2017 Changes of Assumptions** – The Single Equivalent Interest Rate was increased from 4.20% to 4.49%.

**2016 Changes of Assumptions** – The Single Equivalent Interest Rate was decreased from 4.88% to 4.20%. Rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted based on an experience study conducted in 2015. The Assumed Salary Scale, Price Inflation, and Wage Inflation were also decreased.

**2015 Changes of Assumptions** – The Single Equivalent Interest Rate was decreased from 5.23% to 4.88%.

**2014 Changes of Assumptions** – The Single Equivalent Interest Rate was increased from 5.16% to 5.23%.

#### DANVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET OPEB LIABILITY - MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2023 (2022)		1	ting Fiscal Year surement Date) 2022 (2021)	1	ting Fiscal Year surement Date) 2021 (2020)	1	rting Fiscal Year asurement Date) 2020 (2019)	1	rting Fiscal Year asurement Date) 2019 (2018)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2018 (2017)			
COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM: District's proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.095869%		0.091853%		0.103498%	0.112720%			0.112974%		0.114170%		
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	1,891,988	\$	1,758,480	\$	2,499,162	\$	1,895,900	\$	2,005,918	\$	2,295,208		
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	2,718,194	\$	2,247,800	\$	2,391,423	\$	2,692,121	\$	2,807,037	\$	2,838,803		
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		69.60%		78.23%		104.51%		70.42%		71.46%		80.85%		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	60.95%		62.91%		51.67%		60.44%			57.62%		52.40%		
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM: District's proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.225348%		0.170176%		0.088811%		0.191130%		0.179800%		0.175100%		
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	5,594,000	\$	3,651,000	\$	4,776,000	\$	5,594,000	\$	6,239,000	\$	6,244,144		
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associa with the District Total	ted \$ \$	1,838,000 7,432,000	\$ \$	2,965,000 6,616,000	\$ \$	3,826,000 8,602,000	\$	4,518,000 10,112,000	\$	5,377,000 11,616,000	\$ \$	5,101,000 11,345,144		
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	10,855,362	\$	9,954,803	\$	10,743,868	\$	11,756,248	\$	10,916,800	\$	9,788,389		
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		51.53%		36.68%		44.45%		47.58%		57.15%		63.79%		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		47.75%		51.74%		39.05%		32.58%		25.54%		21.18%		

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

**Note:** These amounts are based on the prior year's measurement period, not the District's fiscal year.

#### DANVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	2023		2022		 2021	 2020	 2019	2018		
COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM: Contractually required contribution	\$	103,382	\$	153,410	\$ 113,832	\$ 128,145	\$ 150,970	\$	131,931	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		103,382		153,410	 113,832	 128,145	 150,970		131,931	
Contribution deficiency (excess)		-		-	-	-	-		-	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	3,049,620	\$	2,654,067	\$ 2,391,423	\$ 2,692,121	\$ 2,870,179	\$	2,807,037	
District's contributions as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		3.39%		5.78%	4.76%	4.76%	5.26%		4.70%	
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM: Contractually required contribution	\$	319,343	\$	299,005	\$ 322,316	\$ 352,687	\$ 325,098	\$	327,504	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		319,343		299,005	 322,316	 352,687	 325,098		327,504	
Contribution deficiency (excess)		-		-	-	-	-		-	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	10,855,362	\$	9,954,803	\$ 10,743,868	\$ 11,756,248	\$ 10,836,000	\$	10,916,800	
District's contributions as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		2.94%		3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%		3.00%	

**Note:** Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Note: These amounts are based on the prior year's measurement period, not the District's fiscal year.

## DANVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM:

Valuation Date: June 30, 2021

**2022 Changes in Actuarial Assumptions**: Discount rate used to calculate the total OPEB liability increased from 5.20% to 5.70% for the CERs non-hazardous insurance plan.

**2021 Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:** Initial rates for health cost trends for retirees under age 65 were lowered from 6.4% to 6.25% and rates for retirees ages 65 or older were increased from 2.9% to 5.5%. Municipal bond index rate was lowered from 2.45% to 1.92% (Fidelity 20-Year Municipal GO AA Index). And the single discount rate for the CERS non-hazardous insurance plan was lowered from 5.34% to 5.20%.

