



RESOURCE GUIDE
for
Alternate Kentucky Summative
Assessment (AKSA)
Attainment Tasks
2026-2027

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Introduction

In response to feedback from Kentucky stakeholders, the Kentucky Department of Education (KDE) has created the Alternate Kentucky Summative Assessment (AKSA) Resource Guide. The purpose of this Resource Guide is to provide Kentucky teachers and administrators with a document that contains information related to content instruction and administration of the AKSA Attainment Tasks (AT). Based on feedback from teachers in the field, great effort has been made to further reduce the language, memory load, and complexity in the Attainment Tasks and remain aligned to the content standards.

In this document, teachers will find information on how to make adaptations to the Attainment Tasks while remaining compliant with the testing protocol. Additionally, this document provides pictures of general terms (that **may** be used in test administration) for each content area. Teachers may begin using these pictures during instruction to familiarize students with the pictures prior to testing. Finally, for some content areas at specific grade levels, this document provides additional instructional information based on assessment protocols.

General Information

This section of the Resource Guide has two specific purposes. First, this section will discuss some basic testing procedures. When administering the assessment, the test administrator should:

- Carefully read the italicized directions that precede each question. Instructions can change from question to question.
- Emphasize words in the questions that are bold and underlined (e.g., **not**, **most**, **likely**, **best**, etc.) when reading questions to the students.
- Determine for each student if words provided in parentheses () should be used in place of, or in addition to, the preceding word.
- Determine if the student would benefit from using the picture response options, having the test only read aloud, or if picture response options need to be adapted.
- Orient the student to the materials. Below are several examples of acceptable student orientation:
 - Prior to reading the question, draw the student's attention to the response options. (e.g., point to and read aloud each response option)
 - Read picture captions to the student while presenting each response option.
 - Direct the student to look at the Required Assessment Materials that are needed to answer the question (e.g., graphs, maps, storyboards, sentence templates).
 - When the task calls for completing a sentence template, tell the student in advance (e.g., "I will read an incomplete sentence, and then you will pick the best word/phrase to complete the sentence.").
 - If the question includes a cloze (fill in the blank) sentence, the test administrator may read the sentence with each response option.

- If a student needs pictorial support, present the pictures from the story board (that accompanies the passage) to the student as the passage is read aloud.
 - Each passage includes superscript numbers before sentences or groups of sentences. This superscript number corresponds to a picture on the storyboard. If using pictures, test administrators should present the corresponding picture as the passage is read.
 - Test administrators may cut apart pictures and sequence them by paragraph.
 - Test administrators may point to the pictures as they read aloud to the student.
 - Test administrators may cover and uncover pictures as appropriate.
- determined that the student is not focused or engaged in the assessment if it does not direct the student to the correct response.
- Modify and adapt materials as needed to ensure materials are presented to the student in the student's mode of receptive and expressive communication.

This section will also prepare teachers to make accommodations and adaptations to the Attainment Task itself. The Attainment Tasks are a scripted test, and therefore all materials should be read to the student. However, the student has the option of reading the test for him or herself. Teachers always have the option to present the question to the student and read each answer choice to the student (while pointing to the picture) prior to requesting a student response. As indicated above, it is recommended that the teacher orient the student to **all** materials prior to asking each question. For a student to receive adaptations to the test, the accommodations must be necessary for student participation and indicated on the student's Individual Education Program. The accommodations cannot guide or lead the student to the correct answer. Therefore, **any adaptation (e.g., coloring the picture) that is made for one response option for a particular question must be made to all response options in that question.** Additionally, even when response options are presented in a different format, they must be presented in the same order as they are presented in the task. Examples of some common accommodations (this is not an exhaustive list; please follow testing protocol to ensure the use of appropriate accommodations) include:

- Enlarge the tasks – Both questions (if necessary) and pictures may be copied and enlarged to facilitate access for students with low vision.
- Put the questions, sentence templates, pictures, and other needed materials into the student's receptive mode of communication (e.g., use tactile objects, Augmentative or Alternative Communication (AAC) device, or other modes of communication to present questions)
- Color the pictures – To provide high contrast, pictures may be colored.
- Highlight sections of text that need to be reread (e.g., when the task indicates to reread Line 7 of a poem if needed, the teacher may highlight Line 7 of the poem to help focus the student's attention to Line 7).
- Raise lines on graphs, maps and pictures using embosser, glue, or puff paint.

- Describe images to the student using the Image Scripts provided in the Required Assessment Materials Envelope.
- Use pictures that students have used in instruction if they are different from those provided in the task, ensuring that all response options are changed.
- Provide manipulatives to solve math questions.

Teachers may order specialized materials for students with visual impairments. These materials are provided only when the Required Assessment Materials can be enhanced using tactile graphics. Tactile graphics are embossed on special thermal paper. Tactile graphics of maps, charts, ecosystems and other relevant items are provided. Students should be receiving instruction on how to read tactile graphics throughout the year.

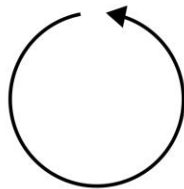
Glossary of General Terms

A picture glossary of general terms that may be used in the Attainment Tasks follows on pages 6-12. Based on teacher feedback across the state, beginning with the 2025-26 attainment task administration, emoji style images are incorporated into the tasks to represent emotions. There are still instances of characters showing emotions, but emojis will also be utilized.

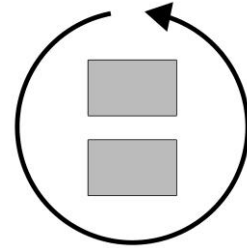
General Terms



Add, Improve, More, Increase



All, Every



All of the above



Bad Idea



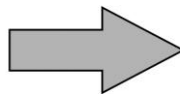
Bad, Harmful, Dislike/Hate,
Negative



Best



Caution, Concern, Attention,
Danger, Trouble



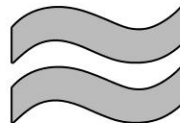
Change, Effect, Force
Movement



Clock, Time, Hours, Minutes



Collaborate, Friendship



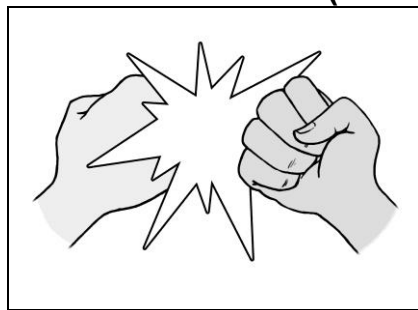
Compare



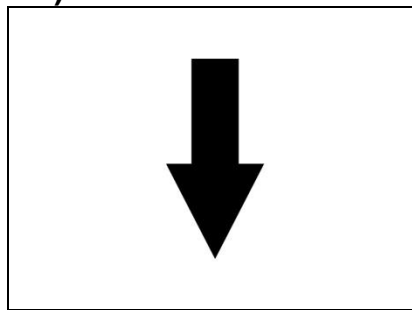
Compromise, Agree, Thank

Depictions in assessments may vary.

General Terms (continued)



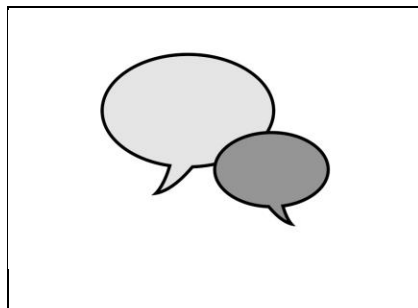
Conflict, Fight



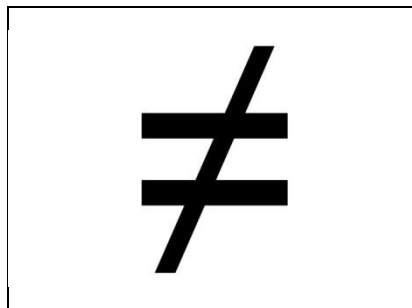
Decrease, Short, Down, Less,
Low, Not enough



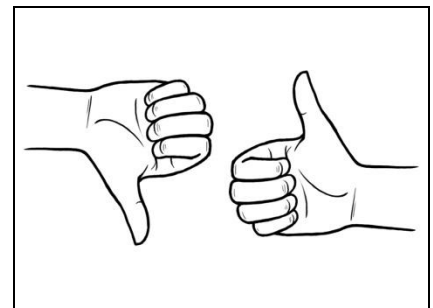
Detail, Find, Investigate



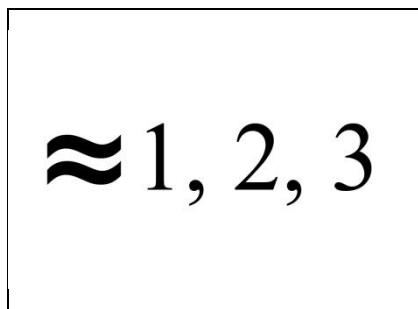
Dialogue, Social
Sharing Opinions



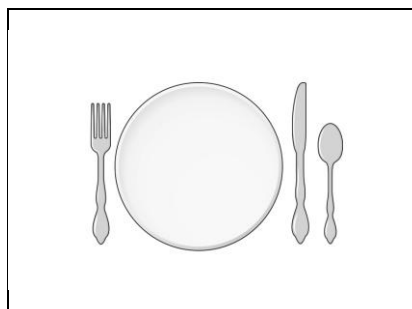
Different, Not equal,
Not the same



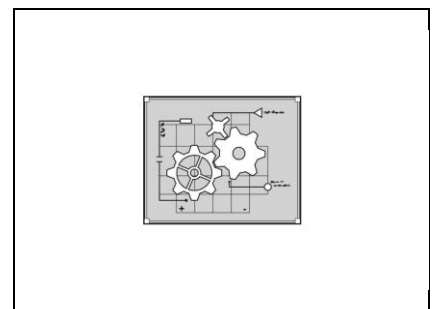
Disagree, Differences



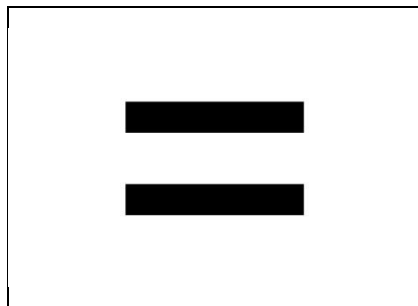
Easy



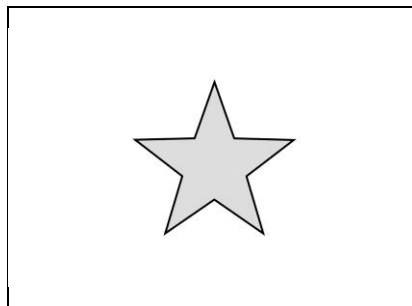
Eat, Food



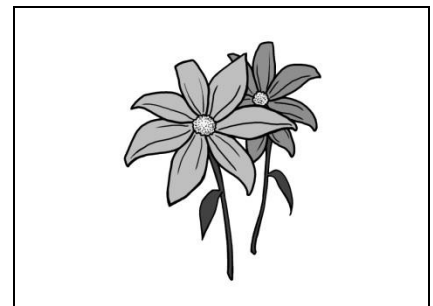
Engineering, Invention, Design



Equal, Neutral, Balance, Same,
No change, Identical, No effect
No impact, No difference, Stable



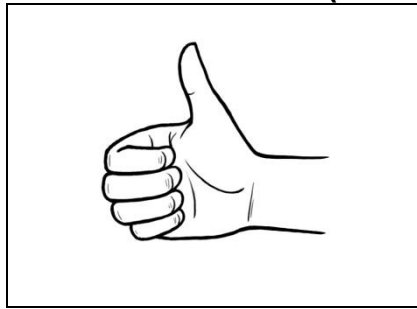
Favorite



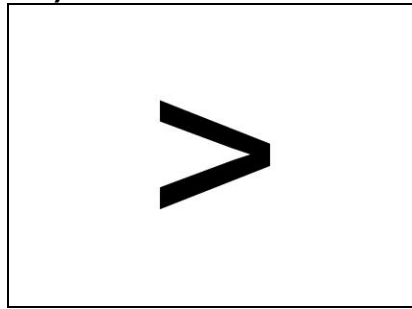
Flowers, Beauty,
Pretty, Vibrant

Depictions in assessments may vary.

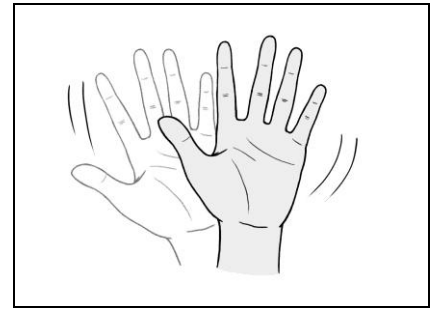
General Terms (continued)



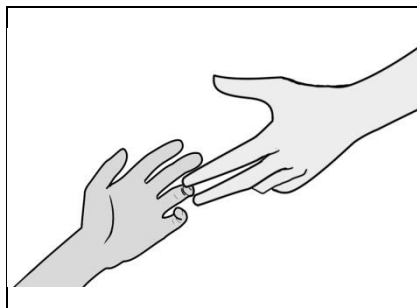
Good, Beneficial, Great, Well,
Positive, Like, Cool