**2017 Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:** The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions which were changed from the 2016 actuarial valuation, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment rate of Return Projected salary increases Inflation rate	6.25%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation. 4% average 3.25%
Healthcare cost trend rates	
Under 65	Initial trend starting at 7.50% and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 5.00% over a period of 5 years
Ages 65 and Older	Initial trend starting at 5.50% and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 5.00% over a period of 2 years
Municipal Bond Index Rate	3.56%
Discount Rate	5.84%

#### KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM:

Valuation Date: June 30, 2021

**2022 Changes to Benefit Terms**: A new benefit tier was added for members joining the system on and after January 1, 2022. This tier increases the retirement age to either age 57 and 10 years of service or attainment of age 65 and 5 years of service. This tier includes a defined benefit foundational benefit based on service and final average salary plus a defined contribution supplemental benefit. More details about this new tier are available on the TRS website, https://trs.ky.gov/active-members/trs-1-trs-2-and-trs-3-member-information.

#### 2021 Changes to Actuarial Assumptions:

- In the 2020 experience study, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality, and rates of salary increases were
  adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely. The expectation of mortality was changed to the Pub2010 Mortality
  Tables (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set forwards, setbacks, and
  adjustments for each of the groups; service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and actives.
- The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 8.00% for the Health Trust to 7.10% The price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.00% to 2.5%
- The rates of member participation and spousal participation were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely.

2020 Changes to Actuarial Assumptions: The actuary updated the health care trend rates based on current economic data.

**2019 Changes to Actuarial Assumptions:** The State's biennial budget for the two years ended June 30, 2022, included the actuarially determined contribution (ADC) rate for the TRS of Ky system plus additional contributions to address the shortfall from previous years. The actuarial analysis for the June 30, 2019 measurement included an assumption that future state contributions would be based on the ADC which provides sufficient funding for all future periods. As a result, TRS used the long-term rate of return, 7.5%, as the 2019 discount rate instead of a blended rate that included the municipal bond index for certain future periods.

**2017 Changes to benefit terms:** With the passage of House Bill 471, the eligibility for non-single subsidies (NSS) for the KEHP-participating members who retire prior to July 1, 2010 is restored, but the State will only finance, via its KEHP "shared responsibility" contributions, the costs of the NSS related to those KEHP-participating members who retired on or after July 1, 2010.

#### DANVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET OPEB LIABILITY - LIFE INSURANCE PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		ing Fiscal Year urement Date) 2023 (2022)		rting Fiscal Year asurement Date) 2022 (2021)		erting Fiscal Year asurement Date) 2021 (2020)		borting Fiscal Year leasurement Date) 2020 (2019)		borting Fiscal Year leasurement Date) 2019 (2018)		Doorting Fiscal Year (leasurement Date) 2018 (2017)
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM: District's proportion of the net OPEB liability		0%		0%		0%		0%		0%		0%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability		-		-		-		-		-		-
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associat with the District Total	ed \$ \$	91,000 91,000	\$ \$	39,000 39,000	\$ \$	116,000 116,000	\$ \$	105,000 105,000	\$ \$	92,000 92,000	\$ \$	68,000 68,000
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	10,855,362	\$	9,954,803	\$	10,743,868	\$	11,756,248	\$	10,916,800	\$	9,788,389
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		73.97%		89.15%		71.57%		73.40%		74.97%		79.99%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Note: These amounts are based on the prior year's measurement period, not the District's fiscal year.

### DANVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - LIFE INSURANCE PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	 2023	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM: Contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 	 	 	 	 	 
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-	-	-	-	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 10,855,362	\$ 9,954,803	\$ 10,743,868	\$ 11,756,248	\$ 10,916,800	\$ 9,788,389
District's contributions as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be

displayed as they become available.

Note: These amounts are based on the prior year's measurement period, not the District's fiscal year.

## DANVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – LIFE INSURANCE PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

### KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM:

Valuation Date: June 30, 2021

#### 2021 Changes to assumptions:

- In the 2020 experience study, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality, and rates of salary
  increases were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely. The expectation of mortality was
  changed to the Pub2010 Mortality Tables (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) projected generationally with MP2020 with various set forwards, setbacks, and adjustments for each of the groups; service retirees,
  contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and actives.
- The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 7.50% for the Life Trust to 7.10% The price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.00% to 2.5%
- The rates of member participation and spousal participation were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely.

### 2017 Changes to benefit terms:

With the passage of House Bill 471, the eligibility for non-single subsidies (NSS) for the KEHPparticipating members who retire prior to July 1, 2010 is restored, but the State will only finance, via its KEHP "shared responsibility" contributions, the costs of the NSS related to those KEHPparticipating members who retired on or after July 1, 2010.

# DANVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES

#### DANVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

ASSETS:		DISTRICT ACTIVITY FUND	5	STUDENT ACTIVITY FUND	_	SEEK CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND	FSPK BUILDING FUND	CONSTRUCTION	DEBT SERVICE FUND	_	TOTAL NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	64,390	\$	150,530	\$	117,835	\$ 118,153	\$ 614,593	\$ 	\$	1,065,501
TOTAL ASSETS	\$_	64,390	\$	150,530	\$	117,835	\$ 118,153	\$ 614,593	\$ 	\$	1,065,501
LIABILITIES: Accounts Payable	\$		\$		\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$	<u> </u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES		-		-		-	-	-	-		-
FUND BALANCES: Restricted	_	64,390	_	150,530	_	117,835	118,153	614,593		_	1,065,501
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	_	64,390	_	150,530	_	117,835	118,153	614,593		_	1,065,501
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	64,390	\$	150,530	\$	117,835	\$ 118,153	\$ 614,593	\$ 	\$_	1,065,501

#### DANVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

REVENUES:	DISTRICT ACTIVITY FUND	STUDENT ACTIVITY FUND	SEEK CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND	FSPK BUILDING FUND	CONSTRUCTION FUND	DEBT SERVICE FUND	TOTAL NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
From local sources:							
Taxes: Property	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	1,059,424	s -	\$-\$	1,059,424
Earnings on investments	 281	φ - -	ۍ - پ 1,272	2,184	پ 2,603	φ - φ -	6,340
Other local revenues	40,081	313,113	1,272	2,104	2,000	-	353,194
Intergovernmental - State		-	173,049	698,758	-	562,881	1,434,688
TOTAL REVENUES	40,362	313,113	174,321	1,760,366	2,603	562,881	2,853,646
Expenditures:							
Instruction	25,161	292,257	-	-	-	-	317,418
Instructional Support	5,335	-	-	-	-	-	5,335
Student transportation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	678,644	-	678,644
Non-instructional	-	-	-	-	10,099		10,099
	-	-			-	2,211,501	2,211,501
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	30,496	292,257	-	-	688,743	2,211,501	3,222,997
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures	9,866	20,856	174,321	1,760,366	(686,140)	(1,648,620)	(369,351)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Operating transfers in	-	-	-	-	758,239	1,648,620	2,406,859
Operating transfers out	-		(230,039)	(1,977,335)			(2,207,374)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			(230,039)	(1,977,335)	758,239	1,648,620	199,485
Net Change in Fund Balances	9,866	20,856	(55,718)	(216,969)	72,099	-	(169,866)
Fund balance - beginning of year	54,524	129,674	173,553	335,122	542,494		1,235,367
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 64,390	\$ 150,530	\$\$	118,153	\$ 614,593	\$ <u>-</u> \$	1,065,501

### DANVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES SCHOOL ACTIVITIES FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	ir foi	posits Held Custody Students ne 30, 2022	 Revenues		Expenses	_	Deposits Held in Custody for Students June 30, 2023
Danville High School	\$	95,258	\$ 220,613	\$	209,854	\$	106,017
Bate Middle School		30,416	65,872		54,586		41,702
Toliver Intermediate		219	18,622		18,400		441
Hogslett Primary		3,781	 8,006	_	9,417	_	2,370
	\$	129,674	\$ 313,113	\$	292,257	\$_	150,530

### DANVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES DANVILLE HIGH SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