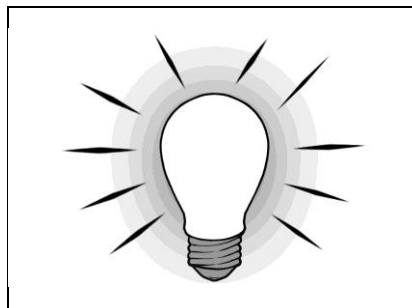
Greater than



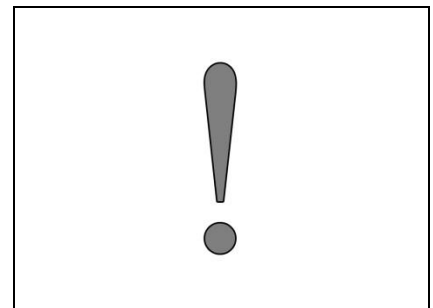
Hello



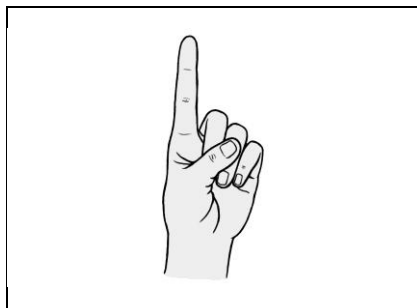
Help, Assist



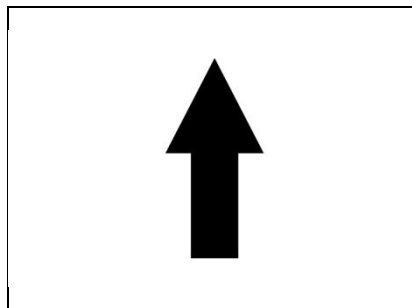
Idea, Main idea



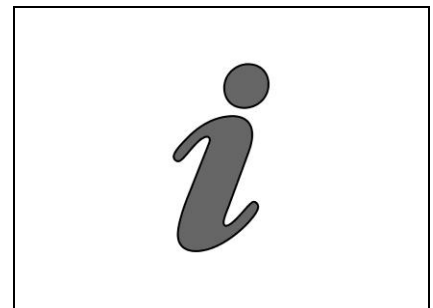
Important, Emphasis,
Excitement



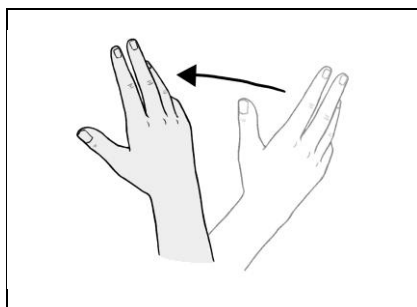
In conclusion, Opinion,
Persuade, Point, One



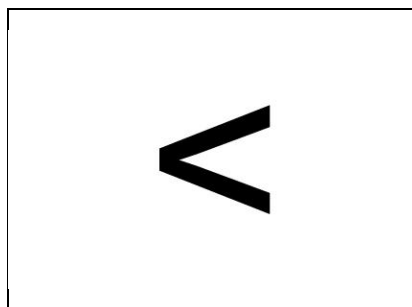
Increase, Long, Up, Tall, More,
Grow, Thrive



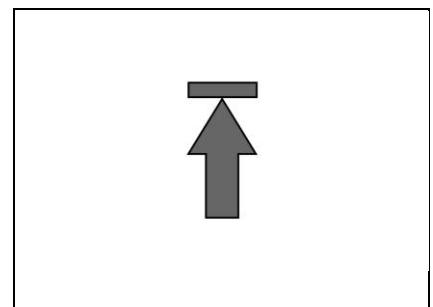
Information, Inform



Invite



Less than



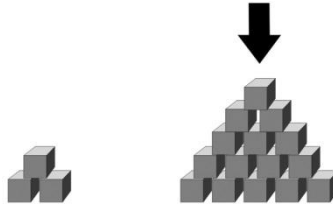
Limit, Constraint

Depictions in assessments may vary.

General Terms (continued)



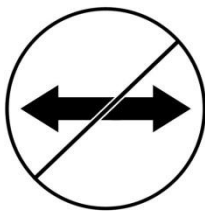
Maybe, Chance, Probability



Most



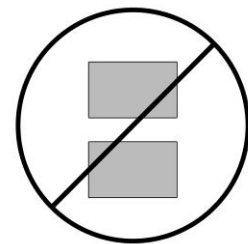
Music



No relationship



No, Stop, Bad, Extinct



None of the above



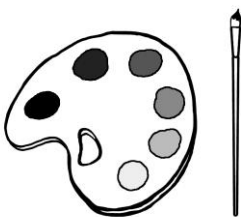
Not enough information



Online, Online source

- 1)...
- a.
- b.
- c.
- 2)...
- a.
- b.
- c.
- 3)...
- a.
- b.
- c.

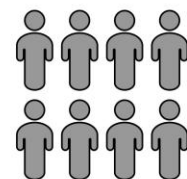
Organize, Outline, Discussion
points (may have text)



Paint, Creative, Art



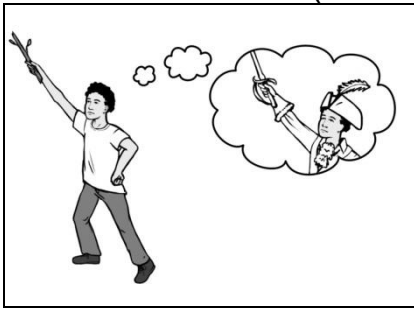
Popular



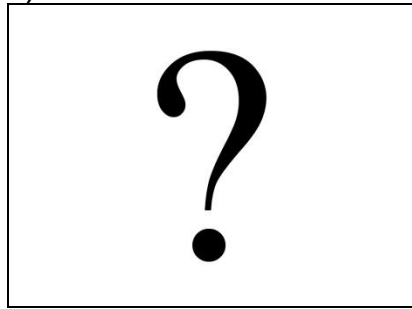
Population

Depictions in assessments may vary.

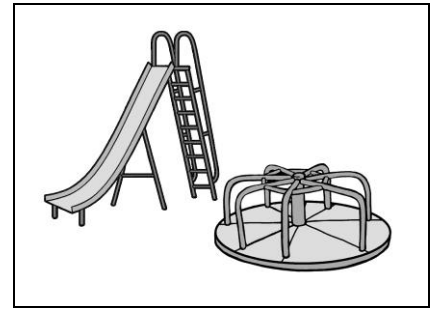
General Terms (continued)



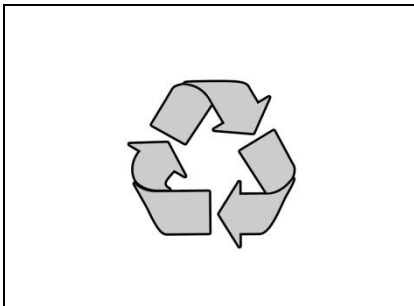
Pretend, Imagine



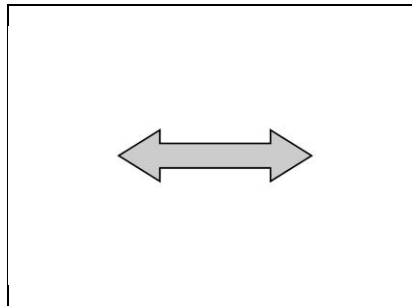
Purpose, Question, Ask, What



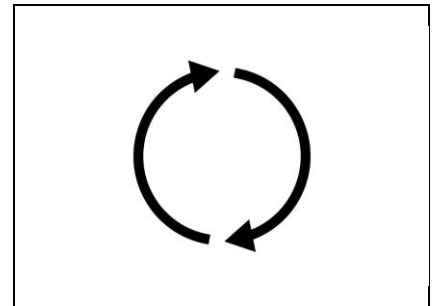
Recess, Playground



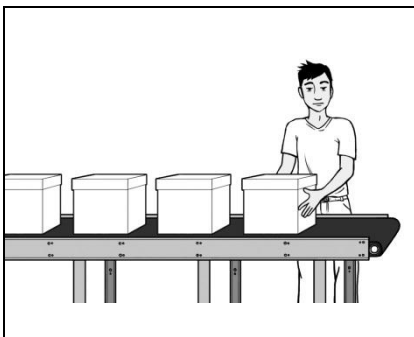
Recycle



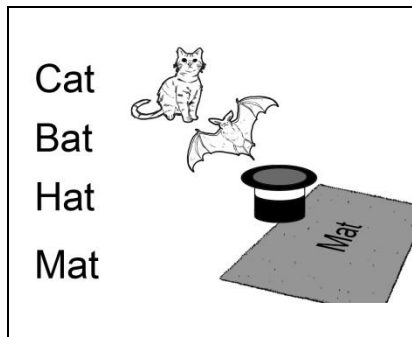
Relationship



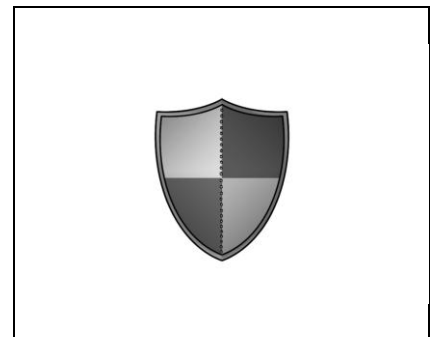
Repeat, Revise, Reuse



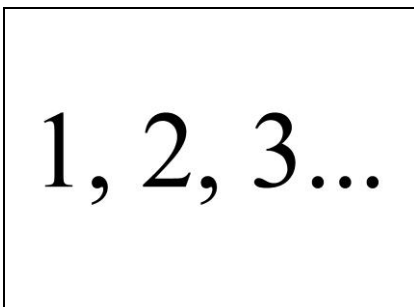
Repetition



Rhyme



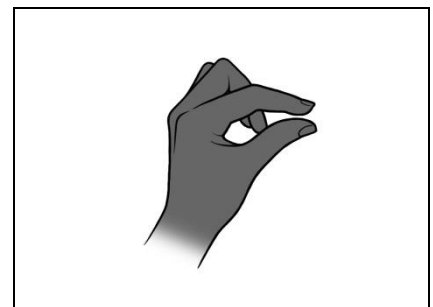
Safe, Protect



Sequence



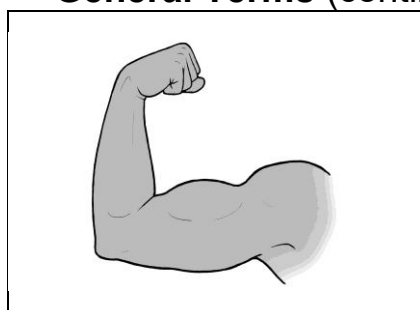
Social



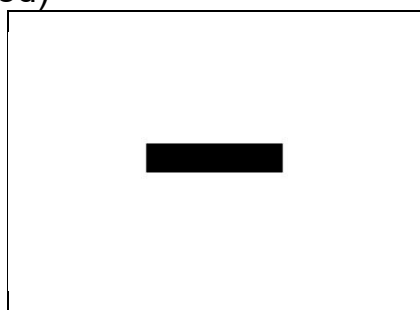
Somewhat, A little

Depictions in assessments may vary.

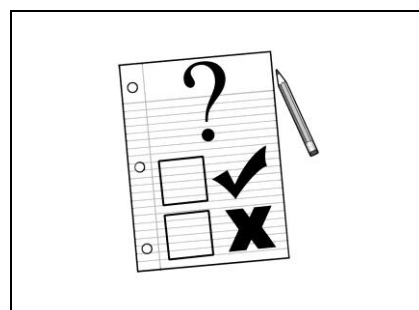
General Terms (continued)



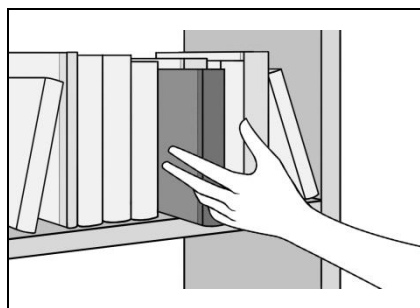
Strong



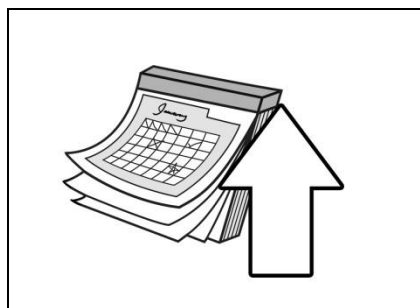
Subtract, Less, Decrease



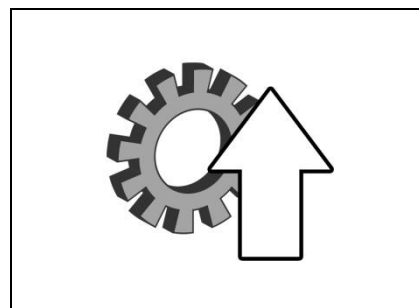
Survey



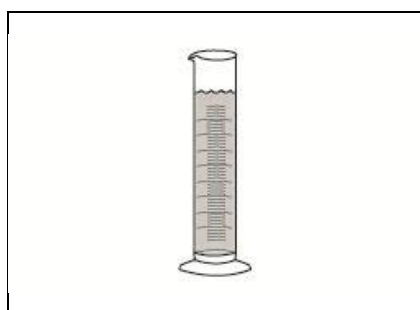
Topic



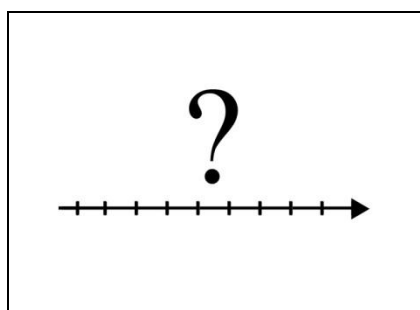
Update



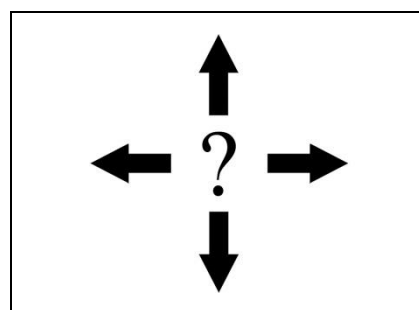
Upgrade (technology advance)



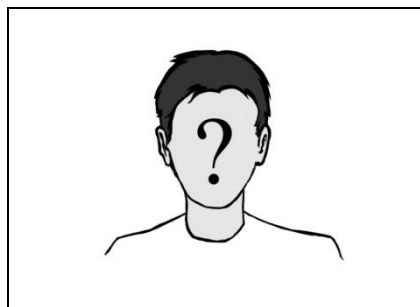
Volume



When



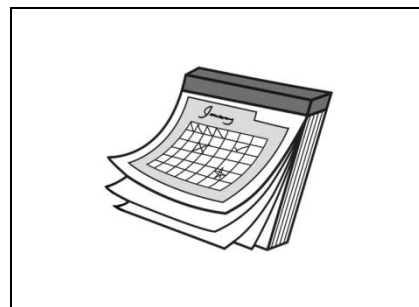
Where



Who



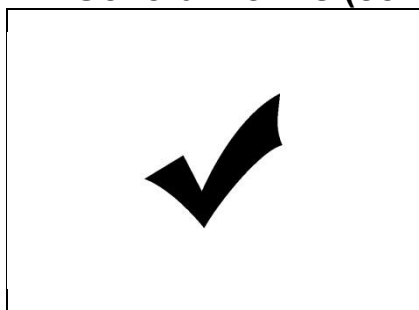
Why



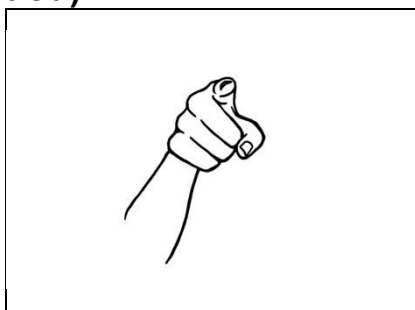
Year, Date, Time

Depictions in assessments may vary.