ACCOUNTS:	Deposits Held in Custody for Students June 30, 2022	Revenues	Expenses	Deposits Held in Custody for Students June 30, 2023
AP Exams	\$ -	\$ 1,070	\$ 1,070	
Art Honor Society	17	-	-	17
Baseball	2,947	1,650	2,635	1,962
Bass Fishing	2,882	798	920	2,760
Bowl Account	14,473	16,979	14,072	17,380
Boys Basketball	9,301	4,755	13,041	1,015
Boys Soccer	123	5,284	2,900	2,507
Tennis	2,160	5,973	4,236	3,897
Career Association	362	-	362	-
Chearleaders	1,048	5,406	4,188	2,266
Chromebook Damage Fees	-	270	270	-
Community Service	-	674	674	-
Cross Country	2,005	10,888	9,984	2,909
DAF Sweep Acct	-	16,391	16,391	-
DECA Club	6	2,011	2,017	-
E-Sports	483	2,950	2,117	1,316
Faculty Fund	9	489	394	104
FCA	-	626	511	115
Fees (Student)	-	2,530	2,530	-
Football	1,718	9,475	4,645	6,548
Forensics	5,671	508	-	6,179
General Fund	3,579	3,300	2,488	4,391
General Athletics	18,273	50,197	44,394	24,076
Girls Basketball	8,122	4,223	11,245	1,100
Girls Soccer	505	6,822	6,238	1,089
Girls Softball	3,803	5,002	4,897	3,908
Golf	965	4	969	-
GSA Club	-	772	-	772
Guidance	-	-	-	-
Library	16	573	589	-
Literacy Club	-	500	273	227
Music/Vocal	-	92	92	-
National Honor Society	1,263	175	770	668
Parking Tag Fees	-	480	390	90
PEP Club	225	1,380	1,437	168
Play Production	-	9,336	9,336	-
Prom Account	2,998	3,640	3,816	2,822

### DANVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES DANVILLE HIGH SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Deposits			Deposits
	Held in			Held in
	Custody for			Custody for
	Students			Students
	June 30,	_	_	June 30,
ACCOUNTS:	 2022	 Revenues	 Expenses	 2023
Quiz Bowl	\$ 671	\$ 5,464	\$ 3,173	\$ 2,962
Recycling Club	1,500	-	881	619
Robotics	277	1,180	1,008	449
Senior Account	-	10,116	9,844	272
Scholarship	-	1,250	1,250	-
Spanish Club	98	115	-	213
Start Up Money	-	3,100	3,100	-
Student Council	1,027	1,589	945	1,671
Swimming	680	1,650	1,107	1,223
Textbooks	-	5,100	5,100	-
Thesbian Chapter Account	734	956	1,009	681
Track	2,687	5,349	4,379	3,657
UK Peer Network Project	-	-	-	-
Volleyball	965	3,981	3,477	1,469
Wrestling	1,489	5,450	4,354	2,585
Yearbook	2,176	90	336	1,930
TOTALS	\$ 95,258	\$ 220,613	\$ 209,854	\$ 106,017

#### DANVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards By Grant For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Federal Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing	Name of Grant - Grant ID No.	Federal Expenditures(\$)
Passed Through Kentucky Department of Education	Number		
United States Department of Agriculture			
Child Nutrition Cluster-Cluster			
National School Lunch Program (NSLP)			
National School Lunch Program (NSLP)	10.555	40015559 COMMODITIES	\$105,719
School Breakfast Program	10.553	7760005-22	67,855
School Breakfast Program	10.553	7760005-23	289,338
National School Lunch Program (NSLP)	10.555	7750002-22	199,767
National School Lunch Program (NSLP)	10.555	7750002-23	861,001
National School Lunch Program	10.555	9980000-22	48,380
National School Lunch Program	10.555	9980000-23	23,877
Summer School Feeding Program	10.559	7740023-22	28,055
Summer School Feeding Program	10.559	7740023-23	83,458
Summer School Feeding Program	10.559	7690024-22	2,891
Total Child Nutrition Cluster-Cluster	10.555	7050024 22	1,710,341
State Pandemic Adm Cost Grant	10.649	9990000-22	3,135
State Administrative Expenses for Child Nutrition	10.560	7700001-22	1,487
State Authinistrative Expenses for enild Nutrition	10.500	7700001 22	
Total United States Department of Agriculture			1,714,963
United States Department of Education			
Special Education Cluster (IDEA)-Cluster			
Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027	3810002-22	8,784
Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027	3810002-20	55,601
Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027	3810002-21	375,547
Total Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)			439,932
Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)		4900002-21	
Special Education Braschool Crants (IDEA Braschool)	04 172		7 424
Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool) Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)	84.173 84.173	ARP/Covid 19	7,434 22,370
		3800002-20	
Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)	84.173 84.173	3800002-21 3800002-22	4,500
Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool) Total Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)	64.175	3800002-22	980 35,284
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)-Cluster			475,216
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies (Title I, Part A of the ESEA)			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies (Title I, Part A of			
the ESEA)	84.010	3100002-22	541,197
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies (Title I, Part A of	84.010	2100202 21	42.044
the ESEA)	84.010	3100202-21	42,044
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies (Title I, Part A of the ESEA)	84.010	3100002-20	99,338
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies (Title I, Part A of			
the ESEA)	84.010	3100002-21	312,382
Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies (Title I, Part A of the ESEA)			994,961

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

#### DANVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards By Grant For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Federal Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Name of Grant - Grant ID No.	Federal Expenditures(\$)
Career and Technical EducationBasic Grants to States (Perkins V)	Number		
Career and Technical EducationBasic Grants to States			
(Perkins V)	84.048	3710002-22	25,886
Total Career and Technical EducationBasic Grants to States			
(Perkins V)			25,886
Rural Education			
Rural Education	84.358	3140002-20	8,213
Total Rural Education			8,213
English Language Acquisition State Grants			
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	3300002-22	7,833
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	3300002-20	5,218
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	3300002-21	9,431
Total English Language Acquisition State Grants			22,482
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant (formerly Improving			
Teacher Quality State Grants)			
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant (formerly	04.267	222002 22	<b>CO COO</b>
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants)	84.367	3230002-22	60,600
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant (formerly Improving Teacher Quality State Grants)	94 267	2220002 21	65 777
Total Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	3230002-21	65,777
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants)			126,377
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program			
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	3420002-22	20,503
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	3420002-20	18,817
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	3420002-21	8,207
Total Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program			47,527
Education Stabilization Fund (ESF)			
		4300002-21	
Education Stabilization Fund (ESF)	84.425U	Covid-19 ESSER	1,495,459
		4300005-21	
Education Stabilization Fund (ESF)	84.425U	COVID-19	4,394
Education Stabilization Fund (ESE)	94 42514/	4980002-21	1 210
Education Stabilization Fund (ESF)	84.425W	ARP ESSER HOMELESS 4000002-20	1,210
Education Stabilization Fund (ESF)	84.425D	Covid-19 ESSER	6,282
	0111200	4200002-21	0,202
Education Stabilization Fund (ESF)	84.425D	COVID-19	362,931
		4300002-21	
Education Stabilization Fund (ESF)	84.425D	COVID-19	965,687
		GEER II FRYSC564GF COVID-	
Education Stabilization Fund (ESF)	84.425C	19	40,448
		DEEPER LEARNING GRANT	
Education Stabilization Fund (ESF)	84.425U	563J	11,347
Total Education Stabilization Fund (ESF)			2,887,758
Total Department of Education			4,588,420
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$6,303,383

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

## DANVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS JUNE 30, 2023

## NOTE 1- BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the Danville Independent School District under the programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of operations of the Danville Independent School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the District.

## NOTE 2- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

- 1) Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- 2) Danville Independent School District did not elect to use the 10% de minimus indirect cost rate.

## NOTE 3 – FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Non-monetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District received food commodities totaling \$105,719.

## NOTE 4 – SUBRECIPIENTS

The District did not pass through any federal awards to a subrecipient in the current fiscal year.

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Danville Independent School District Danville, KY 40422

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Danville Independent School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Danville Independent School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 3, 2023.