General Terms (continued)



Yes, Solution, True, Credible,
Resolution, Agree



You

Depictions in assessments may vary.

English Language Arts (Reading)

READING

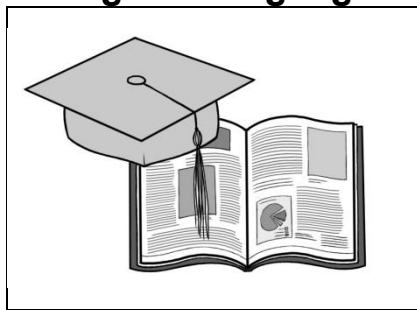
In reading, the passages were specifically written or adapted for the AKSA and will not be available until materials are delivered to the district. **Instruction should focus on the concepts rather than discrete skills.** For example, students should be learning how to identify a character, setting and plot from a story, not just to identify a specific character from a particular story.

In reading, some tasks require video or audio clips as part of the assessment. When audio or video clips are needed, they will be provided for specific grades. Once a test administrator who has students in those grades has completed the AT Training and corresponding quiz, a link will appear in the Online Training System (OTS) called “My AT Animation and Audio Files.” The audio and animation clips will be accessible directly on a computer, tablet, or interactive whiteboard with internet connectivity via this link. **DO NOT DOWNLOAD** these clips as they are secure test materials. Each animation clip will be narrated and have closed captioning. Additionally, a script will be provided for teachers to reread sections as needed. If rereading is needed, it is necessary to read the script exactly as written. There will also be a script provided for the audio clip for students who have hearing impairments.

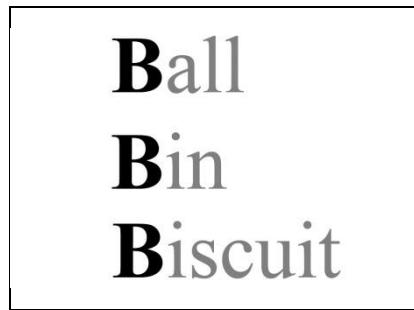
Glossary of English Language Arts Terms

A picture glossary of ELA terms that may be used in the Attainment Tasks follows on pages 14-21.

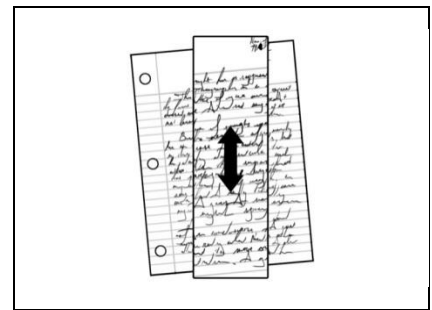
English Language Arts



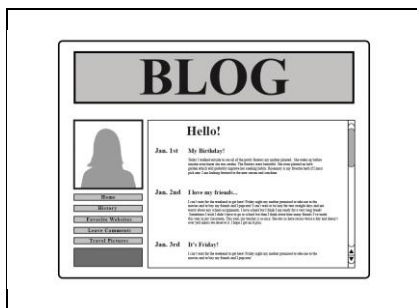
Academic / Scholarly journal



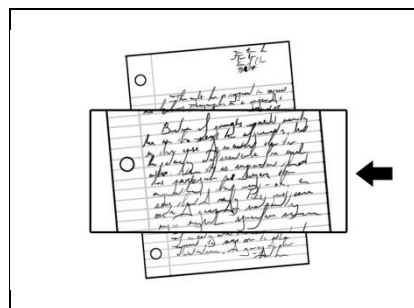
Alliteration



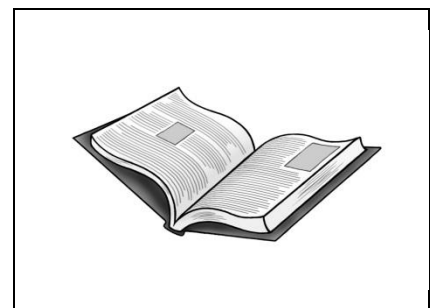
Anywhere



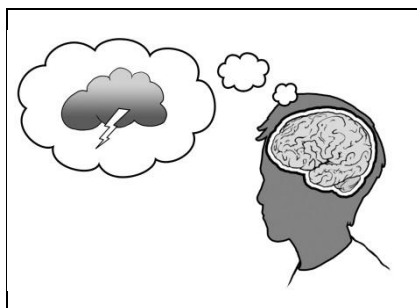
Blog (may be on screen)



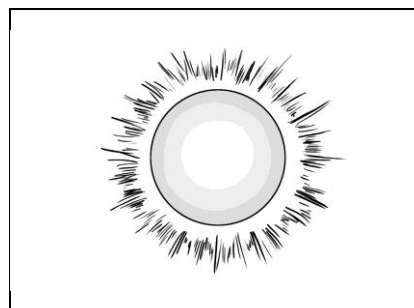
Body (of a paper)



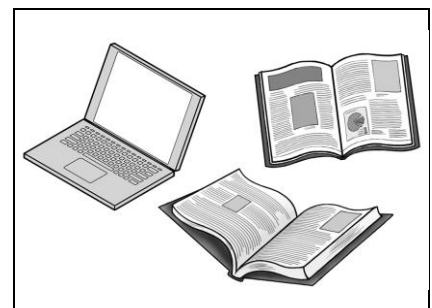
Book, Fact, Novel, Educational,
Learned, Reading



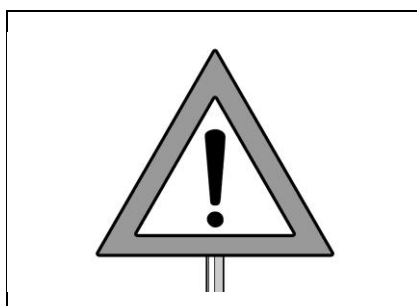
Brainstorm



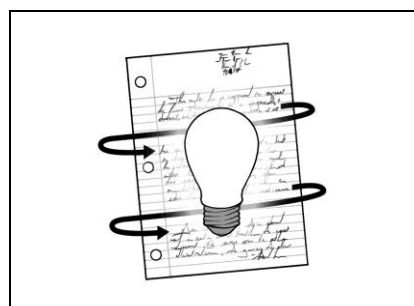
Bright, Summer, Day, Solar



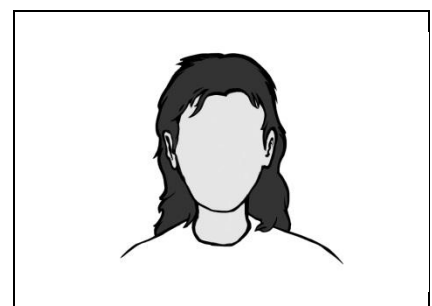
Broaden inquiry, Research,
Find out about



Caution, Concern, Attention
Dangerous, Trouble



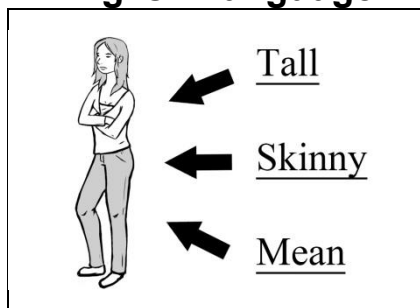
Central idea



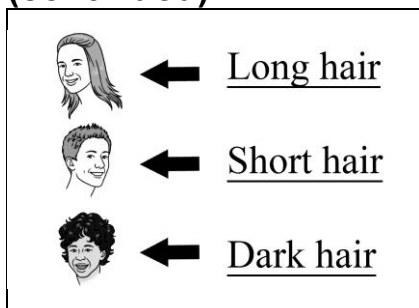
Character

Depictions in assessments may vary.

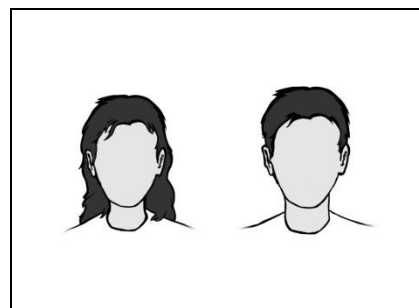
English Language Arts (continued)



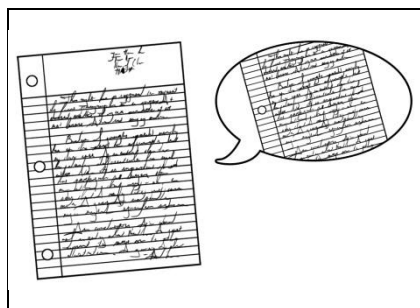
Characterization



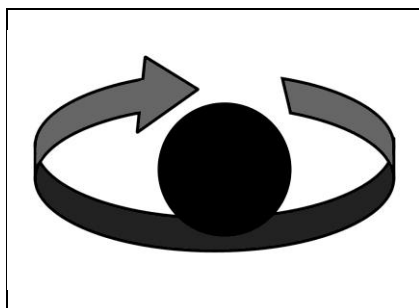
Characters, Characteristics
(describing different)



Characters



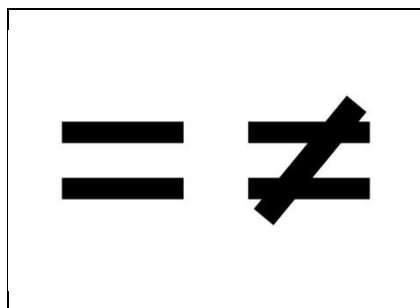
Cite



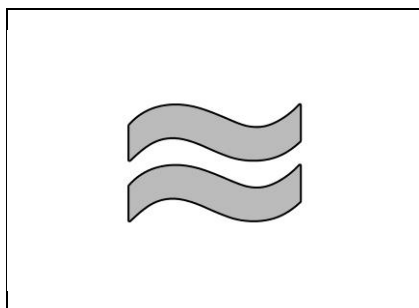
Climax (turning point)



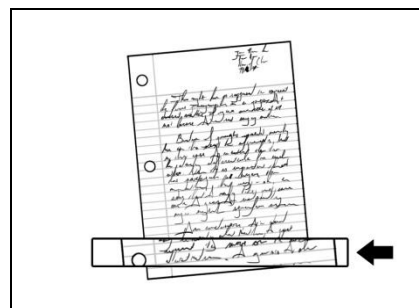
Communicate



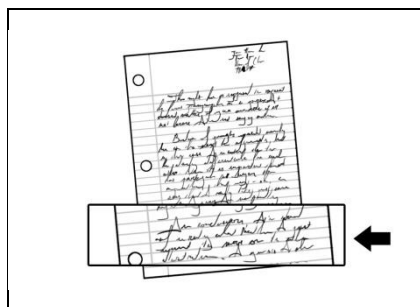
Compare and contrast



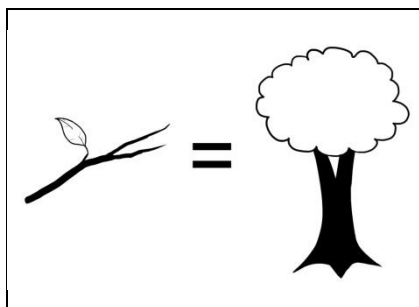
Comparison



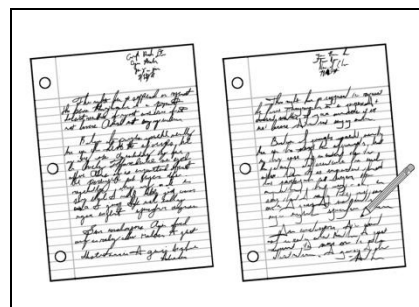
Concluding sentence,
End (of the paper)



Conclusion



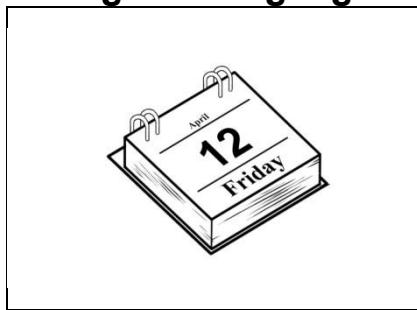
Connotative language



Copy, Plagiarize

Depictions in assessments may vary.