### **Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Danville Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Danville Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Danville Independent School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Danville Independent School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management for the District in a separate letter dated November 3, 2023.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

### Summers, McCrary & Sparks, PSC

Lexington, KY November 3, 2023

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members for the Board of Education Danville Independent School District Danville, KY 40422

### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

#### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

We have audited the Danville Independent School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Danville Independent School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The Danville Independent School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the Danville Independent School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and the audit requirements prescribed by Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits, in the *Auditor Responsibilities, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements* sections contained in the Kentucky Public School District's Audit Contract and Requirements. Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Danville Independent School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Danville Independent School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Danville Independent School District's federal programs.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Danville Independent School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, the Uniform Guidance, and the audit requirements prescribed by Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits, in the Auditor Responsibilities, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements sections contained in the Kentucky Public School District's Audit Contract and Requirements will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Danville Independent School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance, and the audit requirements prescribed by Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits, in the *Auditor Responsibilities, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements* sections contained in the Kentucky Public School District's Audit Contract and Requirements, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Danville Independent School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the Danville Independent School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Danville Independent School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

### Summers, McCrary & Sparks, PSC

Lexington, KY November 3, 2023

# DANVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

# Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

# **Financial Statements**

Type of auditor's report issued - <u>unmodified</u>	ed							
Internal control over financial reporting:								
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes <u>X</u> no							
Significant deficiencies identified	yes <u>X</u> none reported							
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes <u>X</u> no							
Federal Awards Internal control over majority programs:								
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes <u>X</u> no							
Significant deficiencies identified	yes <u>X</u> none reported							
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for the major programs - <u>unmodified</u>								
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be report in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516 (a)?	yes <u>X</u> no							
Identification of major programs:								
	Name of Federal Program or Cluster Education Stabilization Fund (ESF)							
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	<u>\$750,000</u>							
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	<u>X</u> yes <u>no</u>							

## DANVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

# Section II – Financial Statement Findings

No findings in the current year.

# Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

No findings in the current year.

## DANVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

### **Financial Statement Findings**

### 2022-001 Insurance

Condition: The District's insurance policies did not cover 100% of replacement cost for all buildings and contents.

Criteria: Insurance requirements – 702 KAR 3:030; KRS 160.105

Cause: The District's insurance policy coverage amounts were less than the replacement costs as shown on the schedule of values certified by the Kentucky Department of Education.

Effect: Noncompliance with Kentucky Revised Statutes and Kentucky Administrative Regulations.

Recommendation: We recommend management review the insurance policy coverage amounts, and increase those where necessary as required by KAR and KRS.

Status: No similar finding this year.

<u>2022-002 Publication of Budget</u> Condition: The District's budget was not properly publicized.

Criteria: School district budget – KRS 424.250

Cause: The budget was not published in the newspaper.

Effect: Noncompliance with Kentucky Revised Statutes.

Recommendation: We recommend management ensure the budget is made publicly available as required by KRS.

Status: No similar finding this year.

## DANVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

### 2022-003 Publication of Financial Statements

Condition: The District's Annual Financial Report was not properly publicized.

Criteria: Publication of financial statements of school systems - KRS 160.463

Cause: The Annual Financial Report itself, nor a statement notifying the public of where the Report could be viewed, was not published in the newspaper.

Effect: Noncompliance with Kentucky Revised Statutes.

Recommendation: We recommend management ensure the Annual Financial Report is made publicly available as required by KRS.

Status: No similar finding this year.

## Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

No findings in the prior year.

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Members of the Board of Education Danville Independent School District Danville, KY 40422

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Danville Independent School District for the year ended June 30, 2023, we considered the District's internal control structure to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

However, during our audit, we became aware of several matters that are opportunities for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiency. The memorandum that accompanies this letter summarizes our comments and suggestions regarding those matters. This letter does not affect our report dated November 3, 2023 on the financial statements of the Danville Independent School District

We will review the status of these comments during our next audit engagement. We have already discussed many of these comments and suggestions with various district personnel, and we will be pleased to discuss them in further detail at your convenience, to perform any additional study of these matters, or to assist you in implementing the recommendations.

Respectfully,

Summers, McCrary & Sparks, PSC

Summers, McCrary & Sparks, PSC Lexington, Kentucky November 3, 2023

# DANVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT LETTER COMMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

## BOARD

### Payroll

- Comment: During payroll testing it was noted that 2 timesheets and 4 contracts could not be found. We recommend management follow the procedures that have been set in place and create an organized filing system for all employee files.
- Response: The district appointed a Chief of Staff and an HR Coordinator who are working to improve personnel record keeping. The district plans to implement Frontline for timekeeping, and it has purchased Powerschools for employee on-boarding and overall district contract management in FY24-25.

## SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS

### DANVILLE HIGH SCHOOL

- Comment: During our testing of cash disbursements, we noted multiple invoices were not being signed off on as being received, prior to payments being made. We recommend the school treasurer review the "Expenditures" section of the "Redbooks, which states the vendor invoice must have a confirmation signature of the person receiving the goods or services.
- Response: Redbook guidelines regarding invoice confirmation signature were reviewed with the DHS bookkeeper. Moving forward, invoices will not be paid without confirmation signature from the person receiving the goods or services. The district is providing additional Redbook training in FY24.

## BATE MIDDLE SCHOOL

- Comment: During our testing of cash disbursements, we noted multiple vendor invoices and standard invoices were not being signed off on as being received, prior to payments being made. We recommend the school treasurer review the "Expenditures" section of the "Redbooks, which states the vendor invoice or standard invoice must have a confirmation signature of the person receiving the goods or services.
- Response: Redbook guidelines regarding invoice confirmation signature were reviewed with the BMS bookkeeper. Invoices will be signed before being paid in the future. The district is providing additional Redbook training in FY24.

## DANVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT LETTER COMMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

- Comment: During our testing of cash disbursements, we noted multiple Purchase Orders that did not include the signature of the activity sponsor. We recommend the school treasurer review the "Purchasing" section of the "Redbook", which states the purchase order shall be prepares and approved by the sponsor and principal before payment is obligated.
- Response: PO signature requirements were reviewed with Bate Middle School. All three signatures of the sponsor, bookkeeper and principal will be obtained in order for PO's to be processed. The district is providing additional Redbook training in FY24.

# TOLIVER INTERMEDIATE SCHOOL

- Comment: During our testing of cash receipts, we noted receipt numbers were not being identified on the deposit slips. We recommend the school treasurer review the "Receipts" section of the "Redbook", which staters the deposit slip shall note the receipt numbers in the deposit.
- Response: The bookkeeper will list the receipt numbers on the deposit slips moving forward. The district is providing additional Redbook training in FY24.

# STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR COMMENTS

## BOARD

## <u>Payroll</u>

Previously during payroll testing, it was noted that several timesheets and contracts, and one employee file, could not be located. We recommend management create an organized filing system for all employee documents.

### Capital Assets

Previously while performing audit procedures over capital assets it was noted that the general ledger balances did not agree to the MUNIS capital asset module balances. We recommend management ensures the capital asset module is being maintained and regularly reconciled to the general ledger.

### DANVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT LETTER COMMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

### SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS

### DANVILLE HIGH SCHOOL

Previously during testing of cash disbursements, it was noted that the purchase orders did not contain 3 signatures as required by the "Redbook." We recommend the bookkeeper and the principal review the "School Activity Fund Purchase Order" F-SA-17 form in the Redbook, which shows 3 required signatures at the bottom of the form. There was no similar finding in the current year.

### BATE MIDDLE SCHOOL

Previously during testing of cash disbursements, it was noted that the purchase orders did not contain 3 signatures as required by the "Redbook." We recommend the bookkeeper and the principal review the "School Activity Fund Purchase Order" F-SA-17 form in the Redbook, which shows 3 required signatures at the bottom of the form. There was no similar finding in the current year.

### HOGSETT PRIMARY SCHOOL

Previously during testing of cash disbursements, it was noted that the purchase orders did not contain 3 signatures as required by the "Redbook." We recommend the bookkeeper and the principal review the "School Activity Fund Purchase Order" F-SA-17 form in the Redbook, which shows 3 required signatures at the bottom of the form. There was no similar finding in the current year.

### TOLIVER INTERMEDIATE SCHOOL

Previously during testing of cash disbursements, it was noted that the purchase orders did not contain 3 signatures as required by the "Redbook." We recommend the bookkeeper and the principal review the "School Activity Fund Purchase Order" F-SA-17 form in the Redbook, which shows 3 required signatures at the bottom of the form. There was no similar finding in the current year.