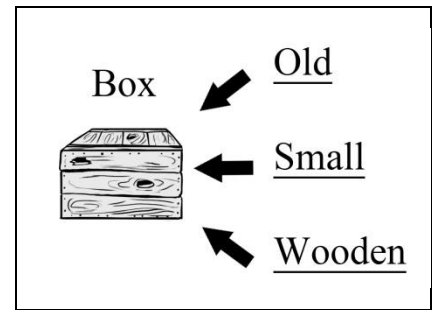
English Language Arts (continued)



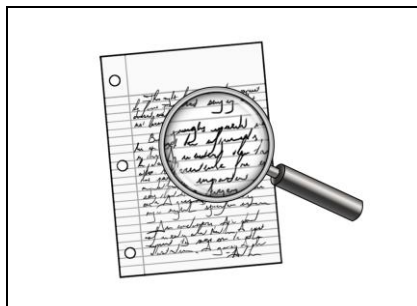
Day



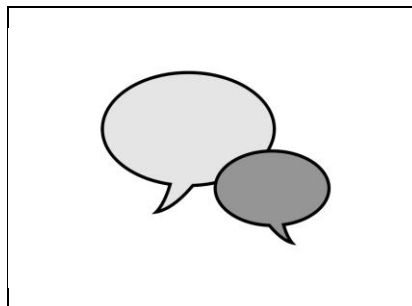
Deeper perspective



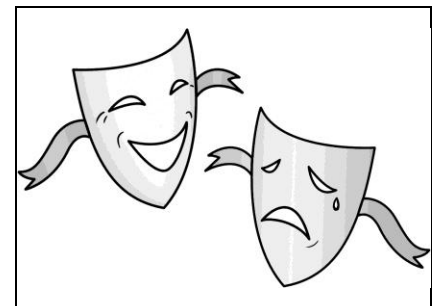
Descriptive, Description,
Descriptive detail



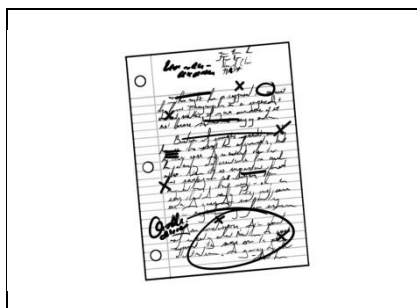
Detail, Supporting details,



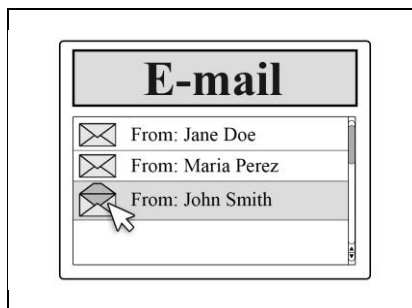
Dialogue, Sharing Opinions,
Social



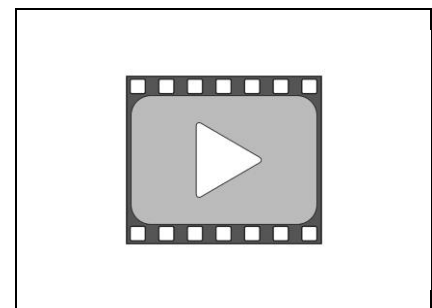
Drama, Comedy / Tragedy



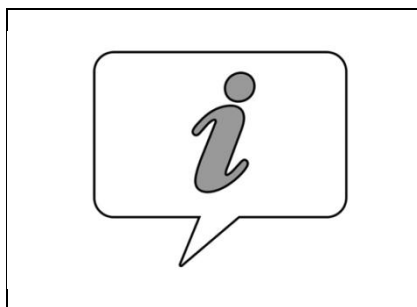
Edit, Make suggestions for
improvement, Correct errors



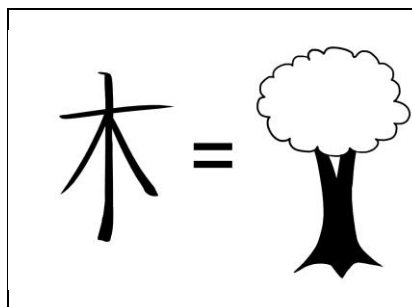
Email
(may be on screen)



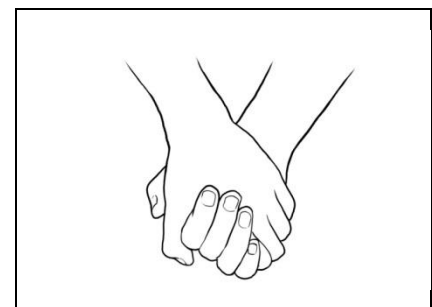
Entertain, Video, Movie



Expository



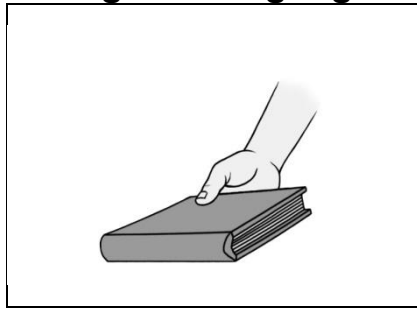
Foreign language



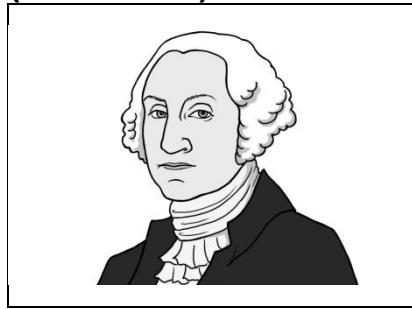
Friend

Depictions in assessments may vary.

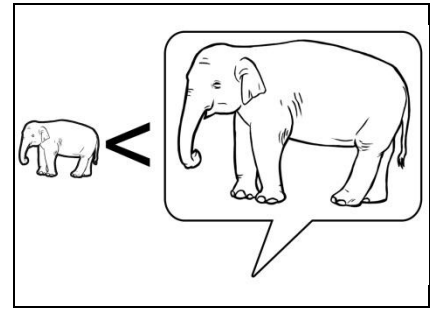
English Language Arts (continued)



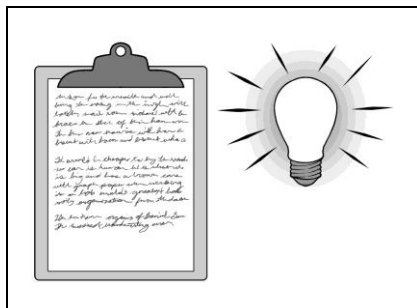
Gather information, Find
source



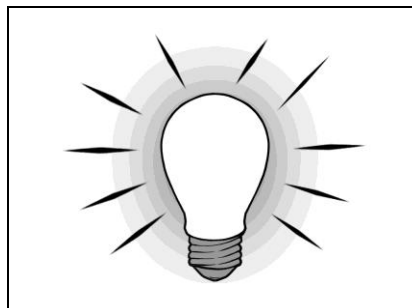
George Washington, History



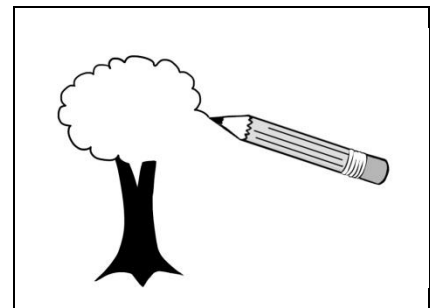
Hyperbole



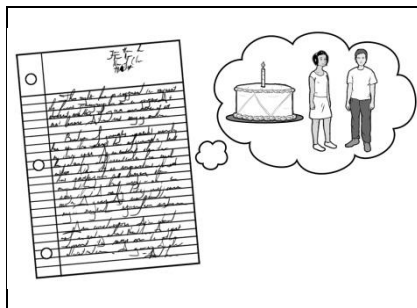
Hypothesis



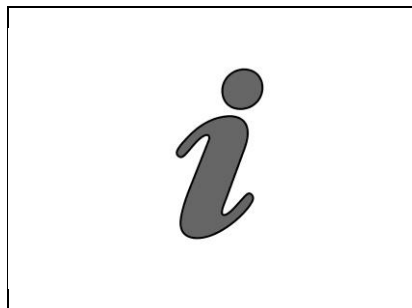
Idea, Main idea



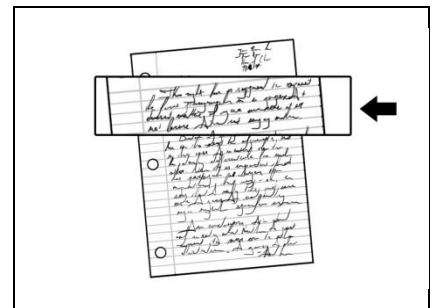
Illustrate, Draw, Make a picture
(may be on or off paper)



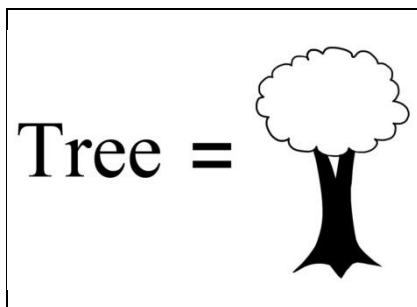
Imagery



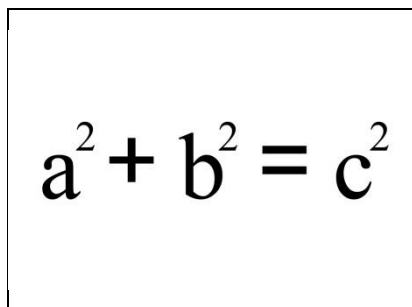
Inform, Information



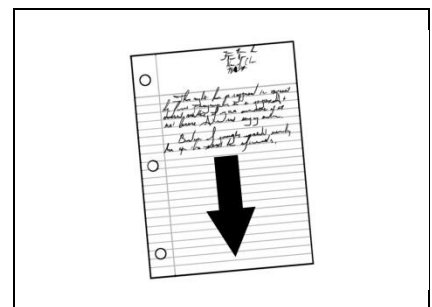
Introduction, Introduce,
Beginning



Literal text, Explicit language



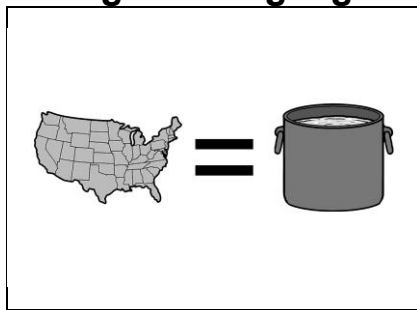
Logic



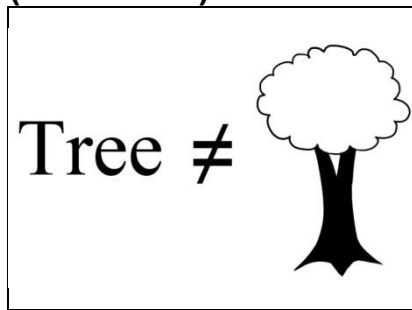
Make longer, Add length, Use
as many words as possible

Depictions in assessments may vary.

English Language Arts (continued)



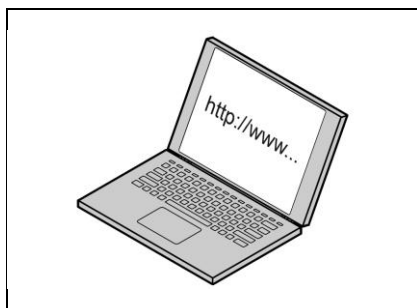
Metaphor
(America is a melting pot)



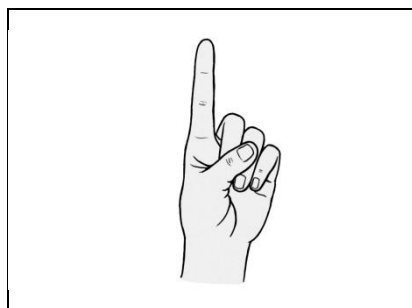
Non-literal text, Figurative



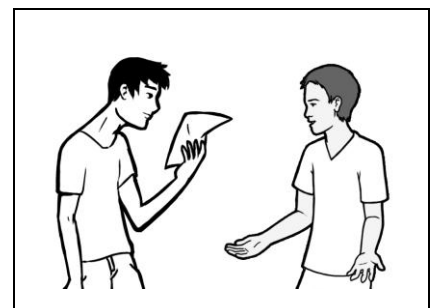
Not enough information



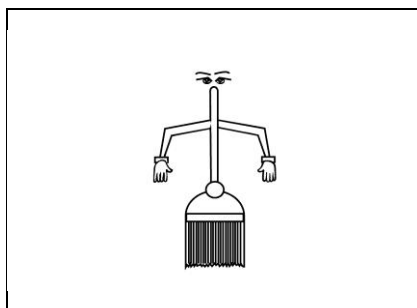
Online, Online source (may be
on or off computer screen)



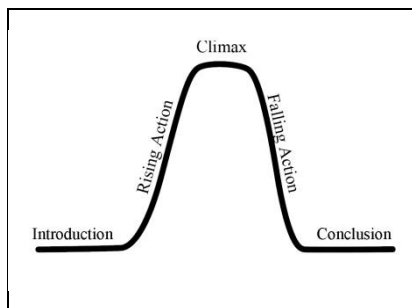
Opinion, One, Persuade



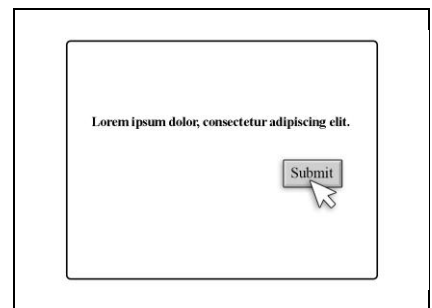
Peer review



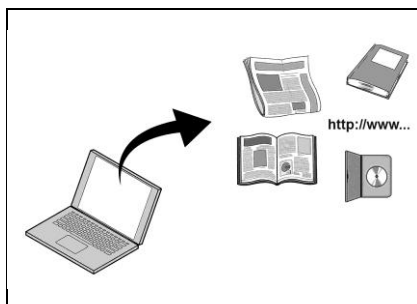
Personification



Plot, Narrative



Post a comment
(may be on screen)



Publish



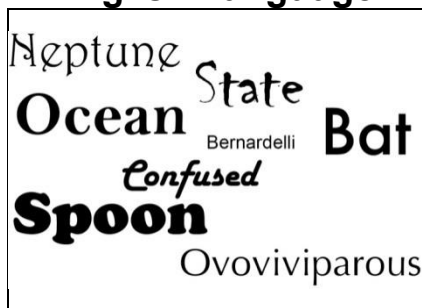
Purpose for writing, Author's
purpose



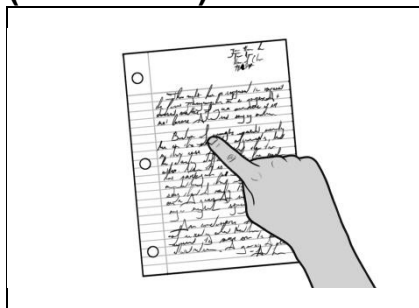
Purpose, Question, Ask, What

Depictions in assessments may vary.

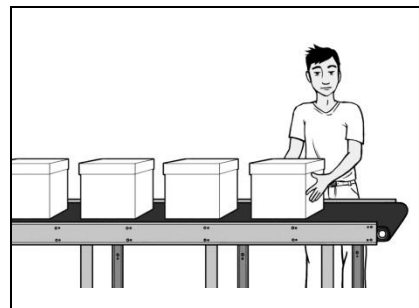
English Language Arts (continued)



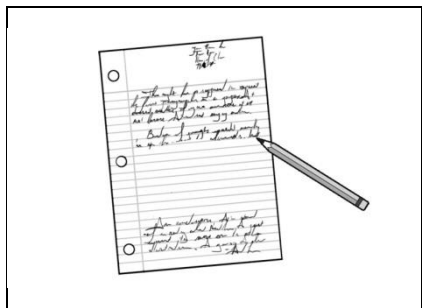
Random words, Different fonts



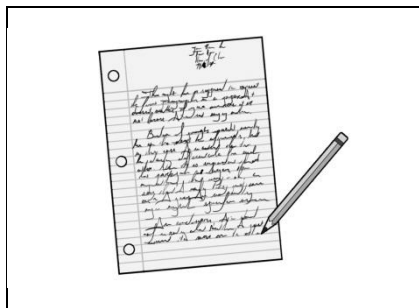
Read the paper, Find or Check errors



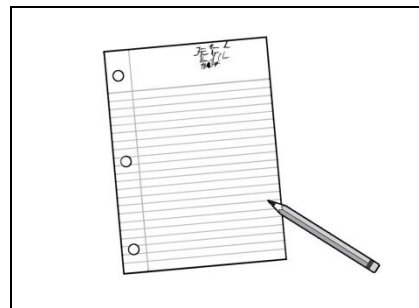
Repetition



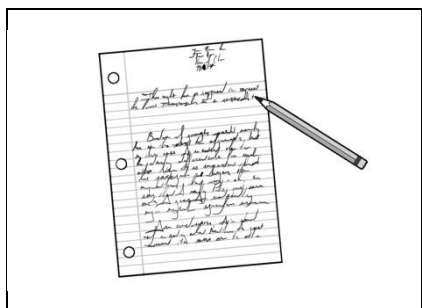
Rewrite body



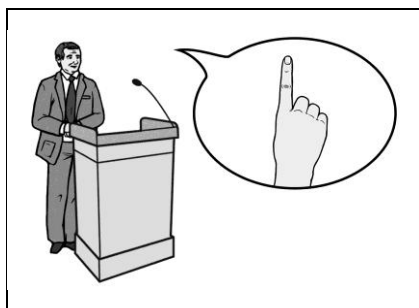
Rewrite conclusion



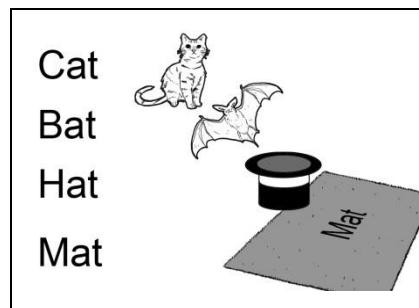
Rewrite entire paper



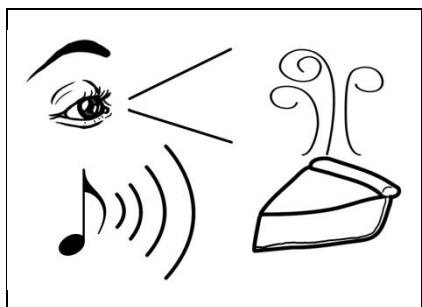
Rewrite introduction



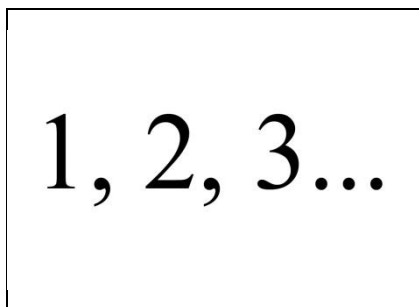
Rhetoric



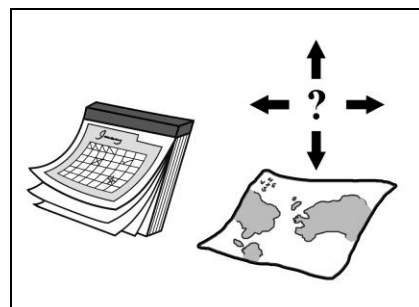
Rhyme



Sensory language



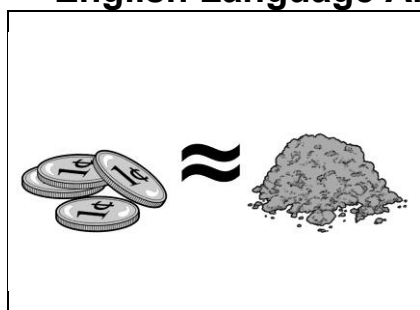
Sequence, Order, Word count



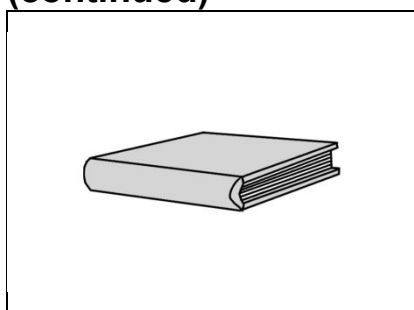
Setting

Depictions in assessments may vary.

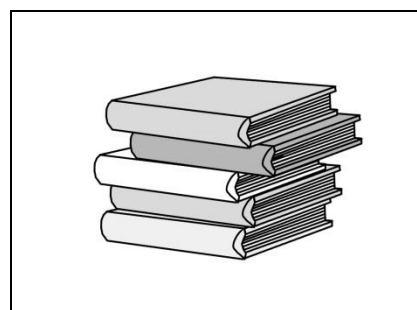
English Language Arts (continued)



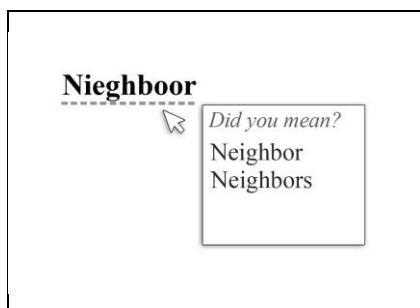
Simile
(cheap as dirt)



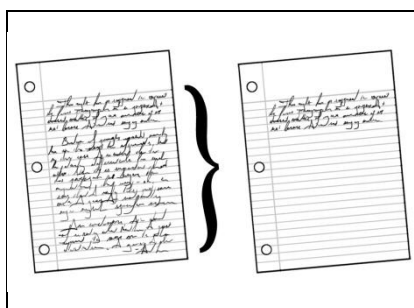
Source, Resource (one)



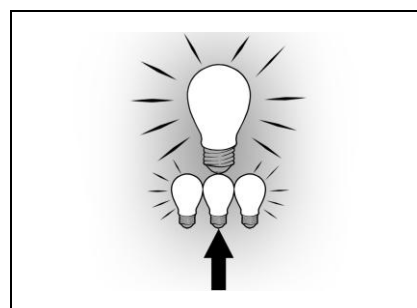
Sources, Resources



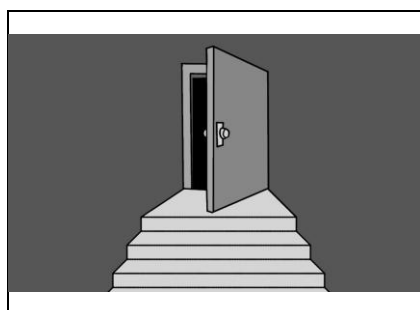
Spell check
(may be on or off-screen)



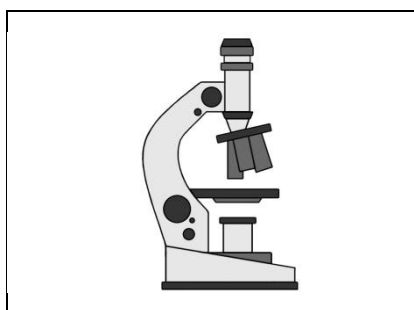
Summary



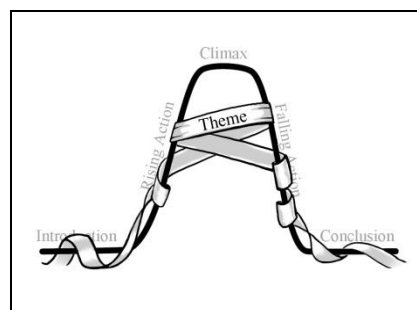
Supporting idea



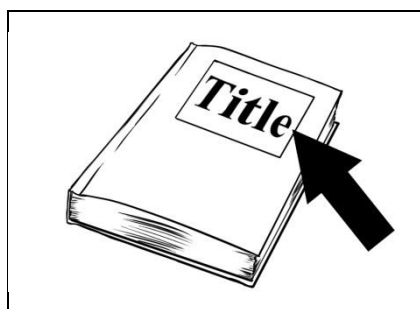
Suspense



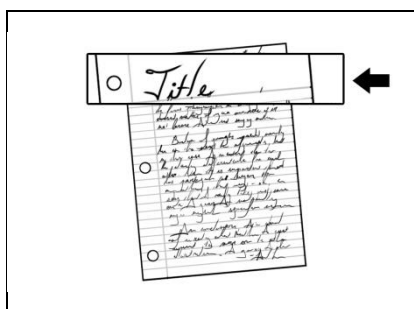
Technical language



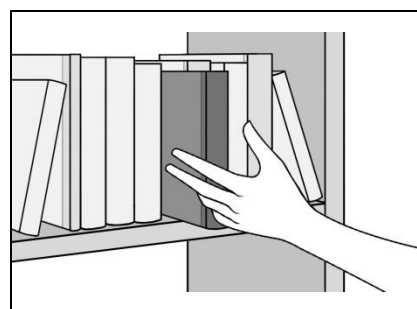
Theme



Title of book



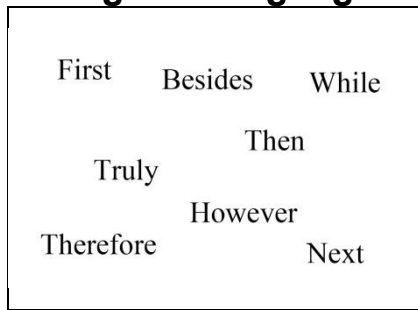
Title of paper



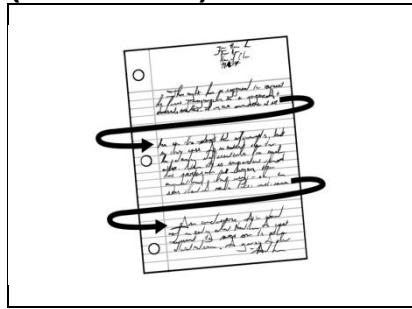
Topic

Depictions in assessments may vary.

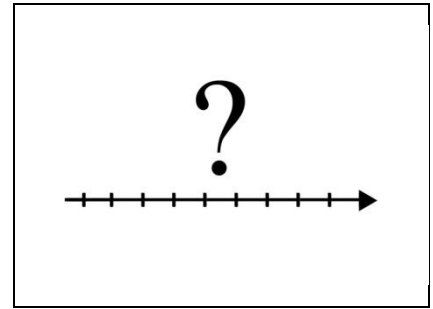
English Language Arts (continued)



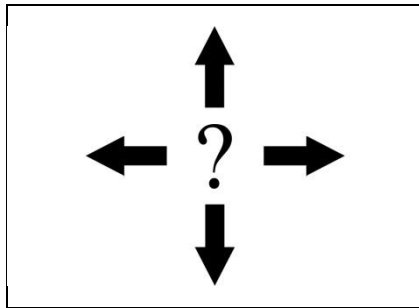
Transition words



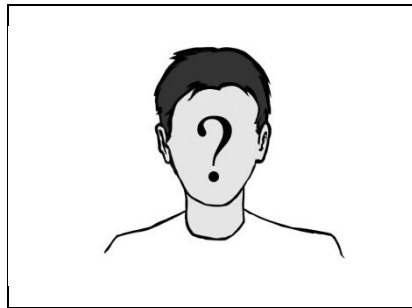
Transitional sentence, Create flow



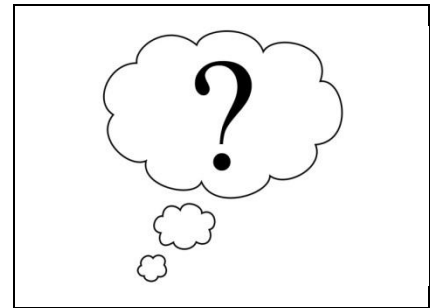
When



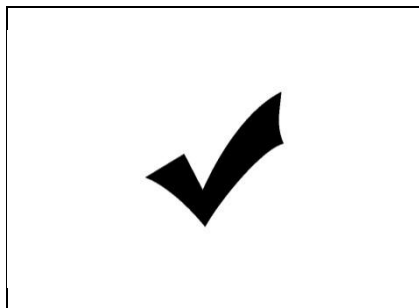
Where



Who



Why



Yes, Solution, True, Credible, Resolution, Agree

Depictions in assessments may vary.

Mathematics

In mathematics, the incorporation of the eight mathematical practices is essential to student learning. Instruction should focus on understanding concepts and the ability to apply mathematics.

In mathematics, **illustrations are used to express numbers at the elementary school level only**. Because pictures of apples, dollars, rulers and/or thermometers are not always easy to read when large numbers are involved, the Attainment Tasks will use consistent representations across all content, regardless of the unit being measured. Below is a list of these representations:

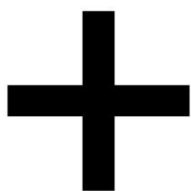
- **Whole numbers** (when standing alone) are illustrated using a base ten block system, using single blocks for tens, a flat or hundred squares, and thousand cubes (see glossary below for examples).
- **Fractions** are illustrated using a circle or pie chart. The numerator is the shaded section of the whole. When the response is a mixed number (e.g., one and one half), the whole numbers in that item will also be represented with a whole, shaded circle. The whole numbers used in this section are small enough to make this possible (see glossary below for examples).
- **Decimals (including money)** will always be represented by the number (as described above with base ten blocks), a decimal point, and the flat or hundred squares with the corresponding decimal portion shaded (see glossary below for examples).
- **Negative integers** are represented by base-ten blocks that are completely shaded.

Middle school and high school mathematics tasks will **not** have illustrations for numbers, but teachers can still use manipulatives and pictures if the student needs these materials. Remember, adaptations and accommodations just need to be consistent across the response options of each question.

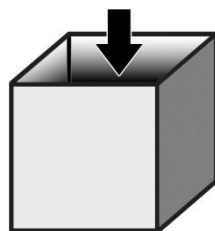
Glossary of Mathematics Terms

A picture glossary of Mathematics terms that may be used in the Attainment Tasks follows on pages 23-27.

Math



Add, Improve, More, Increase



Amount of space in a closed figure



Angle, Acute angle



Area



Circumference



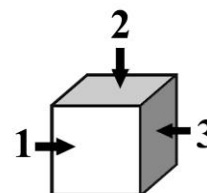
Clock, Time, Hours, Minutes



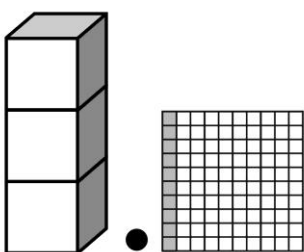
Congruent
(sides)



Congruent
(symbol)



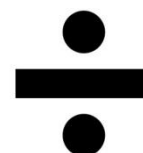
Count cube faces



Decimals (e.g., "3.1")
ELEMENTARY ONLY



Decrease, Down, Less



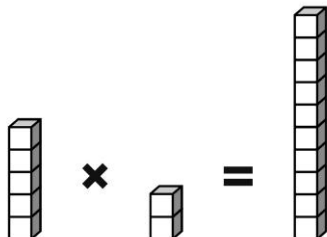
Division

Depictions in assessments may vary.

Math (continued)



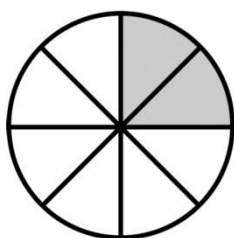
Equals, Does not change,



Equation (e.g., “ $5 \times 2 = 10$ ”)
ELEMENTARY ONLY



Foot



Fraction (e.g., “ $\frac{2}{8}$ ”)
ELEMENTARY ONLY



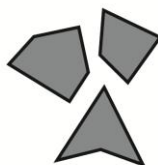
Greater than



Height, Length



Increase, Up, More



Irregular shapes, Irregular



Less than



Line



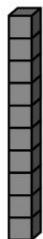
Mixed number (e.g., “ $2 \frac{1}{2}$ ”)
ELEMENTARY ONLY



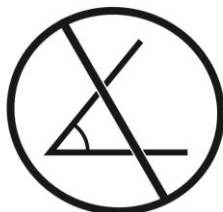
Multiplication

Depictions in assessments may vary.

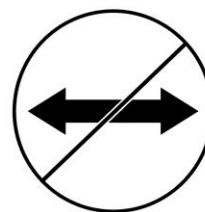
Math (continued)



Negative numbers (e.g., “-10”)
ELEMENTARY ONLY



No angle



No relationship



Obtuse angle



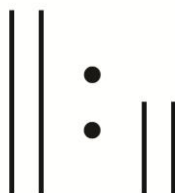
Parallel



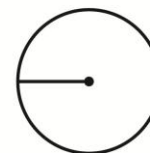
Perimeter



Perpendicular



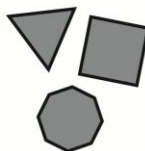
Proportional sides



Radius



Ray



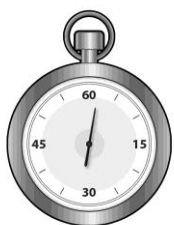
Regular shapes, Regular



Right angle, 90° angle

Depictions in assessments may vary.

Math (continued)



Seconds



Sides
(e.g., "3 of equal length")



Sides
(e.g., "3")



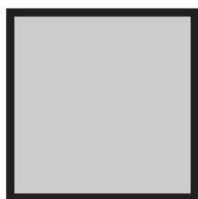
Sides
(e.g., "4 of equal length")



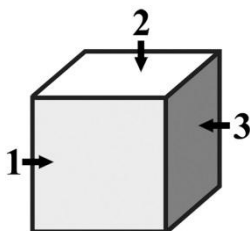
Sides
(e.g., "4")



Similar, Approximate



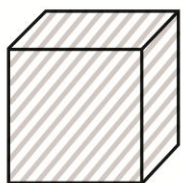
Square
(shape example)



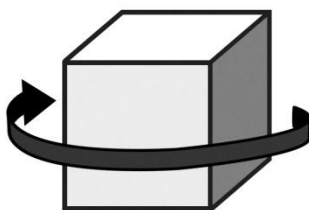
Square units on a surface



Subtract, Less



Surface area



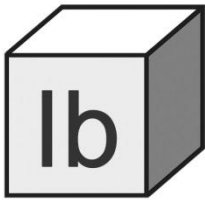
The distance around an object



Volume

Depictions in assessments may vary.

Math (continued)



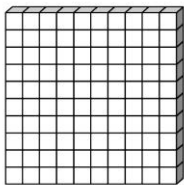
Weight



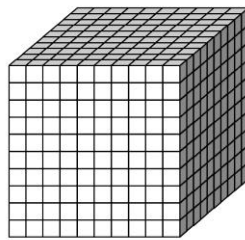
Whole number (e.g., "1")
ELEMENTARY ONLY



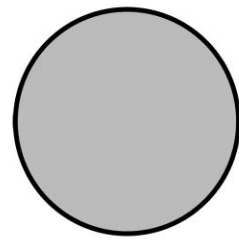
Whole number (e.g., "10")
ELEMENTARY ONLY



Whole number (e.g., "100")
ELEMENTARY ONLY



Whole number (e.g., "1000")
ELEMENTARY ONLY



Whole number with fractions (e.g., "1")
ELEMENTARY ONLY



Width



Yard

Depictions in assessments may vary.

Science

In science, the focus of the assessment is on the application of skills or knowledge across scientific concepts. Students will be asked to answer five multiple-choice questions per standard at each grade level. Students may be asked to use information, data, or evidence to:

- Support a claim
- Make predictions
- Compare models
- Evaluate or analyze information (including design)

Tasks may include Required Assessment Materials to facilitate the application of knowledge. Examples of Required Assessment Materials that may be included are charts, tables, models, objects for classification, and animation clips.

When animation clips are needed, they will be provided for specific grades. Once a test administrator at grades 4, 7, or 11 has completed the AT Training and corresponding quiz, a link will appear in the OTS called “My AT Animations and Audio Files,” enabling access to the grade-appropriate animations. The animation clips will be accessible directly on a computer, tablet or interactive whiteboard with internet connectivity; **DO NOT DOWNLOAD** these animations as they are secure test materials. Each animation clip will have a scripted description of what is occurring in the clip; for students with visual impairments or other difficulty following animation clips. Please read the script exactly as written and provide any accompanying tactile graphic. The scripts **must** be read as written.

Students should be familiar with (and have available to them for use) appropriate grade level science tools which are needed for scientific inquiry and used in experiments; this includes, but is not limited to: ruler, scale, magnifying glass, magnet, or clock (as indicated by grade).

For the **Engineering and Technology** progression, it is important to focus on teaching students how to identify: a problem (e.g., the pencil keeps rolling off of the desk), what constraints (limits) the student has for fixing the problem (e.g., time, money, materials) and then given the constraints, how to decide what the best solution to the problem is (e.g., put a book on the desk to stop the pencil, or place something under the short leg of the desk to make the desk level). This progression is about everyday problem solving that involves asking and answering questions:

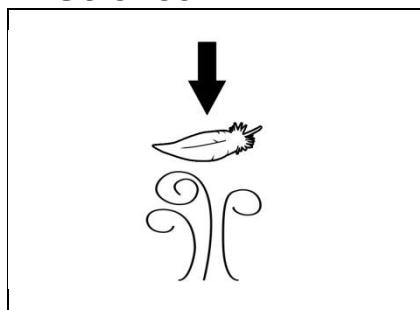
1. What is wrong (or what is the problem)?
2. How can the problem be fixed?
3. What is needed to fix the problem (or for the solution)?
4. Is there enough time, money, space, materials, etc. to use this solution?
5. What else could be done?
6. How are society and the environment impacted?

Identifying problems and working through how different constraints will impact possible solutions is a very important life lesson.

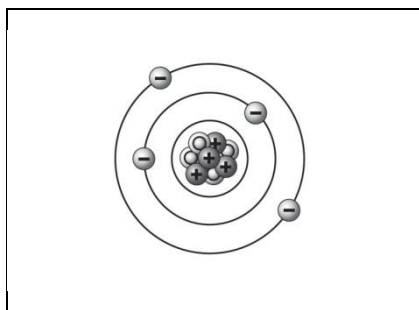
Glossary of Science Terms

A picture glossary of science terms that may be used in the Attainment Tasks follows on pages 30-34.

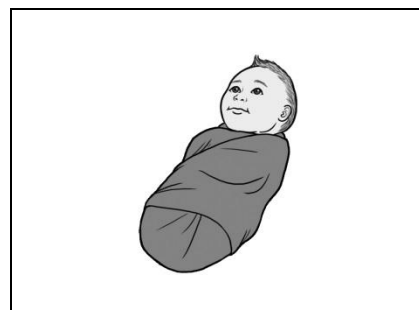
Science



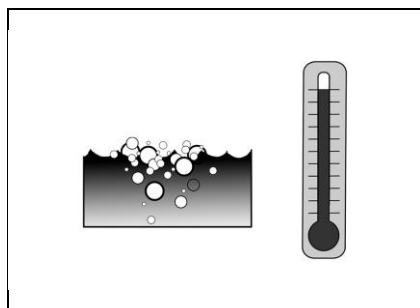
Air resistance



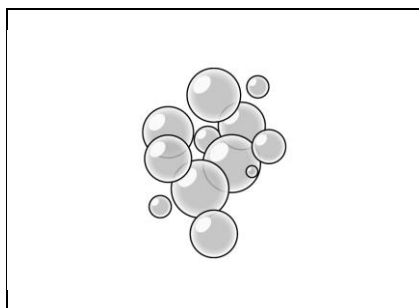
Atoms



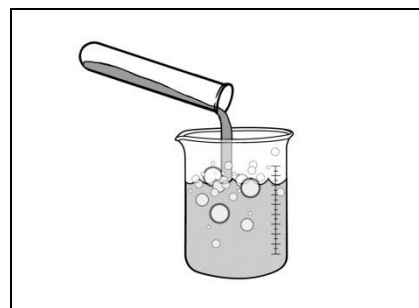
Birth



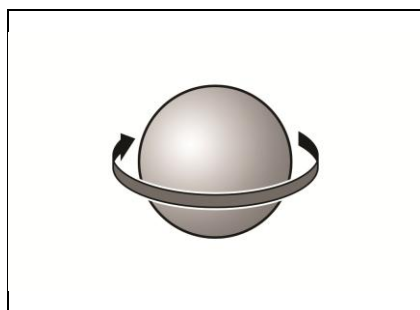
Boiling point



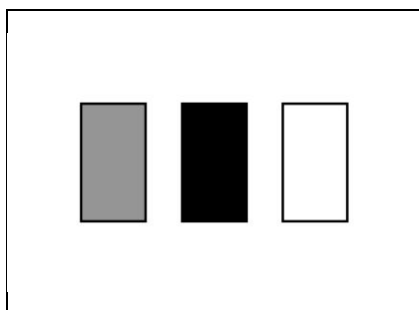
Chemical



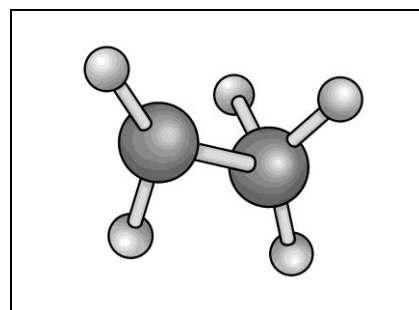
Chemical change



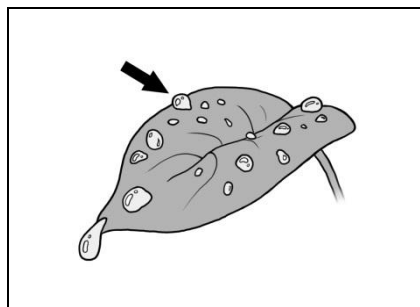
Circumference



Color (property)



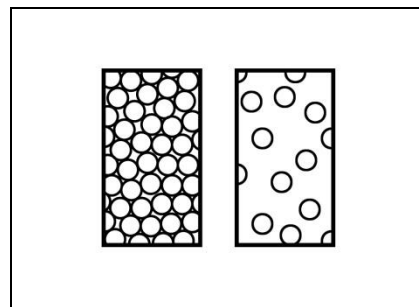
Compound



Condensation



Death



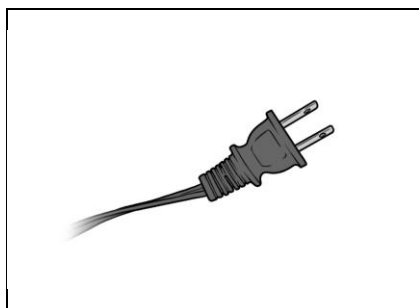
Density

Depictions in assessments may vary.

Science (continued)

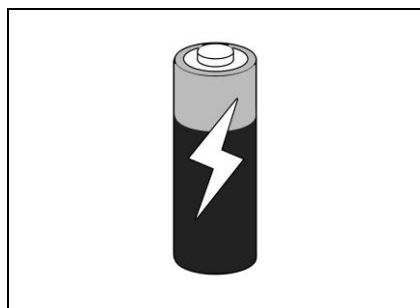


Detail, Find,
Investigation

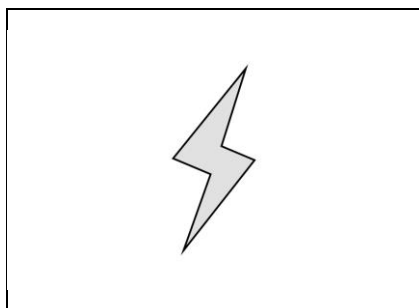


Electric

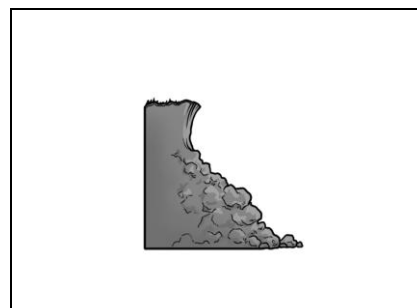
Element (periodic table)



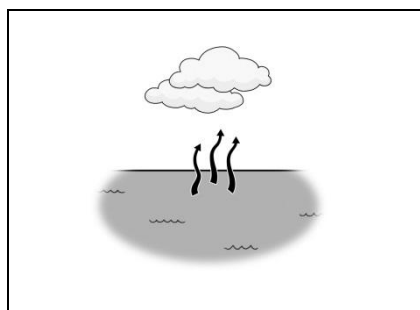
Energy



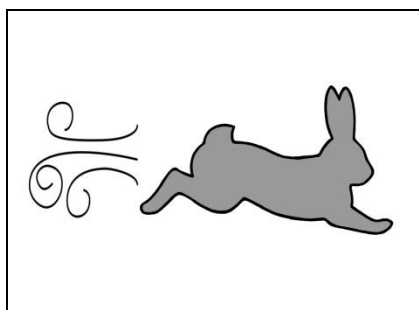
Energy



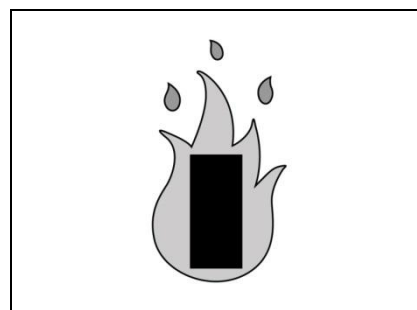
Erosion



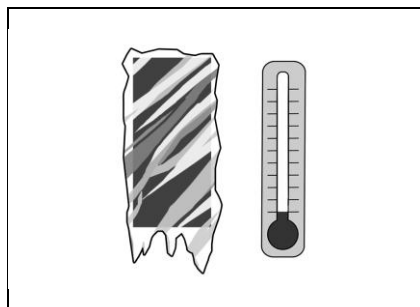
Evaporation



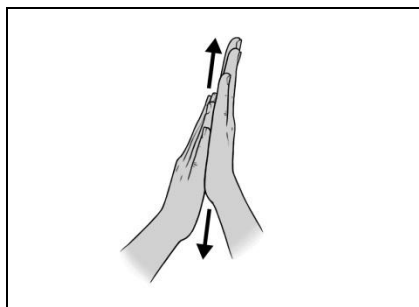
Fast



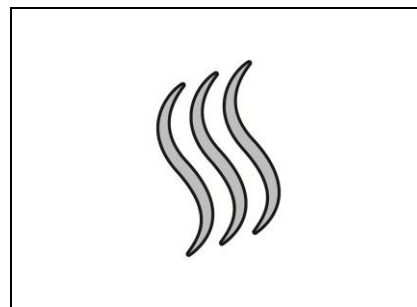
Flammability



Freezing point



Friction



Gas

Depictions in assessments may vary.

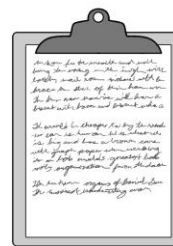
Science (continued)



Gravity



Growth



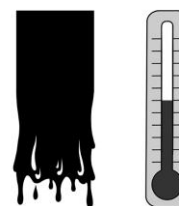
Hypothesis



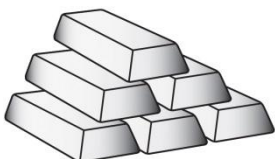
Liquid



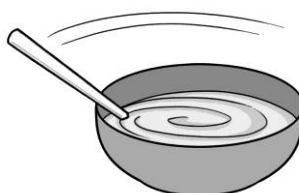
Mass



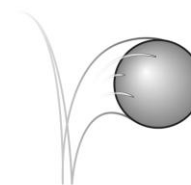
Melting point



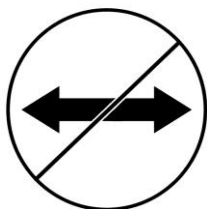
Metal



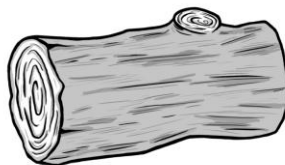
Mixture



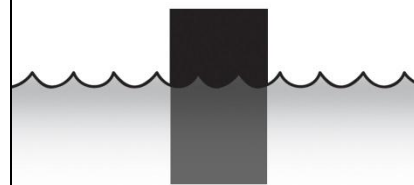
Motion



No Relationship



Nonmetal



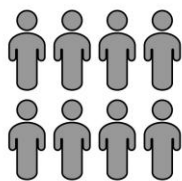
Non-reactive

Depictions in assessments may vary.

Science (continued)



Physical change



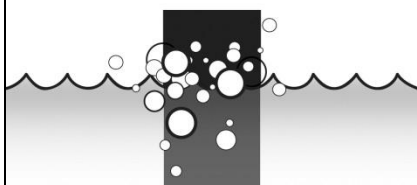
Population



Power



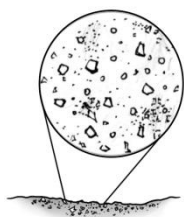
Precipitation



Reactivity



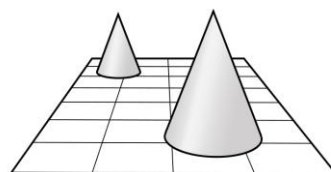
Reproduction



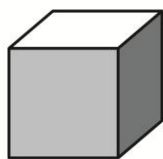
Sediment



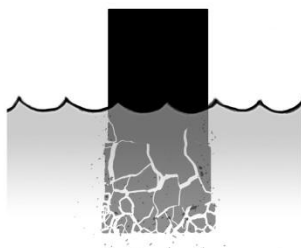
Slow



Space



Solid



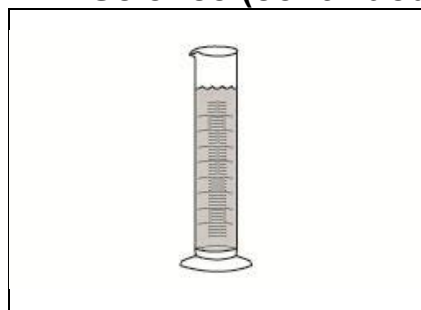
Solubility



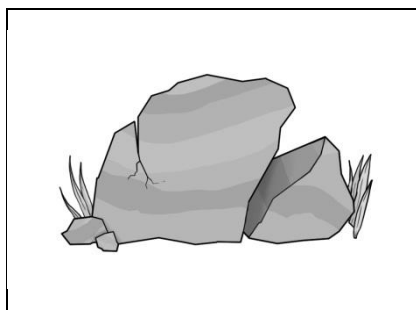
Texture

Depictions in assessments may vary.

Science (continued)



Volume



Weathering

Depictions in assessments may vary.

Social Studies

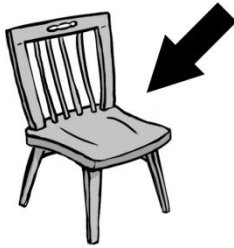
In Social Studies, students will often have Required Assessment Materials to support the questions being asked in the Attainment Tasks. Depending on the grade level or the content standard, students will be provided with maps, short reading passages, and/or tables and charts.

Social studies is a complex integration of content standards and inquiry practices about specific social phenomena. Social studies goes beyond the acquisition of discrete skills and knowledge across the four domains of history, civics, geography and economics. Students must use the four inquiry practices of communicating claims, questioning, using evidence and investigating using disciplinary concepts to evaluate phenomena. Students must investigate the interrelatedness of factors of all domains for a complete understanding of the phenomena. For instance, when considering the historical impact of war (history), one must also consider the geographical features of the area (geography), the role of the government of the nations involved in that war (civics), and the financial implications (economics).

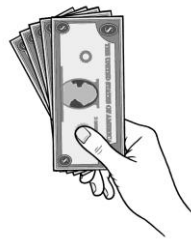
Glossary of Social Studies Terms

A picture glossary of social studies terms that may be used in the Attainment Tasks follows on pages 36-42.

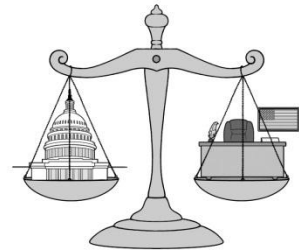
Social Studies



Appointment



Bought, Paid, Demand
(as in supply and demand)



Checks and balances
(e.g., Federal)



Citizen(s)



Collaboration, Friendship



Communicate



Community



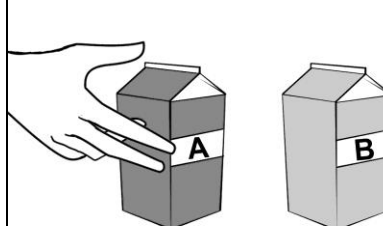
Compromise, Agree, Thank



Conflict resolution



Conflict, Fighting



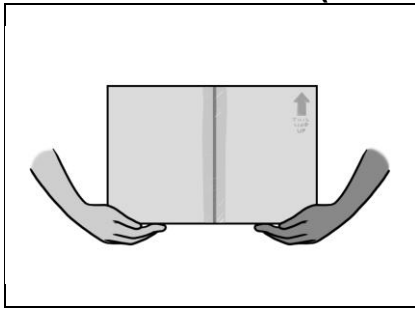
Consumer preference



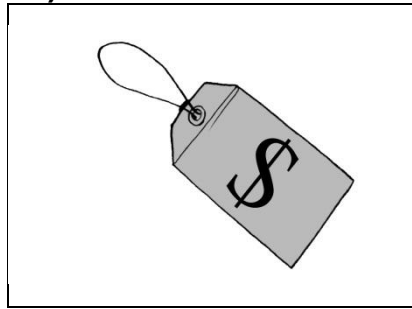
Contest

Depictions in assessments may vary.

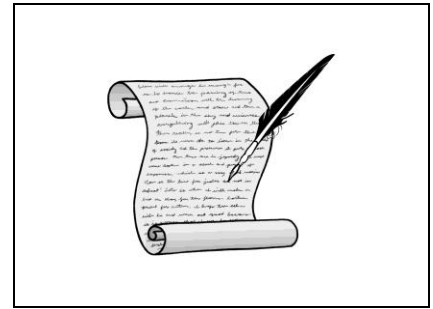
Social Studies (continued)



Cooperate



Cost, Price, Expense



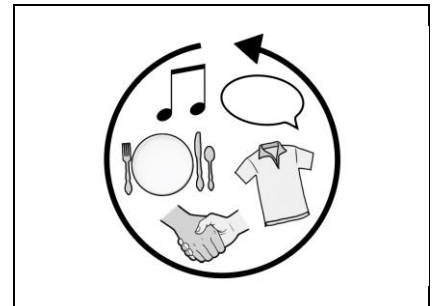
Create laws



Crime



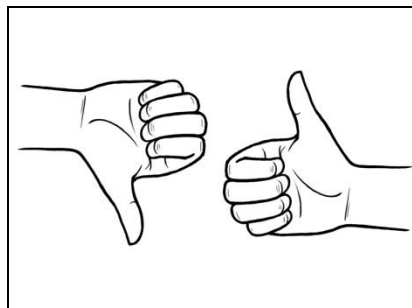
Crime



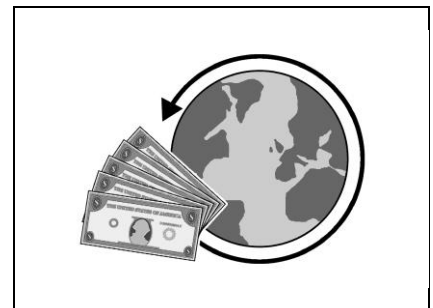
Culture



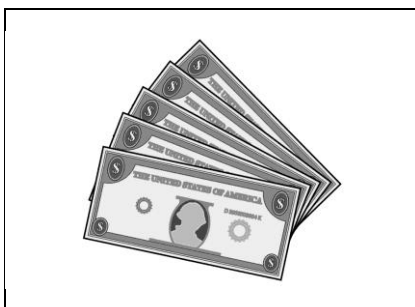
Dictator



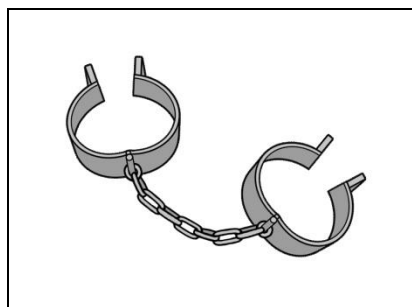
Disagreement, Differences



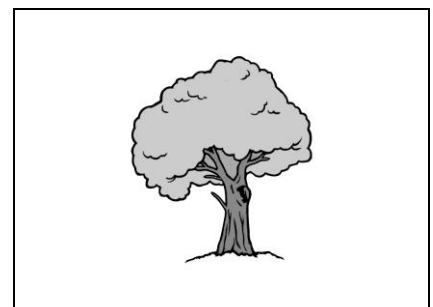
Economic globalization



Economy



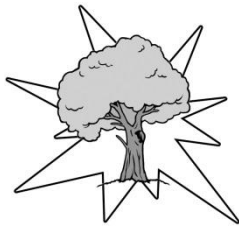
Emancipation



Environment

Depictions in assessments may vary.

Social Studies (continued)



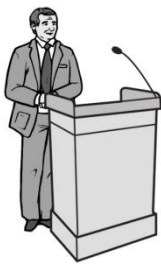
Environmental impact



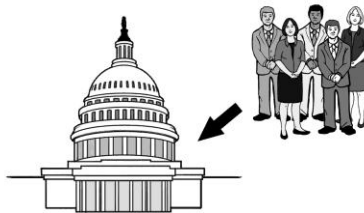
Executive branch
(example - Federal), President



Free Speech



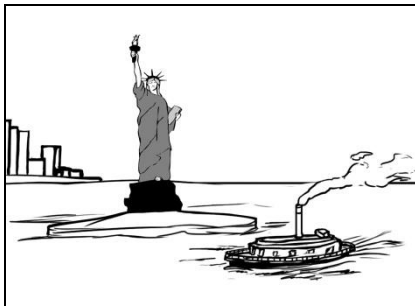
Governor



House of representatives
(example - Federal)



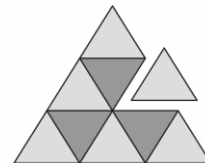
Immigration
(e.g., to Brazil)



Immigration



Input costs



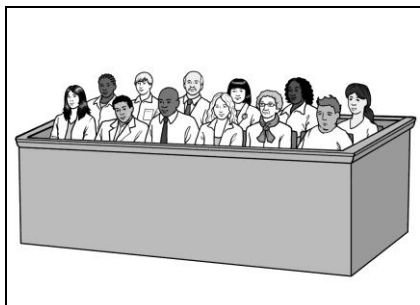
Integration



Judge, Justice, Supreme Court,
Decide if it is legal



Judicial branch, Supreme
Punishment



Jury

Depictions in assessments may vary.

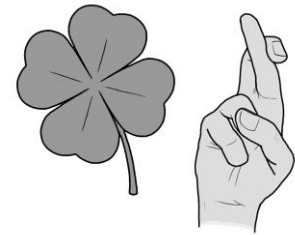
Social Studies (continued)



Law, Bill, Constitution,
Declaration of Independence



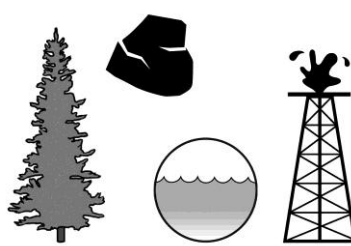
Legislative branch
(example - Federal)



Luck, Four-leaf clover,
Crossed fingers



Monarchy



Natural Resources



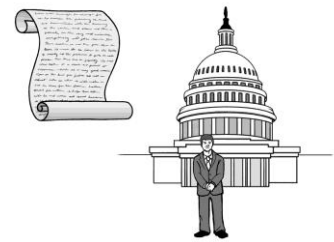
No impact



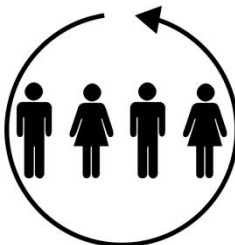
Obey the law, Enforce law or
legislation (car optional)



Opportunity cost



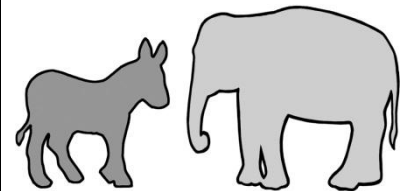
Passing law
(e.g., federal)



People as a whole



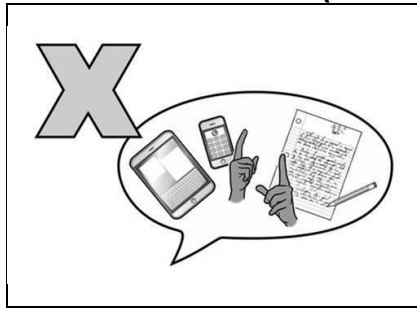
Picking up trash, Community
service



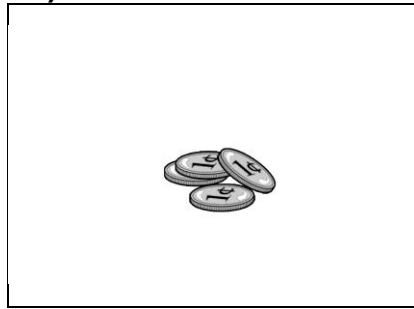
Political parties

Depictions in assessments may vary.

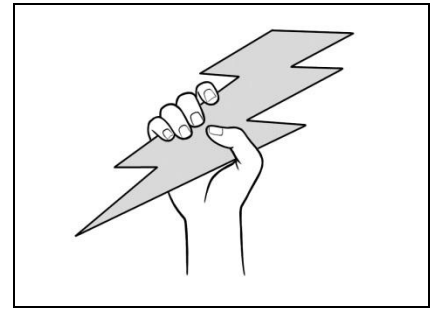
Social Studies (continued)



Poor communication



Poverty



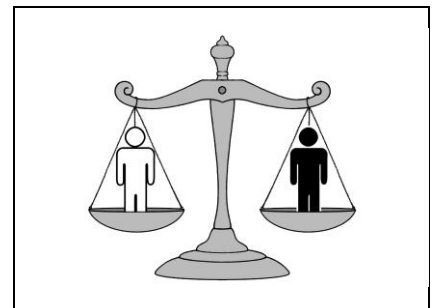
Power



Profit



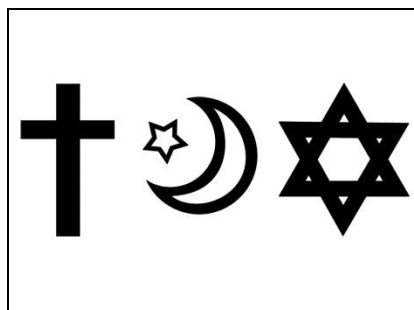
Prohibition



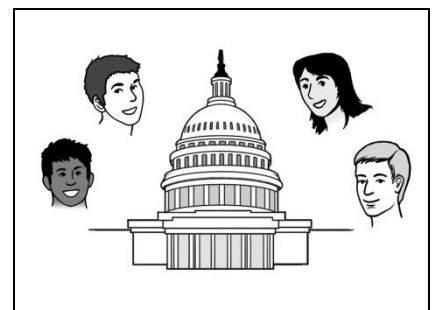
Racial equality



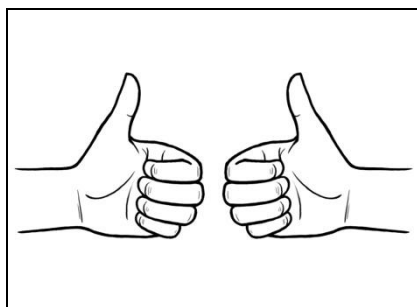
Registering for the military



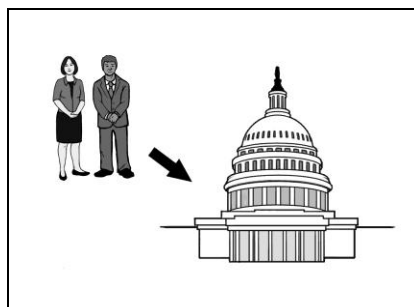
Religion



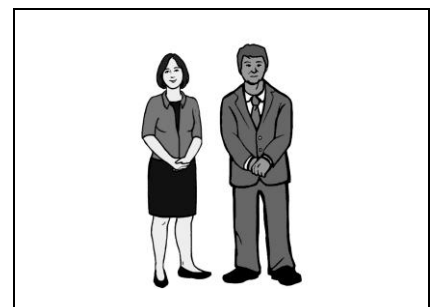
Representative government



Resolution



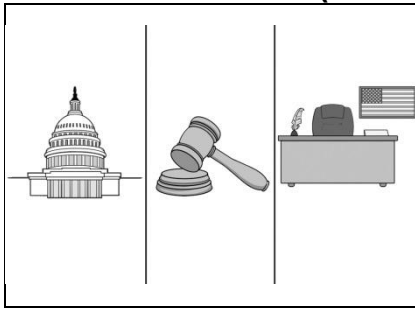
Senate, Senators
(e.g., Federal)



Senators, Representatives

Depictions in assessments may vary.

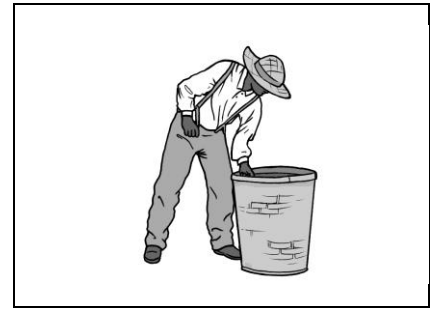
Social Studies (continued)



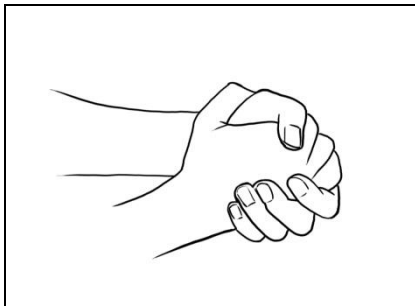
Separate power,
Separation of powers



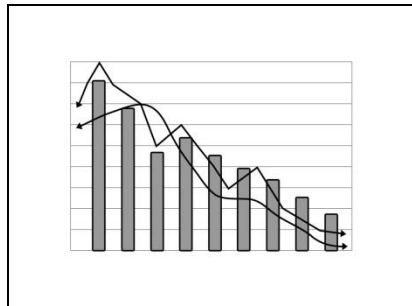
Settle disagreements



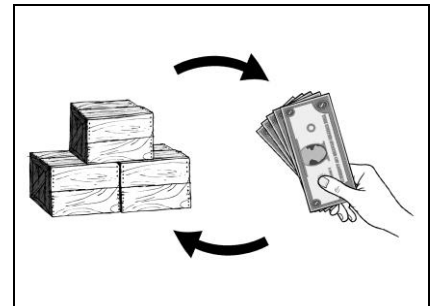
Slavery



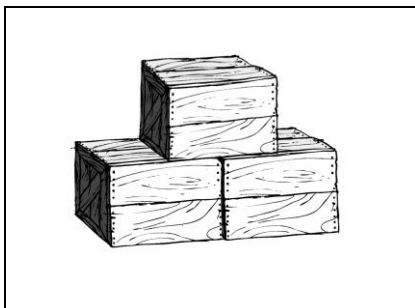
Sorry, Plead



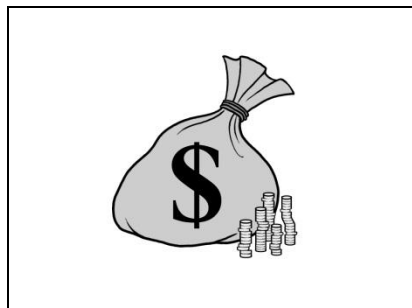
Stock market crash,
Poor economy



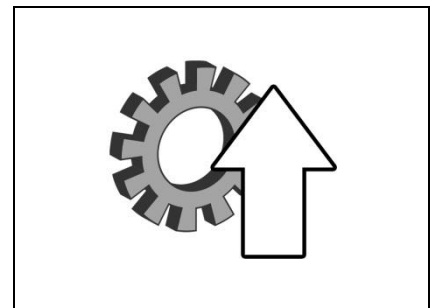
Supply and demand



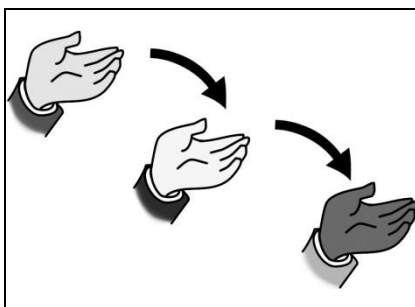
Supply



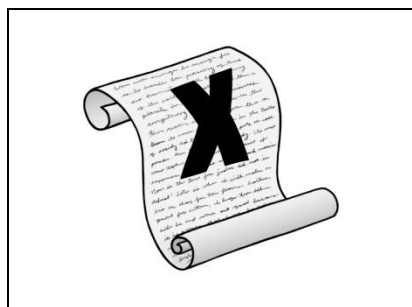
Tax



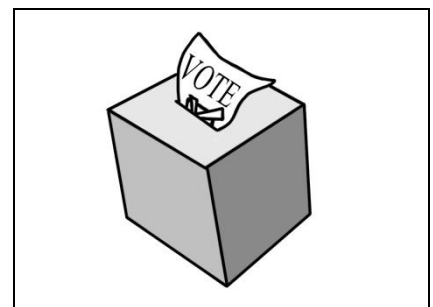
Technology advance



Tradition



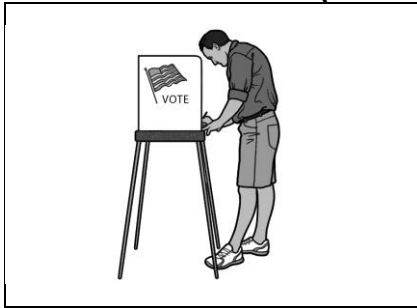
Veto bill



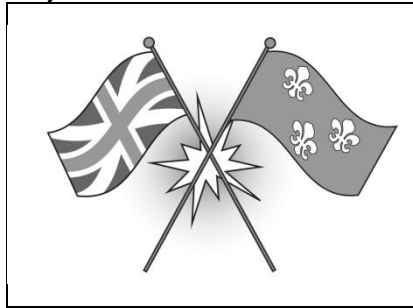
Voting

Depictions in assessments may vary.

Social Studies (continued)



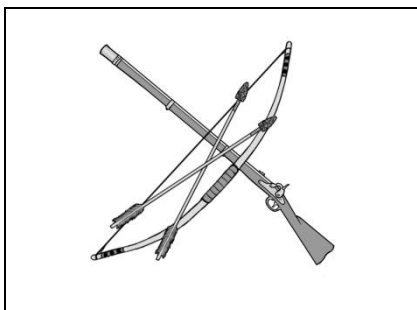
Voting



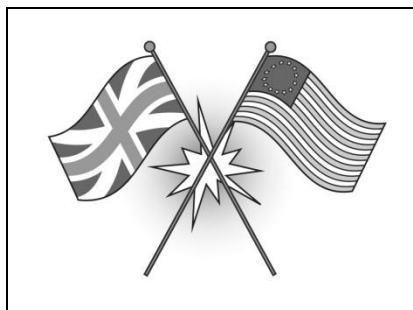
War (British v French)



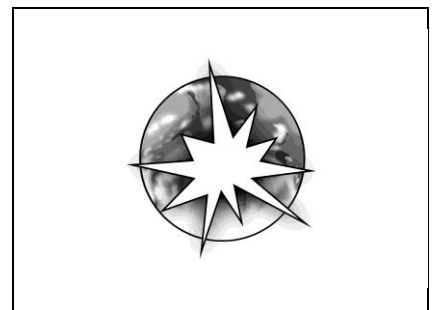
War (Civil War)



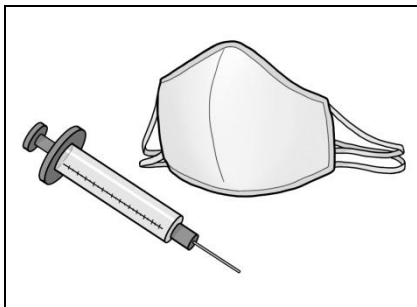
War (French and Indian)



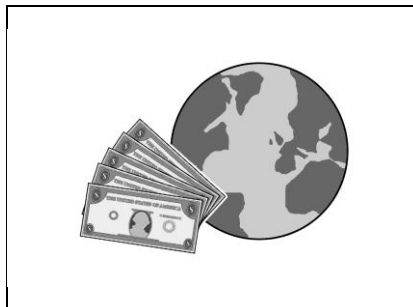
War (Revolutionary)



War (WWII)



Widespread disease



World economy

Depictions in assessments may vary.